



00 00 02
TERMS

Athens-Clarke County (ACC)

Bid (or Base Bid)

BIM (Building Information Modeling)

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia (Board of Regents or BOR)

“Campus”

The term refers to the University of Georgia’s main campus and Health Sciences Campus in Athens, Georgia as well as all other Board of Regents UGA Property.

Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL)

Client

For OUA managed projects, the OUA is the Design Professional or Contractor’s Client. For FMD managed projects, the FMD is the Design Professional or Contractor’s Client. The End-User is not the Design Professional or the Contractor’s Client.

Construction Manager (CM)

Contractor

The term “Contractor” means: General Contractor (GC) or Construction Manager (CM) or Design Builder (DB).

Construction Contingency

This term shall also mean Contractor Contingency.

Design Bid Build (DBB)

Design - Build and/or Design – Builder (DB)

Design & Construction Standards (Standards)

Design Professional (DP)

The term “Design Professional” includes: Architects, Engineers, Surveyors, Designers, General Consultants, and other Consultants.

End-User (Tenant)



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The End-User is a person or entity that will occupy the Project at completion of the Work. The End-User is transient in nature and it is not unusual for the End-Users to change throughout the project. The End-User has no contractual relationship with the Contractor or Design Professional. Examples of End-Users include: Academic Units, UGA Departments, and the Dean or other Personnel assigned by the Dean.

Enterprise Information Technology Services (EITS)

Environmental Safety Division (ESD)

Facilities Management Division (FMD)

General Requirements

References to General Requirements “#.#.#.#.” indicates an article or section in the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia contract.

Georgia State Finance and Investment Commission (GSFIC)

Integrated Project Delivery (IPD)

Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED)

Office of the University Architects for Facilities Planning (OUA)

Overhead Costs and Expenses (General Conditions)

Owner’s Representative

For OUA managed projects, the Owner’s Representative, UGA, has delegated OUA as the Using Agency’s Representative. For FMD managed projects, the Owner’s Representative, UGA, has delegated FMD as the Using Agency’s Representative.

Project Manager (Owner’s Representative)

Project Manager means an OUA or an FMD Project Manager; it is not referring to the Contractor’s Project Manager.

State Construction Manual (SCM)

UGA Fire Safety (Office of Fire Safety)

University of Georgia (UGA)



Using Agency's Representative

For OUA managed projects, the Using Agency, UGA, has delegated OUA as the Using Agency's Representative. For FMD managed projects, the Using Agency, UGA, has delegated FMD as the Using Agency's Representative.



00 00 03

MODIFICATIONS TO GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF BOR CONTRACTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Design Professional Services Requirements: The BOR Design Professional contracts section title 'Services Requirements' shall have the same meaning section title as 'General Requirement'.
- B. Copies of Notices: For General Requirements 1.1.5.2, in addition to the Owner and the Owner's Representative, any notice, request, or demand filed by the Contractor shall also be furnished to: Construction Buyer, Senior Procurement Specialist, University of Georgia Procurement Office, 0301A Business Services, 424 E. Broad Street, Athens, GA 30602.
- C. Copies of Contract Documents to Contractor: Replace General Requirements 1.1.7.2 with: "Without charge to the Contractor, the Design Professional shall furnish to the Contractor one set of completed Contract Documents in hardcopy, one set of electronic background and floor and reflected ceiling plan drawings, if requested, one copy in read-only electronic format. Contractor shall pay for any additional requested sets and shall include cost in the Contractor Overhead Cost."
- D. Safety & Security: The costs for all references in the University of Georgia Special Conditions for safety & security shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost. This includes, but is not limited to, fencing, barricades, traffic control and temporary signage.
- E. State of Georgia Licensed Sub-Contractors:
 - i. For any mechanical work on this project, at least one person installing mechanical work must have a valid and current certification of registration issued by the Georgia State Construction Industry Licensing Board to engage in prescribed mechanical activities.
 - ii. For any electrical work on this project, at least one person installing electrical work must have a valid and current certification of registration issued by the Georgia State Construction Industry Licensing Board to engage in prescribed electrical activities.
 - iii. For any plumbing work on this project, at least one person installing plumbing work must have a valid and current certification of registration issued by the Georgia State Construction Industry Licensing Board to engage in prescribed plumbing activities.
 - iv. Utility Contractors must be State of Georgia Licensed and comply with Georgia Code 43-14, HB 1300 and for projects in Athens Clarke County shall be on the Athens Clarke County approved list of utility Contractors.
 - v. Certified Welders: For any welding work on this project, all welders installing welding work must have a valid and current year certification of registration issued by the Georgia State Construction Industry Licensing Board to engage in prescribed welding activities. See 01 35 13.02 Special Project Procedures – Roofing & Hot Work
- F. Fire Marshal Inspections: For General Requirements replace 3.6.4.3.1 in its entirety with the following: "The State Fire Marshal and the University of Georgia Office of Fire Safety may make inspections at any time. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to request an inspection at 80% percent completion and at 100% completion and to give notice when all items on the 100% inspection report have been completed. Written

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requests for inspections shall be made to the Owner's Representative and shall not be made directly to the State Fire Marshal and /or the University of Georgia Office of Fire Safety."

- G. Office for Contract Compliance Specialist (CCS): Delete General Requirements 1.7.5.
- H. 24 Hour Emergency Contact: Prior to commencing work on site the Contractor shall forward to the Owner's Representative the 24 hour contact information for the project site. If the information changes at any time during the contract, the Contractor shall immediately provide updated information. This contact information will be shared with the UGA Police Department and other campus units.
- I. Cleaning: For General Requirements 3.1.13.1, add following "Periodically during the course of the Work, and at least daily, all debris, trash or unsuitable materials resulting from construction removed from Owner's property shall be disposed of legally in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and codes." Contractor shall include associated cleaning costs in the Contractor Overhead Cost. Debris shall not be placed in University of Georgia trash containers but instead shall be placed in dumpsters or other facilities provided by the Contractor for this purpose.
- J. Read Only Electronic Version: Any references to 'read-only electronic version' in the General Requirements and / or in the University of Georgia Special Conditions shall mean the in the latest version of the software format by Adobe and shall be a '.pdf' file format.
- K. BIM Model & Instruments of Service: The BIM model constitutes an Instrument of Service as defined by the General Requirements for the Design Professional Contract (CM) 2.1.2.1 (2.1.4.1 in Design Build (DB) Contract; 2.1.2.1 in Design Bid-Build (DBB) Contract). Therefore all items pertaining to Instruments of Service as set forth in section 2.1.2 in CM Contract (2.1.4 in DB Contract; 2.1.2 in DBB Contract) shall apply to the model.
- L. Electronic Submittals: For General Requirements 2.2.5.2, 2.2.5.2 (CM), and 2.2.3.2 (GC for DBB) electronic read-only submittals are acceptable. The Contractor and the Design Professional shall stamp and sign the submittals, then scan and distribute the documents including electronic copies to the Owner's Representative if requested. At the end of the project the Contractor shall furnish electronic and hard copies per UGA Design & Construction Standards 01 77 00 Project Closeout.
- M. Hard Copy Submittals: For General Requirements 2.2.5.2, 2.2.5.2 (CM), and 2.2.3.2 (GC for DBB) if electronic submittals are not used for this project, then the Contractor shall submit four (4) hard copies of all required submittals to the Design Professional. The approved hard copies shall be distributed with 1 hard copy to the Design Professional; 1 copy to the Owner's Representative; and 2 copies to Contractor. At the end of the project the Contractor shall furnish electronic and hard copies per UGA Design & Construction Standards 01 77 00 Project Closeout.
- N. Operations and Maintenance Data and Instructions and Training: In addition to the General Requirements 6.4.1.2.4, the Contractor shall provide the Owner's Representative with a read-only electronic version and hardcopies of all written materials related to operations and maintenance per UGA Design & Construction Special Conditions 01 77 00 Project Closeout. Training shall be completed prior to Material Completion of the Project.
- O. Marked-up Construction Documents: For General Requirements 2.2.2.3 (CM), 2.3.2.3 (DB), and 6.4.1.2.3, in addition to the Design Professional, the Contractor shall also provide the Owner's Representative with sets of Marked-up (As-Built) Construction Documents as well as read-only electronic versions of the Marked-up Construction Documents per UGA Design & Construction Special Conditions 01 77 00 Project Closeout.



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- P. Record Drawings and Final Documents (Record Documents): In General Requirements 2.2.14.1, 2.2.14.1 (DP for CM), 2.2.11 (DP for DBB), 2.1.20.1 (DB), replace in its entirety with “The Design Professional shall, upon final completion of the Project, revise the original drawings and specifications based upon documents incorporated into Change Orders, additional sketches, answered RFI’s and marked up documents provided by the Design-Builder to show the project ‘as-built’”. The Design Professional shall furnish and deliver to the Owner after the entire work is completed, and not later than sixty (60) calendar days after execution of its Certificate of Final Completion, the Record Drawings. (Record Drawings and Final Documents shall reflect all changes caused by addenda, field changes, change orders or observed changes by the Design Professional, the Design-Builder or the subcontractor(s). The Design Professional shall furnish to the Owner, at no additional costs, hard copies and fully conformed and revised electronic copies per UGA Design & Construction Standards 01 77 00 Project Closeout. Based upon additional information provided by the Design-Builder, the Record Drawings and Final Documents (collectively the “Record Documents”) shall show the Design Professional’s understanding of the locations of all utility lines and shall be altered to conform to all changes made in the building during its construction.”
- Q. Required Minimum Combined Primary Liability and Excess Umbrella Liability and Limits: For General Requirements 1.5.3.3.5 the umbrella coverage maybe increased in Owner’s sole discretion for Projects that involve hot work. Refer to section 01 35 13. 02 – Special Project Procedures – Roofing & Hot Work.



00 00 04

ENVIRONMENTAL

1. GENERAL

A. Clean Water Act, Georgia Water Quality Control Act, and Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act:

- i. This project is located within a watershed that may drain into waters of the United States or the State of Georgia and storm water inlets and storm drainage associated with the project may drain directly into waters of the United States or the State of Georgia or lands within the State of Georgia. All such waters and lands shall be protected from the discharge of any pollutant. The Contractor shall insure that all construction activities conducted on the project site comply with all applicable provisions of the Clean Water Act, the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, the Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act, and any rules, regulations, local ordinances and permits promulgated or issued thereunder. The scope of this project may require coverage under the NPDES Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities permit and may require a Land Disturbance Activity permit issued by a local issuing authority.
- ii. The Contractor shall develop, implement, and maintain a site specific spill response plan for the project that addresses loading and unloading, storage, and usage of containers and materials with the potential for spillage, leakage, or other discharges and a site specific erosion, sedimentation, and pollution control plan. The Contractor shall maintain environmental spill kits on site at all times and shall insure that site personnel are properly and adequately trained on the use of the spill kits.
- iii. The Contractor shall not conduct any construction activities within a twenty-five (25) foot buffer along the banks of any waters of the State of Georgia, unless a variance for this project has been issued by the Georgia Environmental Protection Division.
- iv. The Contractor shall not conduct any construction activities within a fifty (50) foot buffer along the banks of any waters of the State of Georgia that is classified as trout waters, unless a variance for this project has been issued by the Georgia Environmental Protection Division.
- v. The Contractor shall employ Best Management Practices (BMP's) which are consistent with and no less stringent than those practices contained in the most current "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" published by the State Soil and Water Commission. If BMPs are not functioning as designed, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner's Representative and the Design Professional verbally and in writing. If the BMPs required by the contract documents are more stringent than those required by the most current "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia", then the requirements of the contract shall apply.
- vi. The Contractor site superintendent must have a current Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission Level 1A Certification. An individual with a current Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission Level 1A Certification must be on site at all times that land disturbing activities are being performed.
- vii. If the project requires a Land Disturbance Activity Permit, prior to starting any land disturbing activities, the Contractor shall obtain the necessary Land



Disturbing Activity Permit from the Local Issuing Authority and shall identify itself as the 24 hour contact. The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the Local Issuing Authority.

- viii. If the project requires coverage under the NPDES Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities Permit, the Contractor shall:
- a. Sign the NPDES permit Notice of Intent promptly upon request of the Owner or Design Professional and prior to beginning any construction activity on site. The Contractor and Owner shall be joint Primary Permittees. As the entity that has the primary day to day operational control of those activities at the construction site necessary to ensure compliance with Erosion, Sedimentation and Pollution Control Plan requirements and permit conditions, the Contractor shall be the Operator;
 - b. Insure complete implementation of the Erosion Sedimentation & Pollution Control Plan (Plan).
 - c. Within 24 hours of the installation of the initial sediment storage requirements and perimeter control BMPs, the Contractor shall notify, in writing (email is acceptable), the Owner's Representative and the Design Professional stating that the initial installation is complete and ready for inspection. The design professional who prepared the erosion, sedimentation and pollution control plan shall issue a letter of compliance or a letter listing deficiencies. The Contractor shall correct any deficiencies documented within two (2) days of receipt of that letter and shall schedule any follow-up inspections necessary to comply with the requirements of the Permit, and insure that a letter of compliance is received from the Design Professional and placed in the site records.
 - d. Insure daily inspections of vehicle entrances and exits and areas where petroleum products are used, stored, or handled are conducted and documented in a daily inspection report by Level 1A certified personnel. Daily Inspection reports must include:
 - 1) Name of inspector
 - 2) Date of inspection
 - 3) Observations
 - 4) Corrective actions taken
 - 5) Any incidents of noncompliance
 - 6) Signature of certified inspector
 - 7) Where reports do not identify incidents of noncompliance, a certification that the entrances and exits and areas where petroleum products are used, stored, or handled are in compliance with the Plan and the Permit must be included
 - 8) All daily inspection reports must be retained in the site records.
 - e. Maintain a daily rainfall log indicating the amount of rainfall at the site during each 24-hour period. The rainfall log must have an entry for each twenty-four hour period from the commencement of construction until the Notice of Termination is properly submitted.



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- f. Maintain all records required by the Permit on site. The records shall be up to date, in chronological order and readily available for review. The records shall include at a minimum:
 - 1) A field set of as-built documents indicating any revisions to the civil and erosion sedimentation and pollution control drawings. Any revision on the field set of as-built drawings must be marked on the contract documents and shall be signed and dated by the engineer of record.
 - 2) Completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form with certified mail receipt (request from Design Professional or Owner's Representative if Contractor doesn't have a copy).
 - 3) Documentation of fee payment with certified mail receipt (request from Design Professional or Owner's Representative if Contractor doesn't have a copy).
 - 4) 7-day inspection letter of compliance from the Design Professional.
 - 5) Daily, weekly, and post ½-inch rain event inspection reports generated by the Contractor and/or the testing agency retained by Owner ("Owner's Testing Agency").
 - 6) Rainfall data.
 - 7) Turbidity sampling results with certified mail receipts issued by the Owner's Testing Agency (request from Design Professional or Owner's Representative if Contractor doesn't have a copy)
 - 8) Summary reports of inspections and violation records with certified mail receipts (request from Design Professional or Owner's Representative if Contractor doesn't have a copy). Upon signing the Notice of Termination, provide to the Project Manager an electronic scanned copy of all records a. thru h. listed above.
 - g. Sign NPDES General Permit Notice of Termination promptly after the Design Professional and / or the Owner's Testing Agency issue a written statement that the project site has undergone final stabilization and that all storm water discharges associated with the construction activity that were authorized by the Permit have ceased.
- B. Duty to Notify and Correcting the Work
- i. The Contractor shall immediately document in the site records and notify the Owner's Representative with a phone call and in writing, of the receipt of any warnings, citations, notices of permit violations or deficiencies, and / or stop work orders received from the Local Issuing Authority and /or the Georgia Environmental Protection Division and / or the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The Contractor shall immediately provide copies of any written warnings or citations or other noncompliance notices received to the Owner's Representative. Within 12 hours of receiving any warnings or citations, the Contractor shall inform the Owner's Representative in writing of the corrective actions that the Contractor shall implement.
 - ii. The Contractor shall complete corrective action within 24 hours or prior to any impending rain events, whichever is sooner, of receiving any warnings, citations,



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letters, emails, or other notices citing violations or deficiencies, from the Local Issuing Authority, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Design Professional, or the Owner's Testing Agency related to the Clean Water Act, the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, the Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act, and / or the Land Disturbance Activities Permit or the NPDES Permit.

- a. If the appropriate corrective action is beyond the expertise of the Contractor or will involve a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance, which has a significant effect on a BMP with a hydraulic component, the Contractor must immediately notify the Owner's Representative and the Design Professional and follow their direction for implementing the corrective action.
- b. If the appropriate corrective action is within the expertise of the Contractor and does not involve a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance, which has a significant effect on a BMP with a hydraulic component, the Contractor shall implement the corrective action, note the change or action taken on the site Plan and have the revision on the site plan signed and dated by the Design Professional on their next visit to the site as being an acceptable and appropriate change or corrective action.
- iii. The General Requirements 3.6.2 Correcting the Work is modified as follows related to a corrective action not being completed by the Contractor within 24 hours or prior to any impending rain events, whichever is sooner, of receipt of the warning, citation, or other form of documentation with deficiencies:
 - a. Any warning or citation issued by the Local Issuing Authority, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or a deficiency documented in the Owner's Testing Agency's report or the Design Professional, which may be issued as an email, shall serve as the Notice of Non-Compliant Work referenced in the General Requirements 3.6.2.1.
 - b. The General Requirements 3.6.2.6 The Owner's Right to Correct Work shall be modified so that the 'after three days written notice' shall be replaced with 'after 24 hours or prior to any impending rain events, whichever is sooner, after written notice'.
- iv. After completion of the required corrective actions, the Contractor shall contact the Owner's Representative and the entity that cited the deficiencies and request a re-inspection.
- v. Any fines, penalties, or negotiated settlements resulting from the noncompliance with the Clean Water Act, the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, the Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act, Land Disturbance Activities Permit, NPDES Permit, or any rules, regulations, local ordinances and permits promulgated or issued thereunder on the part of the Contractor or any subcontractor shall be paid in full by the Contractor with no cost to the Owner. The Contractor may not use Contractor Contingency or charge the Cost of the Work to pay for any fines, penalties or negotiated settlements.

C. Default and Stop Work/ Terminate for Cause



- i. The issuance of a citation or other noncompliance notice by the Design Professional, United States Environmental Protection Agency, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, or a Local Issuing Authority related to the Clean Water Act, the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, or the Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act, Land Disturbance Activities Permit, NPDES Permit, or any rules, regulations, local ordinances or permits promulgated or issued thereunder, is sufficient cause for the Owner to stop work for the entire project at the cost of the Contractor until the citation deficiencies are remediated to the satisfaction of the Owner. For this situation, the General Requirements 5.1.2 Owner's and Program Manager's Right to stop work is modified as follows: "The Owner and / or the Owner's Representative reserves the right, upon the issuance of a citation or other noncompliance notice by the Design Professional, United States Environmental Protection Agency, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, or a Local Issuing Authority, to immediately stop the work of the entire project by oral direction, at the Owner's or Owner's Representative's sole discretion, in conjunction with written notice provided to the Contractor within 24 hours. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for all costs incurred by the Contractor in connection with the stop work order including any overtime or other expenses required to achieve the material completion and occupancy date. The Contractor may not use Contractor Contingency to offset any costs related to the stop work order. The Contractor will not be granted a time extension for work time lost to a stop work order due to any such citation or other noncompliance notice."
 - ii. Non-compliance with any applicable portion of the Clean Water Act, the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, the Georgia Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Act, the Land Disturbance Activities Permit, the NPDES Permit, or any rules, regulations, local ordinances or permits promulgated or issued thereunder, is sufficient cause for the Owner to terminate the Contract for cause per General Requirements 5.3.2 Owner's Right to Declare Default and / or Terminate Contract for Cause. The Contractor's failure to correct work for any warnings or citations within the 24 hours is sufficient cause for the Owner to terminate the Contract with cause per General Requirements 5.3.2 Owner's Right to Declare Default and / or Terminate Contract for Cause.
 - iii. Contingency or charge the Cost of the Work to pay for any fines, penalties or negotiated settlements.
- D. Georgia Environmental Policy Act: In accordance with Georgia state law, a Georgia Environmental Policy Act (GEPA) evaluation was completed and a determination made that the proposed project will not have any significant adverse environmental impacts. The Contractor, in undertaking this work, becomes a steward of air, land, water, plants, animals and environmental, historical and cultural resources. As such the Contractor shall perform all work in accordance with local, state and federal rules and regulations governing the protection of these resources.



00 00 05

VARIANCE REQUIREMENT & FORM

1. GENERAL

- A. If the Design Professional deviates from the Standards without written approval, the deviation will be considered an error and a claim may be processed against the Design Professional's professional liability insurance for reimbursement of the cost to meet the Standards. The amount of the claim may be reimbursed to the Owner through a unilateral change order.
- B. If the Contractor is responsible for design/ building certain (or all) aspects of the project, and deviates from the Standards without a written approval, the Contractor's deviation will be considered an error and a claim may be processed against the Contractor's insurance. If the Contractor makes a change or substitution during the shop drawing and submittal process that is a deviation from the Standards, it is the burden of the Contractor, not the Design Professional, to seek a variance approval. The amount of the claim may be reimbursed to the Owner through a unilateral change order.
- C. The Project Variance Request Form must be submitted by the Design Professional and / or Contractor for any deviations from The University of Georgia Design & Construction Standards (Standards) and approved in writing. Inclusion of a deviation from the Standards, whether in drawings or specifications during any phase of design reviews, including shop drawing and submittal reviews, is not considered a Design Variance approval. It is the Design Professional and / or Contractor's burden to point out deviations to the Project Manager and to specifically request written variance approval prior to incorporating in the Project. The UGA is not responsible for identifying any deviations from the Standards.



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UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS PROJECT VARIANCE REQUEST FORM

PROJECT NAME:	DATE SUBMITTED:
DESIGN PROFESSIONAL:	PROJECT NUMBER:
CONTRACTOR:	NAME OF UGA PROJECT MANAGER:
REQUESTED BY:	REQUESTOR'S OFFICE/ORGANIZATION:

SUBMISSION:

SD DD CD SUBMITTAL CHANGE REQUEST OTHER: _____

CURRENT DESIGN REQUIREMENT (REFERENCE THE APPLICABLE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARD):

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE REQUESTED VARIANCE (INCLUDE THE PROPOSED ADDITION/DELETION/CHANGE TO DESIGN REQUIREMENT):

JUSTIFICATION:

REQUESTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE: _____

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA OFFICIAL USE ONLY

UNIVERSITY VARIANCE REQUEST ACTION: APPROVED DENIED

PROJECT MANAGER SIGNATURE: _____

DATE: _____



00 00 06

ACCESS TO EXISTING DOCUMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. To access previous records of as-built and construction drawings for existing buildings on the UGA Campus: (<http://www.fmd.uga.edu/facilitiesinventory/>).
 - i. Link: <https://plansroom.fmd.uga.edu/>
 - a. This secure website requires a username and password to access the files. A UGA MyID username and password is required to access this secure website. A visitor username (ppdvis) and password are available for access by non-UGA personnel. To request a password for a visitor username, send an e-mail inquiry to: plansrm@uga.edu.
- B. To access Facilities Inventory drawings (simple building floor plan drawings that include room names, room numbers, and square footage):
 - i. Adobe Acrobat PDF Files
 - a. Link: <https://pdfdrawings.fmd.uga.edu/>
 - 1) This secure website requires a username and password to access the files. A UGA MyID username and password is required to access this secure website. A visitor username (ppdvis) and password are available for access by non-UGA personnel. To request a password for a visitor username, send an e-mail inquiry to: plansrm@uga.edu.
 - ii. AutoCAD Files
 - a. Link: <https://drawings.fmd.uga.edu/>
 - 1) This secure website requires a username and password to access the files. A UGA MyID username and password is required to access this secure website. A visitor username (ppdvis) and password are available for access by non-UGA personnel. To request a password for a visitor username, send an e-mail inquiry to: plansrm@uga.edu.



00 00 07

DESIGN PROFESSIONAL DESIGN PROCESS REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
 - ii. 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements
 - iii. 01 77 00 – Project Closeout
- B. There are other Design Professional process requirements included throughout the Standards. At the beginning of most of the Division sections that are listed as ‘General Requirements’, for example “Division 23 00 00 – General Mechanical Requirements” includes additional and more specific design requirements related to mechanical.
- C. The engineer shall request preliminary testing and validation of existing conditions and/or existing system performance to include measurement of existing HVAC system water-flows and air-flows, pot-holing of underground utilities, measurement/metering of power usage as required to minimize construction delays and ensure final system performance. The testing should be performed before completion of the construction documents.
- D. Design Intent Documentation: The cover sheet of the mechanical, electrical, and plumbing drawings shall indicate design intent (narrative and metrics) descriptions of:
 - i. Applicable codes standards used.
 - ii. Narrative description of the scope of the work.
 - iii. State design assumptions.
 - iv. Design ambient and inside conditions.
 - v. State the ventilation procedure used (including design occupancy and persons/sq. ft.). Refer to ASHRAE 62 - Paragraph 6 “Procedures”.
 - vi. Total connected design load for all services/utilities.
 - vii. Detailed layer by layer building envelope data used for design.
 - viii. Overall building air balance diagram for all operating conditions.
 - ix. Individual spaces air balance with overall building diagram.
 - x. Lighting loads for individual spaces and building as a whole. Assumptions and provisions for future addition/expansion.
 - xi. Spaces and processes requiring 24/7/365 cooling, humidity control, etc.
 - xii. Building envelope assumptions (walls, roof, partitions, glass U-value and shading coefficient, etc.)
 - xiii. List maximum noise levels of all HVAC equipment on schedules.
 - xiv. All specific, critical, user defined requirements.
- E. As soon as locations are determined (as applicable to Project), the Design Professional shall coordinate with the Project Manager and the Office of Fire Safety for the proposed fire department and emergency vehicle access roads, fire hydrant locations, PIV locations, and Fire Department Connections, and the Office of Fire Safety will coordinate with the local fire department.
- F. For Schematic Design the Design Professional shall include mechanical, electrical, and plumbing design narratives / outline specifications.
- G. For Design Development (Preliminary Design) the Design Professional shall include mechanical, electrical, and plumbing design narratives / outline specifications, or the first draft of full specifications.

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- H. During Schematic Design, the Design Professional shall develop a minimum of three completely different design solutions for review. These shall be completely different design approaches, and not be minor variations between schemes.
- I. Design Professional shall notify Project Manager of any and all substitution requests and confirm acceptability prior to Design Professional authorizing change.

00 00 08

DESIGN PROFESSIONAL DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS & DELIVERABLES

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 00 00 10 – BIM Requirements
- ii. 01 31 23 – Project Website
- iii. 01 31 26 – Electronic Communication Protocols
- iv. 01 33 00 – Submittal Procedures
- v. 01 41 26.06 – Food Service
- vi. 01 77 00 – Project Closeout
- vii. 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements
- viii. 27 00 00 – General Communications Requirements

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B. These are minimum requirements for consistent documentation for the review, construction, and archiving for all Projects.

C. Document Minimum Requirements

- i. Project title consistent with Design Professional Contract title and current date on all sheets.
- ii. BOR/FMD/OUA Project number and bid number (if applicable) on all sheets.
- iii. Type of submittal (examples: Schematic Design, Design Documents, Construction Documents, GMP, BID, As-Builts) and current date on all sheets.
- iv. Any changes after construction release shall be shown as Revision 1, 2, 3, etc., and clouded & noted with proper revision reference on all revised sheets and noted on index.
- v. Accurate index with any revised sheets noted as revised, UGA location map showing at least one major road or intersection on cover sheet (campus maps are available for download at <http://www.architects.uga.edu/maps/current>).
- vi. Building key plan showing location of Work with graphic scale and north arrow on each drawing sheet.
- vii. Sheet size preference is Standard Arch D (24x36). Larger sheet size Arch E1 (30x42) or Arch E (36x48) is acceptable only when necessary.
- viii. Font size shall be a minimum of 12pt when printed to scale.
- ix. Microsoft Word files shall be 2007 or later.
- x. Electronic file names shall be no longer than 15 characters using only Microsoft acceptable file names and shall be delivered by CD-Rom (s), flash drive, file download, or other acceptable deliverable.
- xi. For projects that do not require BIM, AutoCAD files shall be version 2007 or later and be whole and complete with NO Xrefs to symbols or other drawings.
- xii. Hard copy drawings shall be full size black line on white bond reproductions and be bound. Specifications shall be 8.5"x11" and bound.

D. Deliverables

- i. This section does not replace, but supplements, the standard project deliverables stated in Section 2 of the Design Professional Contracts, Design-Build Contracts, Design-Bid-Build Contracts, Construction Manager Contracts, and as required for permitting by the BOR.



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- ii. All drawings and specifications shall be submitted in AutoCAD (.dwg), Revit (.rvt) (depending on if BIM is utilized), Microsoft Word (.doc), and Adobe PDF (.pdf) formats. All PDF files shall be searchable.
- iii. Drawings and specifications shall each be submitted as one PDF binder set and all drawing PDF files shall be “flattened” so individual layers can no longer be manipulated to insure data is protected.
- iv. Internal UGA Milestone Deliverables: The following chart documents minimum internal UGA deliverable drawing sets for OUA and FMD use in reviewing milestone submissions. All deliverables shall be submitted to the Project Manager, who will then distribute contents to the entities detailed in the chart below. For the 75% and/or 95% Construction Documents the percentage complete may vary per project and one of these percentages may also be the GMP set.
- v. Network Drop Spreadsheet: Refer to 27 00 00 – General Communications Requirements for template information and requirements.

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		DELIVERABLES				
		OUA Project				
		Full Size Printed Drawing Set	Half Size Printed Drawing Set	Full Electronic Drawings Specifications	Printed Project Manual/ Specifications	Other Deliverables
PROJECT STAGE	Site Evaluation & Planning Services	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Schematic Design & Design Development	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	01 81 00 Facility Performance Checklist MEP Design Concepts – Narratives, Network Drop Spreadsheet, Food Service**
	50% - Construction Documents	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	75% - Construction Documents	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	95% - Construction Documents	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	100% - Construction Documents	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 2 - For Fire Safety*	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 0 - For Fire Safety*	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For Fire Safety	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 2 - For Fire Safety*	Network Drop Spreadsheet, Food Service**

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	Closeout	Refer to 01 77 00 - Project Closeout
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*If project will be permitted through UGA Fire Safety, then two sets are required for UGA Fire Safety. Submit the two sets of drawings and specifications with two copies of the completed “UGA Fire Safety Form 354” to the Project Manager who will forward to UGA Fire Safety. See section 01 41 26.03 Permit Requirements – Construction Permits. If permitted through State Fire Marshal, then one set is required for UGA Fire Safety.

**If the project includes food preparation that will require a health department permit, for schematic design, the Design Professional shall email a pdf of the site plan, floor plan with food service area and nearest restrooms, and any food equipment layout related information to the Project Manager. The Project Manager will send the file to ESD for review.

For 100% Construction Documents, the Design Professional shall prepare one full size set that only includes the information as required in 01 41 26.06 Food Service and forward to the Project Manager who will send it to ESD and also provide a pdf set of that corresponding set for review. Pending any comments, once ready to be submitted for permitting, the Design Professional provide 5 sets of hardcopy sets and one searchable pdf including equipment cut sheets to the Project Manager. This shall include one full bound set of specifications.



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		DELIVERABLES				
		FMD Project				
		Full Size Printed Drawing Set	Half Size Printed Drawing Set	Full Electronic Drawings Specifications	Printed Project Manual/ Specifications	Other Deliverables
PROJECT STAGE	Site Evaluation & Planning Services	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	
	Schematic Design & Design Development	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	01 81 00 Facility Performance Checklist MEP Design Concepts – Narratives, Network Drop Spreadsheet, Food Service**
	50% - Construction Documents	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	75% - Construction Documents	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	95% - Construction Documents	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	Network Drop Spreadsheet
	100% - Construction Documents	2 - For FMD 0 - For OUA 2 - For Fire Safety*	3 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	1 - For FMD 0 - For OUA	7 - For FMD 0 - For OUA 2 - For Fire Safety*	Network Drop Spreadsheet, Food Service**
	Closeout	Refer to 01 77 00 - Project Closeout				

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*If project will be permitted through UGA Fire Safety, then two sets are required for UGA Fire Safety. Submit the two sets of drawings and specifications with two copies of the completed “UGA Fire Safety Form 354” to the Project Manager who will forward to UGA Fire Safety. See section 01 41 26.03 Permit Requirements – Construction Permits. If permitted through State Fire Marshal, then one set is required for UGA Fire Safety.

**If the project includes food preparation that will require a health department permit, for schematic design, the Design Professional shall email a pdf of the site plan, floor plan with food service area and nearest restrooms, and any food equipment layout related information to the Project Manager. The Project Manager will send the file to ESD for review.

For 100% Construction Documents, the Design Professional shall prepare one full size set that only includes the information as required in 01 41 26.06 Food Service and forward to the Project Manager who will send it to ESD and also provide a pdf set of that corresponding set for review. Pending any comments, once ready to be submitted for permitting, the Design Professional provide 5 sets of hardcopy sets and one searchable pdf including equipment cut sheets to the Project Manager. This shall include one full bound set of specifications.

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Simplified Floor Plan: Within 10 days at the issuance of 100% or “For Construction” Documents, the Design Professional is required to prepare simplified project floor plans (if any). The simplified floor plans shall be a 2D AutoCAD drawing and shall only contain the layers and associate attributes listed in the chart below. The electronic AutoCAD (.dwg) file shall be submitted via e-mail to the Project Manager.

	DESCRIPTION OF ITEMS	COLOR
AR-COLUMN	All columns	Red
AR-COLUMN-LINE	All column centerlines	Yellow
AR-DOOR	All doors	Cyan
AR-ELEVATOR	All elevators and ADA lifts	Green
AR-FEATURE	Any permanent building feature (built in desk units that define an area, bathroom stalls, auditorium seating, overhang of roof, turn styles, exterior walkways, etc.)	Blue
AR-STAIR	All stairs, handrails, and ADA ramps	254 (Grey)
AR-WALL	All exterior and interior walls	Red
AR-WINDOW	All windows and store fronts in exterior and interior walls	Yellow
AREA	All polylines that define rooms, hallways, mechanical chase, or floor	White/Black
FI-TEXT	All relevant text for room numbers and room use	Green



00 00 09

ROOM & SPACE NUMBERING

1. GENERAL

- A. Related Sections:
 - i. 00 00 06 Access to Existing Documents
- B. These numbering conventions have been developed and must be followed throughout all phases of project for UGA controlled facilities for the purpose of standardizing room numbers.
- C. For new buildings, these standards must be followed as closely as possible. In cases of renovations or additions to existing buildings, the building's existing numbering system can be extended, or abandoned in order to use the following standards to renumber the entire building including the renovated and/or added space. If the existing numbering system is used, existing room numbers shall not be duplicated. For a list of existing room numbers, see section 00 00 06 Access to Existing Documents for building floor plans with room numbers. In addition, email plansrm@uga.edu and request an Excel spreadsheet of the existing room numbers related to the Project.
- D. The intention is for each facility's floor and room numbering scheme to be structured so that the numbers flow through the building in a consistent, comprehensible, and user-friendly pattern. The scheme should be clear to the users of the facility, not causing confusion for individuals attempting to locate spaces.

2. FLOOR NUMBERING

- A. The first character of a room number indicates the floor level of the building. The level with a "1" as the first character should be the uppermost floor entered at grade or one half flight above grade. Levels below this can use the character "0" (zero), "B" (basement), or "G" (ground), depending upon the arrangement and number of these floors. Buildings located on steeply sloping sites may need to vary from this rule; where necessary, the floor numbered "1" may not in fact be the uppermost floor entered at grade. Where "B" and "0" (zero) are used in the same building, the "B" level will be below the "0" level. *The only cases where the floor indicator should be more than one character are buildings with more than nine floors.*
- B. Large mezzanines shall be numbered as a whole floor. Example: When a mezzanine exists between the first floor and the next whole floor, it will be numbered as the second floor.
- C. Usable attic floors and penthouse levels should be numbered as if they are whole floors. For example, a two-story penthouse atop a three floor building will be numbered as the fourth and fifth floors. Do not use prefixes such as "R" for roof level.

3. ROOM NUMBERING

- A. The guidelines in this section should be followed as closely as possible when assigning numbers to individual rooms.
- B. Use 3 or 4 digit numbers (plus optional alpha suffix) consistently throughout the building. Rooms shall be numbered with a three or four digit number, where the first digit may be optionally replaced with the letter "B" or "G" (see floor numbering above); the length depends upon the size of the building and once chosen shall be consistent throughout the entire building. *With an optional letter suffix, the maximum length of a room number is 5 characters.*
- C. Three digit numbers shall be used for buildings with 9 or fewer floors and 99* or fewer



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rooms per floor. The first floor will be numbered 100's; second floor will be 200's; third floor will be 300's etc.

- D. Ground floor or basement rooms could be numbered 001, 002, etc. or G01, G02, etc. or B01, B02, etc. *Note: the following examples use spaces in the room number to clarify and illustrate the numbering scheme; these spaces should not appear in the actual room number.*

Example: Building with 9 or fewer floors and 99* or fewer rooms per floor

G 41 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (ground floor)

3 02 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (third floor)

- E. Four digit numbers shall be used for buildings exceeding 9 floors or having more than 99* rooms per floor. Buildings with wings or sections can also use four digit numbers if this makes the numbering scheme easier to navigate.

Example: Building with more than 9 floors and 99* or fewer rooms per floor

B0 02 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (basement floor)

01 02 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (first floor)

11 02 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (eleventh floor)

Example: Building with 9 floors or less but more than 99* rooms per floor

B 102 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (basement floor)

1 102 ← indicates room number
↑ indicates floor (first floor)

Example: Building divided into wings or sections

G 1 02 ← indicates room number
↑ ↑ indicates wing or section (numeric only)
L indicates floor (ground floor)

1 1 02 ← indicates room number
↑ ↑ indicates wing or section (numeric only)
L indicates floor (first floor)

*The actual number of rooms requiring the use of four-digit room numbering will vary,



depending upon how many numbers are skipped and also the number of suites vs. rooms requiring non-suffixed numbers.

- F. Numbers should flow from one end of the building to the other
 - i. In a building with only one dividing corridor, room numbers should flow in ascending order from one end of the building to the other. In a building with a more complex corridor system, numbers should flow in ascending order in a clockwise direction through the corridors from the main entrance, or similar location such as elevator lobby.
- G. Use odd numbers on one side of a corridor and even numbers on the other side
 - i. Room numbers shall be coordinated so that even numbers are on one side of a corridor and odd numbers are on the other side. (In more complex designs, or where the availability of numbers is limited, the odd-even format can be abandoned if consecutive numbering results in a more logical scheme.)
- H. Skip numbers to maintain succession of room numbering
 - i. In some instances, room numbers on one side of a corridor shall be skipped in order to maintain succession with the room numbers on the opposite side of the corridor. This may occur, for example, when a suite of rooms or large space is accessed through a single door and there are no other doors on that same side until further down the corridor. This will allow for future renovations that may convert suites or large spaces into separate or small rooms with a corridor door.
- I. Skip numbers to allow for future renovations
 - i. When a corridor contains large rooms such as classrooms, meeting rooms, etc. on both sides of the corridor, room numbers shall be skipped to allow for future renovation of a large space into smaller spaces. Sufficient numbers shall be reserved to allow for the large spaces to be divided into standard size office spaces.
- J. Use similar numbering on each floor
 - i. Numbering systems on all floors should be similar as much as possible, even when the floor plans are significantly different. To the greatest extent possible, and without creating other inconsistencies, rooms with the same digits in the last positions should be located in the same position in the building. Thus, B01, G01, 001, 101, 201, etc., occur in a vertical stack.
- K. Use alphabetic suffixes for rooms entered from other rooms (rather than a hallway)
 - i. Rooms entered from a main corridor or lobby are numbered with no letter suffix. When rooms open off of another room and not from a corridor (such as in a suite of offices), use the number of the first room with a letter suffix (example: Reception 301, Office 301A, Office 301B, Office Storage 301C). Assign suffix letters in the order rooms are encountered and, where possible, in the same direction as the overall numbering sequence. Only a single suffix is allowed; thus in the case where the first room already has a suffix, the next alphabetic designation shall be used. Avoid the letters "I" and "O" which may be interpreted as numbers. Large suites with many rooms can use non-suffixed numbers if it makes the numbering scheme more understandable.
- L. Each room should have only one number
 - i. Each room should have only one number regardless of the number of doors



opening into it. Exceptions can be made where a particularly large room is subdivided into different areas of use, such as by cubicles. In these cases, one-character letter suffixes are added to create unique numbers. Where the number of areas exceeds the suffixes available, additional sequential numbers should be used.

M. Number all accessible spaces (Non-assignable spaces)

- i. In addition to rooms, all interior spaces that can be directly accessed, such as corridors, vestibules, stairwells, elevator shafts, and accessible pipe spaces shall be numbered. Where doors or walls separate different areas of these spaces, each area shall receive its own unique number. The following room number guidelines shall be used for Non- assignable spaces.

Type	Room Number*	Notes
Porch/Deck/Ramp	XX94S	
Lobby/Foyer	XX95S	Includes lobby, foyer, vestibule, anteroom
Dock	XX96S	Includes receiving areas, loading docks
Elevator	XX97S	
Stair	XX98S	
Hall/Corridor	XX99S	Includes halls, corridors
* XX is the floor number (01, 02, 03, etc.) and S is an alphabetic suffix, i.e., A, B, C, etc.		
General notes for Non-assignable spaces: All room numbers shall have an alphabetic suffix. Begin the numbering with the suffix rather than beginning with blank, i.e., 0198A, 0198B, etc.; NOT 0198, 0198A. When a building has stairs, label stairs as separate space labels rather than merging with hall/corridor space labels. No distinction between public and private corridors other than private corridors should typically have a "real" space label rather than be labeled using the circulation scheme.		

N. **DO NOT:**

- i. Do not use two-character floor level indicators for buildings with 9 or fewer floors.
- ii. Do not number mezzanines as "M" floor level.
- iii. Do not number penthouses as "R" for roof level.
- iv. Do not use more than five or less than three characters for a room number.
- v. Do not use a letter prefix or suffix to indicate a room type (such as M101 or 101M for a first floor mechanical room).
- vi. Do not use letters except as a floor prefix, or suffix for a room accessed through another room (do not number a data room as 1D00).
- vii. Do not use periods, hyphens, spaces, or any other non-alphanumeric character in room numbers (do not number a room as 1-16 or 01.14.03).
- viii. Do not number internal courtyards and roof areas, unless covered. Exception: The uncovered top level of parking decks used for parking should be assigned



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numbers.

- ix. Do not number rooms on one side of a hallway and then back down the other side.

O. DO:

- i. Do number all accessible spaces, including stairwells and elevator shafts.
- ii. Do number all exterior covered spaces, whether walled or not.
- iii. Do number all penthouse spaces.

4. STANDARDS FOR PARKING DECKS

- A. Standalone parking decks are considered buildings and will have a building number and room numbers to cover all usable space within the structure. This also includes the top uncovered level.

5. CONFLICTS AND SPECIAL CASES

- A. In the case of conflicts or questions, contact the Project Manager who will coordinate with FMD.



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00 00 10
BIM REQUIREMENTS
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1.0 - PURPOSE, USE AND REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this BIM Section is to establish baseline requirements for Design Professionals and Contractors in their Building Information Modeling (BIM) efforts related to the design and construction of University of Georgia (UGA) facility Projects.

Where BIM is required as a deliverable, the BIM Team (Design Professional and Contractor on a specific Project collaborating on BIM requirements) shall refer to and comply with the requirements of the BIM Standards. BIM is required on all Projects with total funding of \$5 million or greater. On all other projects BIM is encouraged but not required.

The use and application of BIM when required will apply to all phases of the project's lifecycle, including master planning, program analysis, project definition and schematic design, design and construction phases, and facility management. BIM is an evolving tool and the BIM Team, through the BIM Execution Plan (BEP; refer to section 00 00 10.01) development process, is encouraged to bring forth ideas and suggestions to make the process as efficient and beneficial as possible. As each Project is unique, the BIM Execution Plan will be specific and customized to each Project.

The BIM deliverable does not replace the standard project deliverables as defined in the Design Professional's and Contractor's Contracts; BIM is considered an additional deliverable. UGA requires that all design and construction document deliverables for Projects are created and derived from the building information models, and expects that information in the model be coordinated, resolved and updated with the 2D Contract Document deliverables.

It is UGA's intent to reuse the BIM models and associated data for continuing lifecycle management of the buildings, including facilities management and future development/redevelopment of those future existing buildings. It is the goal and intention that UGA shall receive deliverables to meet the needs of two separate departments. One objective being the OUA, requiring an accurate as-built BIM model with final component data to be used for future building renovations, additions and future building planning and management; the other objective being a BIM model and Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBie) deliverable for the FMD to capture facility and operations data that will be integrated with Computer Aided Facilities Management (CAFM) software. BIM models shall be provided throughout the design, construction and closeout phases along with corresponding data collection from the BIM models, to be submitted in COBie format to capture and record final close out data.

It is not the intent of UGA to require additional, unnecessary, or duplicative modeling efforts, and UGA recognizes that different models may be generated or not depending on each BIM Team entities' abilities or normal work processes. For example, many fabricators (ductwork, fire sprinkler piping, etc.) use software that can be developed and read in Navisworks. However, the Navisworks information cannot be brought into the Design Professional's Revit model. UGA ideally desires a complete as-built Revit model, but does not require and does not want to pay for duplicative work to take the systems modeled in Navisworks and to remodel them in Revit.

The Navisworks software will allow the Revit model to be imported into the Navisworks model resulting in a complete as-built viewable model. UGA can use Navisworks viewing software to look at the entire model to locate information embedded in the model. In this scenario, UGA will receive as final



deliverables both Revit model (missing items that were only modeled in Navisworks) and a Navisworks model (with Revit model imported into it). If a BIM Team is able to originally model all the required items in Revit without duplicating efforts, then for example, one less type of model is required as a deliverable.

UGA cannot use the Navisworks model to model future projects after the completion of the current Project and will have specific features remodeled in Revit in the future if deemed appropriate for that future Project. It is hoped that the software translation issues will be resolved soon and the issue of multiple types of models due to software incompatibilities will disappear.

Accepted software is listed below, however, other software shall be considered subject to their capabilities and benefits to the Project. Direct any questions regarding the BIM Standards to the Office of University Architects (OUA):

1. Authoring and Design Software for Architecture, Interior Design and Structure: Revit Architecture, Revit Structure, ArchiCAD, Bentley Architecture, Digital Project, Tekla Structures, Vectorworks Designer.
2. Authoring Software for MEP, FP, Specialty Consultants: Revit MEP, ArchiCAD MEP, AutoCAD MEP, AutoCAD Architecture. MEP shall use BIM Authoring Software, but may use 3D object-oriented software.
3. Civil Design: AutoDesk Civil 3D, Bentley Inroads
4. Coordination and Spatial Conflict Checking: Navisworks, BIMSight, Solibri Model Checker
5. Model Checking Utilities (Spatial validation and Industry Foundation Class) Solibri, BIMSight, Navisworks
6. Energy analysis and modeling: DOE2, EcoDesigner, Ecotect, IES-VEware, EnergyPlus, eQuest, Breen Building Studio, Trane/Trace, Vasari

2.0 – DEFINITIONS AND TERMS

These terms and definitions are specified for BIM Requirements. Other general definitions and abbreviations can be found in 00 00 02 Terms. Also refer to section 00 00 03 Modifications to General Requirements of BOR Contracts.

Accuracy

The level of detail and the level of precision expected at various points in the project process are dependent on the required level of design (LOD). Accuracy refers to the placement, sizing, and representation of building components. The scale represents a mixture of 3D and 2D content at the one end to a fully 3D model at the other end that will be used in Interference Checking and As-built/Record drawings.

As-Built Model

A digital representation of a facility produced through BIM during the construction phase of a project that contains data and other relevant information from the design model and tracks changes during construction. These are Construction Models that have been updated throughout the construction process and reflect the final as-built condition of the project and includes relevant component data that will be needed for COBie data output. Typically a model provided by the Contractor that is a concurrent model to the Design Intent/Record Model provided by the design professional.



Building Information Model (BIM)

An acronym for “Building Information Modeling”, or “Building Information Model” that is a digital representation of the physical and functional characteristics of a facility and a shared resource that forms a basis for decisions during its life-cycle, from conception to demolition.

BIM Deliverables

Information (in numerous formats) that may be required by Contract or agreement to be submitted or passed to another party and to UGA.

BIM Execution Plan (BEP)

An outline that defines the scope of BIM implementation, identifies the process flow for BIM tasks, defines information exchanges, and the infrastructure needed for support. A plan created from the UGA’s BIM Execution Plan template that is to be submitted within thirty (30) days after Contract award. Refer to Section 01 07 00.01.

BIM Process

A generic name for the practice of performing BIM. This process can be planned or unplanned. The BIM process may also be referred to as the BIM execution process or the BIM project execution process. The BIM project execution planning process suggests diagramming the BIM process using process maps.

BIM Process Maps

A diagram of how BIM will be applied on a project. The BIM project execution plan proposes two levels of process maps: BIM overview map and detailed BIM use process maps.

BIM Team

All Design Professionals, Contractors, and Consultants charged with delivering BIM information as defined in the BIM Standards, and listed in the BEP for a specific Project.

BIM Use

A method of applying building information modeling during a facility’s life-cycle to achieve one or more specific objectives.

Computer-Aided Facility Management (CAFM)

UGA’s FMD utilizes a CAFM software program to assist with maintenance of facilities.

Construction Model

A digital representation of a facility produced through BIM during the construction phase of a project that contains data and other relevant information from the design model and tracks changes during construction. Typically this BIM Model is provided by the Contractor and may be used for quantity take offs, construction sequencing and phasing, clash detection, modeling of delegated design elements, and data tracking of submittal information.

COBie - Construction Operations Building Information Exchange

COBie is a standard of information exchange that allows information to be captured during design and construction in a format that can be used during the operations of a building once completed. Final COBie format deliverable will be in (.XLSX) spreadsheet form.

Critical Path Modeling

Critical Path Modeling is a method of demonstrating Integrated Project Delivery. It sets a plan within the BIM Team that accounts for the activities of each discipline and how they interact with each other. It builds upon a critical path method for those activities, and allows the project team to schedule a complete project.

Design Intent Model

A digital representation of a facility produced through BIM to provide design intent for use in construction that is coordinated with other engineering disciplines. This type of BIM model is



typical provided by the Design Professional team and will be used to produce a combination of 3D and 2D information that is then utilized to produce the contract drawings for construction.

.DWG

.DWG is a native AutoCAD file format. It is a widely used file format for exchanging drawing information and 3D information to different programs. While not a database file type, it still has lots of uses for exchanging information.

.GBxml

A .GBxml file is a Green Building file type. It is used to run simulations through energy modeling software. It is a widely accepted file format for those types of software.

Interior Design

Interior Design is defined as the selection of interior materials, finishes, and furnishings.

Integrated Project Delivery (IPD)

Integrated Project Delivery is a collaborative effort by design professionals to maximize performance and efficiency in all phases of a project.

Level of Development (LOD)

Describes the completeness to which model elements representing components, systems, or assemblies are developed at progressive project phases. This development includes geometric and non-geometric data.

Navisworks

Navisworks is software that allows for the viewing of multiple model formats. This ability to “view” these files also allows for Navisworks to simulate the interaction between model files. That includes collision reporting, time lining, and coordination.

.NWC

An .NWC file is a Navisworks Cache File that is used by Navisworks to quickly read many other file types. All linked files in Navisworks have an .NWC file created automatically. In addition, Revit will export directly to the very small file type of .NWC for quick access by Navisworks.

.NWD

A much larger file than the .NWC, the .NWD file shows a snapshot in time of Navisworks file. No linked files exist but all geometry is included.

Phases

The phases of a project can be described in two different ways as the adoption of IPD terminology starts to penetrate the BIM Execution Plan and the IPD Methodology Plan. Below is a list of the traditional names followed by the IPD name:

- Pre-Design/Conceptualization Phase
- Schematic Design/ Criteria Design Phase
- Design Development/ Preliminary Design/ Detailed Design Phase
- Construction Documents/Implementation Phase
- Agency Permit & Bidding/Agency Coordination & Final Buyout
- Construction
- Occupancy

Record Model

Design Intent Models that have been updated throughout the construction process. These changes and updates have been communicated from the Contractor to the Design Professional through the comments, annotations, and mark-ups from the As-Built Documents. These typically, but not always, are discipline specific models.

.RVT



An .RVT file is a native REVIT file type. It is also the deliverable file format for all projects. This includes all of the design professional team's models.

Simple Building Information Modeling (SBIM)

SBIM is a concept of producing a "light" model that can be used for simulating the building's performance very early within the design process. SBIM is the process of modeling only the exterior envelope, and the interior volumes to produce a lean model that energy modeling software can use easily.

3.0 - PROCESS

In addition to previously stated requirements, Design Professionals and their consultants may use their own in-house standards, components and details that embed the best practices of the firm. BIM shall be created by the BIM Team that includes all geometry, physical characteristics, and component data needed to describe the design intent and Construction Documentation. All drawings and schedules required for assessment, review, bidding, and construction shall be derived from the BIM models either directly (as in schedules, floor plans, elevations, sections, project specific details, etc.) or indirectly (as may be the case with standard details). The process is to include requirements for accuracy and proficiency, Level of Development, BIM Execution Planning, Integrated Project Delivery, interference checking, COBie data management, and other requirements as defined in this section.

3.1 - ACCURACY AND PROFICIENCY

BIM models shall provide accurate and correct final information about the building project and its components. Use industry standard and accepted nomenclature or UGA nomenclature (when provided or required) for objects and spaces. Use model checking tools before submission. Objects in BIM should be created and categorized appropriately within the BIM model. System families such as walls, floors, roofs, sweeps, etc. shall be properly created and categorized as what they are. Component families such as furniture, casework, specialty equipment, plumbing equipment, mechanical equipment, etc., shall also be properly created and categorized as to what they are so that component elements can be properly scheduled, quantified, and controlled within the model and have appropriate data associated with those components for latter data capture in the COBie deliverable. Use of generic component models, in-place families and/or groups should be minimized or avoided as much as possible. Modeling of the building and its components should be modeled precisely and accurately as much as possible, yet no less accurate than industry standard construction tolerances for the components being modeled. For objects that are not easily accommodated within the program due to special circumstances, such as complexity or uniqueness, then modeling an approximation of it that conforms closely to its size and look is acceptable along with categorizing it accordingly. All such occurrences should be documented and communicated to the Project Manager in writing. Accuracy and proficiency shall be expected with both 3D and 2D content.



3.2 - LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT (LOD)

Level of Development (LOD) management should be utilized to assign the expected level of development for the project at the various project phases, along with what team parties are responsible for the specific LOD for each of the components defined in the BEP, at the various project phases.

The following are general LOD descriptions:

1. LOD 100: Conceptual Design - Overall building massing
2. LOD 200: Schematic Design and Preliminary Design - Generalized systems and assemblies with approximate quantities, sizes, shapes, location and orientation for analysis of required systems, including daylight, views and energy.
3. LOD 300: Construction Documents - Detailed systems and elements. Modeling and detailing sufficient enough to meet requirements of contract documents for permitting and construction.
4. LOD 400: Shop Drawings for Fabrication and Assembly
5. LOD 500: As-Built & Record Models & Drawings for Maintenance and Operations - Includes UGA required elements for final model.

3.3 – BIM EXECUTION PLANNING

UGA requires a BIM Execution Plan (BEP) that is customized for the specific needs and requirements of each project. Utilize the UGA BEP Template as a starting point for developing each projects BEP. The BEP shall define the uses and responsibilities of BIM on the project and its detailed process throughout the lifecycle of the project. Once the plan is approved, the team is required to follow it, monitor their progress against the plan, and make adjustments to the plan as appropriate. The BIM Execution Plan shall be considered a living document that will continue to change and evolve over the course of the project.

The steps include the following:

1. Within 30 days of Design Professional contract award:
 - A. BIM Execution Plan Overview
 - B. Project Information
 - C. Key Project Contacts
 - D. Project Goals/BIM Uses
 - i. Data Commissioning
 - ii. Performance Monitoring
 - E. Organizational Roles/Staffing per phase
 - F. BIM Process Design
 - G. BIM Information Exchanges
 - H. BIM and Facility Data Requirements
 - I. Collaboration Procedures
 - J. Quality Control Reviews
 - K. Technological Infrastructure Needs
 - L. Model Structure
 - M. Project Deliverables Per Phase
 - N. Delivery Strategy/Contract



2. Template: Utilize the UGA BIM Template as the starting point for project specific BEP.

When developing the BEP project goals for the BIM model and BIM data, the desired end results should be identified. How will the model be used during the project and after the project is completed? What data will need to be captured and delivered in COBie spreadsheet format? How will that data be used by the Owner? How will these objectives start to define how the model and its data are created and defined?

3.4 – INTEGRATED PROJECT DELIVERY (IPD) METHODOLOGY PLAN

The BIM Team’s IPD Methodology Plan should be integrated into the BEP and be subject to the same submittal and review time table as the BEP. The IPD Plan must include a high level of integrated design, identification of project team members and how they will interact with each other during the project, and a critical path method using modeling and model information validation.

While it is understood that most projects will not be a full IPD project in the strictest sense of the word due to current contract structure, there are however many aspects of IPD methodology that can and should be integrated with BIM. Most notably, the IPD aspects of the planning for and sharing of model information with and between the design professional and constituents but also with the Contractors and sub-contractors should be incorporated. A plan for collaboration between the Design Professional and Contractor (and subcontractor) should be outlined in such a way as to provide for this collaboration to start occurring as soon as feasibly possible within the design and construction phase process.

An important aspect of this IPD Methodology Plan is the outlining of how data will be developed and progressed throughout the project. Outlining and assigning who is responsible for the data and model development at each phase and at what point the data will be handed off to a different party. This will be especially important with regards to how COBie data will be developed and coordinated, this is because multiple parties will be responsible for different data entry at different phases, and all data will have to be integrated at the end into a unified single deliverable for submittal to UGA.

A detailed description and mapping of what data will be needed as part of the final delivery is an important part of the BEP & IPD methodology. For example; data fields will be need to be defined for uploading into the Owner’s CAFM program. Required data fields that are available in the BIM model will have to be identified and data that will have to come from other sources will have to be identified. These required data fields will then need to be mapped to their corresponding COBie data fields. It will be necessary to show how required data that can be captured from the BIM model will get from the BIM model(s) to the COBie spreadsheets and finally uploaded into the Owner’s FM database program. In addition, data that was entered into the COBie spreadsheets separately from the model and that need to be re integrated back into the BIM model(s) will need to be identified. If there are multiple models then the data from each model will have to be identified and managed so that data from multiple models can be consolidated together into the required COBie worksheets. This will require a great deal of project team integrated delivery coordination and planning.

The BEP and IPD methodology cannot be delivered in isolation. No one party within the BIM Team can adequately outline the execution plan, while also obtaining the necessary team member commitments for successful BIM implementation. Full coordination and collaboration by all parties is an absolute necessity. The following aspects of an integrated work plan shall be addressed:



1. Setup of initial BIM Schedules and project parameters within the BIM model to establish and organize the capture of spatial and component data information for future distribution and export.
2. Use Omniclass Table 13 for spatial naming conventions and Omniclass numbers for all spatial data. Where multiple naming options are available determine which Omniclass names will be utilized.
3. Use Omniclass Table 23 for component and product naming conventions and Omniclass numbers for all building components requiring COBie information. Determine which components and products will be tracked and data collected.
4. Determine the specific data required for each space or component and the assignment of spatial, system, component and other data responsibilities and authorship.
 - A. Spatial data
 - B. FF&E components
 - C. Structural components
 - D. Special Equipment components
 - E. Mechanical Equipment components
 - F. Electrical Equipment components
 - G. Plumbing Equipment & Accessories
 - H. Design phase versus Construction phase data
 - I. Commissioning Data
 - J. Close-out Data
 - K. As-Built / Record model and associated data
5. Coordinate the authorship and responsibility at each phase and establish procedures and schedules for when component data responsibility will transfer to another BIM Team entity. (i.e Mechanical components – initial BIM schedules and project parameters for future data entry established by Architect, then actual modeled components to be originally authored by Mechanical Engineer, transferred to Contractor for submittal phase development by subcontractor, utilized in clash detection, and final data entry of submitted component data such as make, model, and serial numbers. Then any required data by commissioning agent, and final delivery of all final as-built modeling and component data into final deliverable formats to the Owner, including BIM Model and COBie spreadsheets.)
6. Recognize and identify separate deliverable requirements for both OUA and for FMD, and provide plan for meeting separate needs of each Owner entity requirements.
 - A. OUA will require an As-Built Model sufficiently developed and modeled for use in planning and design of future project additions and alterations to the current Project. Due to incompatibilities of software and the desire not to duplicate modeling efforts, OUA will accept multiple As-Built Models if necessary to document all of the required information. For example, a Revit model (that is missing as-built ductwork) and a Navisworks model (that has the Revit model imported and includes the ductwork) may be accepted in lieu of one Revit model.
 - B. In addition to OUA requirements, FMD will also require As-Built Data in COBie format suitable for integration into their CAFM software.
7. Identify data that may need to be reintegrated into a combined final As-Built model, if data was not generated from that model.

The workflow and progress of this information gathering, collecting and submitting may vary depending on size and type of project, data desired, abilities of the various parties involved, and contractual



relationship of the various parties. It is estimated that a minimum of three to four meetings will be needed to develop the overall strategy, and all key decision makers will need to be involved, including (but not limited to) the Design Professional, Owner's representatives, Structural & MEP Engineers, Contractor, major Sub Contractors, and Commissioning Agent as early in the process as feasibly possible. It may become necessary to revise and update the BEP as additional parties and stake holders come on board. The BEP shall be revised, updated and resubmitted at each major project phase.

4.0 – OBJECTIVES, APPLICATION & DELIVERABLES

The following items are specific BIM deliverables and/or coordination items required at the completion of each phase. These are in addition to the traditional deliverables required by Contract or other deliverables required in the UGA Design and Construction Standards.

4.1 – PRE-DESIGN/CONCEPTUALIZATION

1. **Project Objectives and BEP:** Provide a written summary description of project objectives as part of the initial BIM Execution Plan (BEP) for review and approval.
2. **Programming and Planning Tools:** The design professional is encouraged to use electronic programming and planning tools that integrate into their BIM software to capture early cost, schedule and program information. Deliverables at the end of Pre-Design shall verify and confirm the program, budget, schedule and targeted building efficiency. The design professional shall use BIM & Planning software for use in supporting comparative costs analysis of various design options.
3. **Existing Building Conditions:** The Design Professional shall model existing conditions needed to coordinate the extent of the new construction work where work includes additions or alterations. Contact Project Manager for drawing inventory of existing buildings for use as a base reference only. Refer to section 01 31 00.01 – Access to Existing Documents. Unless otherwise specified, the Design Professional is responsible for verification of existing conditions and ensuring that all electronic deliverables are accurate and comply with requirements.
4. **Simplified BIM (SBIM) Model:** The design professional shall develop a simplified BIM model formatted for use in conceptual energy modeling for comparative analysis and other early Pre-Design Conceptualization efforts, this may be in the form of a simplified mass model or other LOD: Level One type of model as appropriate for the early analysis requirements listed in this phase. At least three design options shall be developed and presented; including site information.
5. **Site & Topographical Surveys:** Topographical surveys shall be received from Project Manager in electronic format in a format that allows for importing into the BIM Team's BIM software. Exact requirements vary by Project and shall be coordinated with the Project Manager. Site information shall be included as part of the Pre-Design Conceptualization phase and coordinated with the required three design options. Any site, environmental or historic building aspects or constraints should be addressed in the Pre-Design Conceptualization models as required.
6. **Energy Modeling Requirements:** The purpose at this early phase, is to narrow down design strategies to meet project's energy goals and targets, including the reduction of energy demand by optimizing building form and orientation and daylight. Comparative energy analysis shall be based on local climate data and actual site conditions for summer and winter. The BIM Team shall utilize the simplified BIM model for use in conceptual energy modeling for comparative analysis, as appropriate for the early analysis software chosen by the BIM Team. At least three



design options that meet the project program and budget shall be compared and results given in “Percent Better” or “Percent Worse”.

7. **Visualization:** The SBIM model shall be utilized to produce 3D & 2D views of each scheme required as appropriate to demonstrate integration of proposed schemes with the surrounding roads, drives, pedestrian paths, access and program requirements. Deliverables shall include rendered views as required to communicate early concept design intent.

4.2 – SCHEMATIC DESIGN

1. **Project Objectives, BEP & Budget:** Provide a written description of project objectives as part of the initial BIM Execution Plan (BEP) for review and approval. Schematic Design defines the optimum design solution to meet UGA’s aesthetic, program, budget and schedule while still being on track for energy, sustainability (if required) and building code requirements. Updated Budget/Cost estimates and updated Schedule shall also be provided at this phase.
2. **Program and Space Validation:** Provide a program and space validation report that utilizes spatial data, which includes room areas derived from the BIM model. Program verification software (for example: Trelligence Affinity) that integrates with the BIM model is encouraged. Areas shall include assignable areas (ASF) and non-assignable areas. Mechanical, electrical, telecommunications, housekeeping, toilet facilities, corridors and other circulation areas shall be labeled and their areas tabulated. Figures for net floor area and gross area shall be tabulated for compliance with Building Efficiency Target. Gross areas include wall thicknesses and open voids, per floor. In addition provide initial spatial data in COBie format (see COBie Data item below).
3. **Existing Building Conditions & Existing Utilities Report:** The Design Professional shall continue to model existing conditions needed to coordinate the extent of the new construction work where work includes additions or alterations. Unless otherwise specified, the Design Professional is responsible for verification of existing conditions and ensuring that all electronic deliverables are accurate and comply with requirements. At this phase an existing utilities report should also be provided for impact on schematic design solution.
4. **BIM Model:** All information required for Schematic Design level of development shall be graphically and alphanumerically correct, included in, and derived from the BIM model. Including, room and building areas and names. Model shall meet UGA’s functional and aesthetic requirements while still meeting budgetary and sustainability demands. BIM model to be sole source of all 2D drawings, being derived from the model. Generic and “place holder” system and component families may be utilized for this model deliverable. The model shall contain a high level of accuracy and proficiency as the design develops. Provide work set organization and coordinate work set management as part of BEP.
5. **Site & Topographical Surveys:** The site BIM model shall be geo-referenced to the correct coordinate system. Establish protocols and procedures for sharing and coordinating BIM Model origin points so that all consultant models may be correctly loaded into one another’s models for reference, coordination and documentation purposes. Document the procedures for coordination in the BEP. Surveys shall be projected in State plane coordinates Georgia West using the horizontal North American Datum 1983 and the vertical North American Vertical Geodetic Datum 1988 both in units of feet. Design Professional shall coordinate with Project Manager on contour interval and requirements for surveys. See 02 21 00 – Surveys for specific requirements. It is understood that not all BIM programs are compatible with State map coordinate references, if so establish a common origin point between BIM models and Survey / Site information and document in the BEP.



6. **Energy Modeling Requirements:** BIM Team shall continue development of energy model on the selected scheme for Schematic Design to optimize focus on the most promising energy saving strategies. Document how the model will progress at each phase and which BIM Team member is responsible for the energy model at each phase. (For example, the early phase energy analysis might be performed by the architect utilizing a basic level program such as Revit in conjunction with Green Building Studio, then progress to an energy consultant who might utilize a more advanced program such as Ecotect or IES-VEware, and then finally progress to the mechanical engineer who will do final energy modeling using a program like eQuest.) Document a plan for how the energy model will develop in each phase of the project, identifying responsible parties, software, and integration with the BIM model in the BEP. Information shall include life-cycle cost (LCC) and return on investment (ROI).
7. **Visualization:** The BIM model shall be utilized to produce 3D & 2D views of each scheme required as appropriate to demonstrate development of the selected scheme for Schematic Design. Deliverables shall include any rendered views as required to communicate Schematic Design intent.
8. **Collision Report:** At this phase additional models and information may not yet be developed enough for true interference or clash detection. Provide plan for future phase interference and/or clash detection in the BEP.
9. **COBie Data:** At Schematic Design Phase initial COBie data shall be limited to Facility, Floor and Space information only. COBie Data shall be submitted in spreadsheet format, using the most current version of COBie. The following COBie worksheets shall be provided in the Schematic Design deliverable:
 - A. **COBie Table 6-20 Worksheet 01:** Contact (People/Offices/Companies)
This worksheet may be generated in the spreadsheet outside of the BIM program
 - B. **COBie Table 6-21 Worksheet 02:** Facility (Identification of facility (ies))
This worksheet may be generated in the spreadsheet outside of the BIM program
 - C. **COBie Table 6-22 Worksheet 03:** Floor (description of vertical levels)
This worksheet may be generated in the spreadsheet outside of or derived from the BIM model
 - D. **COBie Table 6-23 Worksheet 04:** Space (Spaces within a floor)
This worksheet shall be derived from the BIM model utilizing scheduled rooms from the BIM model, including assignable and non-assignable areas; mechanical, electrical, telecommunications, housekeeping, toilet facilities, corridors and other circulation areas.

Coordinate actual data needed in each worksheet with OUA and FMD requirements. Document required data necessary in COBie worksheets and document the components which need to have data generated and captured in the BEP. It is not necessary to provide data on all model components only those required. Schedule planning meetings to determine the scope and extents of elements and components that will need to be captured in COBie worksheets, and provide a mapping scheme for migrating data fields in the BIM model to the data fields in the COBie spreadsheets as part of the BEP.

4.3 – PRELIMINARY DESIGN (DESIGN DEVELOPMENT)

1. **Project Objectives, BEP & Budget:** The BIM Team shall provide a written description of project objectives as part of the initial BIM Execution Plan (BEP) for review and approval. Preliminary Design will show the refinement of the scope of work identified during the Schematic Design



Phase. It will also have reconciled the impact of the engineering disciplines on the Schematic Design, and have major structural and MEP systems modeled at this time to demonstrate the integration of the original schematic design concepts with the engineering requirements. Updated Budget/Cost estimates and updated Schedule shall also be provided at this phase. BEP should document the various design models from the BIM Team entities. Use BIM software to extract more accurate figures for cost estimating. Outputs shall be on spreadsheets and submitted at the end of this phase.

2. **Program and Space Validation:** Provide an updated program and space validation report that utilizes spatial data which includes room areas derived from the BIM model. Verify building efficiency targets. In addition provide spatial data in COBie format (see COBie Data item below)
3. **Existing Building Conditions & Existing Utilities Report:** The Design Professional shall continue to model existing conditions needed to coordinate the extent of the new construction work where work includes additions or alterations. Unless otherwise specified, the Design Professional is responsible for verification of existing conditions and ensuring that all electronic deliverables are accurate and comply with requirements. At this phase existing utilities should be identified, documented and coordinated with base MEP systems and show how new MEP systems will tie into the existing utilities.
4. **BIM Model:** All information required for Preliminary Design level of development shall be graphically and alphanumerically correct, included in, and derived from the BIM model. Including, room and building areas and names. Model shall meet UGA's functional and aesthetic requirements while still meeting budgetary and sustainable, if this is required, demands. BIM model to be sole source of all 2D drawings, being derived from the model. Generic and "place holder" system and component families should be replaced with proposed system and component families. A model to contain a high level of accuracy and proficiency as the design develops. Provide additional scope of work coordination regarding how final building elements are going to be modeled between BIM Team entities and documented in the BEP. For example certain structural elements such as floor slabs can be the responsibility of the Architect or Structural Engineer. In some cases the elements may be duplicated, copy/monitor may be utilized, if so, how and for which elements, document in BEP. Additional modeling Requirements:

- A. **Architectural Systems Requirement:** Architectural Site Plan, existing building elements or conditions, demolished items, new interior and exterior walls (not generic types), ceilings, soffits, sun control elements, floors and roof systems, penthouses and roof structures, fenestration and doors, vertical circulation, built in millwork and architecturally significant equipment, furnishings and fixtures, plumbing fixtures.
- B. **Structural Engineering Requirements:** Foundations, framing, shear and load bearing walls, brick ledges, steel bracing, edge of slab conditions, lintels.
- C. **HVAC Systems Requirements:** Equipment such as fans, VAV's, compressors, chillers, cooling towers, air handlers, etc.; Distribution ductwork modeled to outside ductwork or duct insulation; Diffusers, louvers, hoods, radiant panels, perimeter units, wall units; Show clearances required for equipment access, removal or repair as invisible solids.
- D. **Electrical Systems Requirements:** Transformers, generators, main distribution panels, switchgear, main IDF's, conduit and feeders larger than ¾" diameter, outlets, switches, junction boxes, lighting fixtures and controls, fire alarm permanently mounted fixtures, building controls and clearance zones for access.
- E. **Plumbing, Process Piping & Fire Protection Requirements:** Waste/Vent , Supply or Process Piping at or over ¾" (includes any insulation); plumbing fixtures; sprinkler lines



larger than ¾" diameter, sprinkler heads, pumps, stand pipes, wall hydrants, connections and risers.

- F. **Specialty Consultants Requirements:** Equipment provided or specified by consultant with rough –in connection points for all utilities and clearances required. Extent of modeling shall be per the BIM Execution Plan.
5. **Site & Topographical Surveys:** The model shall include topography with level of detail per the BIM Execution Plan. Model should include surrounding areas that affect drainage system or have other impacts. Landscaping elements shall include planted areas, beds and berms, hardscape, site paving and storm water management structures or systems.
6. **Energy Modeling Requirements:** Continued development of energy model on the selected scheme from Schematic Design to optimize focus on the most promising energy saving strategies is required. Parametric studies to better understand the energy use of each building component are required. Model shall meet any target requirements for sustainability and/or LEED or other third party verification. Model shall include all the design and operating parameters that affect energy consumption after occupancy. Expected occupant numbers and hours, lighting use, equipment use, and other user data shall be included to attain a closer approximation of actual use. Requirements shall include options for Energy Conservation Measures (ECM) to achieve further reductions in water, electricity or energy in the facility. Information shall include life cycle cost (LCC) and return on investment (ROI). Update the plan for how the energy model will be utilized at this and future phases of the project, identifying responsible parties, software, and integration with the BIM model in the BEP.
7. **Collision Report:** At this phase additional models and information shall be developed enough for true interference and/or clash detection. Discipline Collision Reports: Collision report shall include; structure against electrical and specialty equipment; ductwork / piping against electrical equipment; ductwork / piping against floors and the building envelope; ductwork / piping against structural framing elements.
8. **COBie Data:** At Preliminary Design Phase COBie data shall be submitted in spreadsheet format, using the most current version of COBie. The following COBie worksheets shall be provided in the Preliminary Design deliverable:
 - A. **COBie Table 6-20 Worksheet 01:** Contact (People/Offices/Companies)
 - B. **COBie Table 6-21 Worksheet 02:** Facility (Identification of facility (ies))
 - C. **COBie Table 6-22 Worksheet 03:** Floor (description of vertical levels)
The following worksheets shall be derived from the BIM model utilizing scheduled rooms/elements from the BIM model.
 - D. **COBie Table 6-23 Worksheet 04:** Space (Spaces within a floor)
 - E. **COBie Table 6-26 Worksheet 07:** Component (named components & equipment)

Coordinate actual data needed in each worksheet with OUA and FMD requirements. Document required data necessary in COBie worksheets and document the components which need to have data generated and captured in the BEP. It is not necessary to provide data on all model components only those required. Schedule planning meetings to determine the scope and extents of elements and components that will need to be captured in COBie worksheets, and provide a mapping scheme for migrating data fields in the BIM model to the data fields in the COBie spreadsheets as part of the BEP.



4.4 – CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS (CONTRACT DOCUMENTS)

1. **Project Objectives, BEP & Budget:** The BIM Team shall provide a written description of project objectives as part of the initial BIM Execution Plan (BEP) for review and approval. Continued development of the model so that the design intent and scope of work is detailed and annotated, graphically clear for accurate bidding, scheduling and construction purposes. Updated Budget/Cost estimates and updated Schedule shall also be provided at this phase. BEP should document the various design models from the BIM Team entities. Use BIM software to extract more accurate figures for cost estimating. Outputs shall be on spreadsheets and submitted at the end of this phase.
2. **Program and Space Validation:** Provide an updated program and space validation report that utilizes spatial data which includes room areas derived from the BIM model, and verifies that final design matches original program intent. Verify building efficiency targets. In addition provide spatial data in COBie format (see COBie Data item below).
3. **Existing Building Conditions & Existing Utilities Report:** The Design Professional shall continue to model existing conditions needed to coordinate the extent of the new construction work where work includes additions or alterations. Unless otherwise specified, the Design Professional is responsible for verification of existing conditions and ensuring that all electronic deliverables are accurate and comply with requirements. At this phase existing utilities shall be identified, documented and coordinated with base MEP systems and show how new MEP systems will tie into the existing utilities.
4. **BIM Model:** All information required for Construction Documents level of development shall be graphically and alphanumerically correct, included in, and derived from the BIM model, including Room and Building Areas and names. Model shall meet UGA's functional and aesthetic requirements while still meeting budgetary and sustainable, if this is required, demands. The BIM model to be the sole source of all 2D drawings, being derived from the model. Generic and "place holder" system and component families should be replaced with actual representational system and component families that accurately reflect the desired design intent. The model is to contain a high level of accuracy and proficiency as the model is developed. Maintain parametric links within the model so that plans, sections elevations, custom details, schedules and 3D views are automatically generated and referenced. 2D details and section information should be consistent with and accurately match with corresponding 3D information within the scale being referenced. Do not hide 3D geometry that does not match 2D details and then draw a differing condition in 2D, 3D geometry shall accurately reflect design intent of 2D detailing. Provide additional scope of work coordination regarding how final building elements are going to be modeled between BIM Team entities and document in the BEP. Refine load calculations, wind pressure, daylighting, acoustics, natural ventilation, code issues. Extent of modeling shall be per the BIM Execution Plan. Additional modeling Requirements:
 - A. **Architectural Systems Requirement:** Architectural Site Plan, existing building elements or conditions, demolished items, new interior and exterior walls (not generic types), ceilings, soffits, sun control elements, floors and roof systems, penthouses and roof structures, fenestration and doors, vertical circulation, built in millwork and architecturally significant equipment, furnishings and fixtures, plumbing fixtures.
 - B. **Structural Engineering Requirements:** Foundations, framing, shear and load bearing walls, brick ledges, steel bracing, edge of slab conditions, lintels.
 - C. **HVAC Systems Requirements:** Equipment such as fans, VAV's, compressors, chillers, cooling towers, air handlers, etc.; Distribution ductwork modeled to outside ductwork or



- duct insulation; Diffusers, louvers, hoods, radiant panels, perimeter units, wall units; Show clearances required for equipment access, removal or repair as invisible solids.
- D. **Electrical Systems Requirements:** Transformers, generators, main distribution panels, switchgear, main IDF's, conduit and feeders larger than ¾" diameter, outlets, switches, junction boxes, lighting fixtures and controls, fire alarm permanently mounted fixtures, building controls and clearance zones for access.
 - E. **Plumbing, Process Piping & Fire Protection Requirements:** Waste/Vent , Supply or Process Piping at or over ¾" (includes any insulation); plumbing fixtures; sprinkler lines larger than ¾" diameter, sprinkler heads, pumps, stand pipes, wall hydrants, connections and risers.
 - F. **Specialty Consultants Requirements:** Equipment provided or specified by consultant with rough –in connection points for all utilities and clearances required. Extent of modeling shall be per the BIM Execution Plan.
5. **Site & Topographical Surveys:** The model shall include topography with level of detail per the BIM Execution Plan. Model should include surrounding areas that affect drainage system or have other impacts. Landscaping elements shall include planted areas, beds and berms, hardscape, site paving and storm water management structures or systems.
 6. **Energy Modeling Requirements:** Provide comparison of proposed final design to the minimally code-compliant base-case building. Model shall meet any target requirements for sustainability and/or LEED or other third party verification. Model shall include all the design and operating parameters that affect energy consumption after occupancy. Expected occupant numbers and hours, lighting use, equipment use, and other user data shall be included to attain a closer approximation of actual use. Requirements shall include options for Energy Conservation Measures (ECM) to achieve further reductions in water, electricity or energy in the facility. Information shall include life cycle cost (LCC) and return on investment (ROI).
 7. **Collision Report:** Pre-Bid Collision Reports. Collision reports to verify that no major unresolved collisions are occurring in the Design Professional Design Intent models. Discipline Collision Reports: Collision report shall include; structure against electrical and specialty equipment; ductwork / piping against electrical equipment; ductwork / piping against floors and the building envelope; ductwork / piping against structural framing elements.
 8. **COBie Data:** At Construction Document Phase COBie data shall be submitted in spreadsheet format, using the most current version of COBie. The following COBie worksheets shall be provided as part of the Construction Document deliverable:
 - A. **COBie Table 6-20 Worksheet 01:** Contact (People/Offices/Companies)
 - B. **COBie Table 6-21 Worksheet 02:** Facility (Identification of facility (ies))
 - C. **COBie Table 6-22 Worksheet 03:** Floor (description of vertical levels)
The following worksheets shall be derived from the BIM model utilizing scheduled rooms/elements from the BIM model.
 - D. **COBie Table 6-23 Worksheet 04:** Space (Spaces within a floor)
 - E. **COBie Table 6-26 Worksheet 07:** Component (named components & equipment)

Coordinate actual data needed in each worksheet with OUA and FMD requirements. Document required data necessary in COBie worksheets and document the components which need to have data generated and captured in the BEP. It is not necessary to provide data on all model components only those required. Schedule planning meetings to determine the scope and extents of elements and components that will need to be captured in COBie worksheets, and provide a mapping scheme for migrating data fields in the BIM model to the data fields in the COBie spreadsheets as part of the BEP.



4.5 – BIDDING/PROCUREMENT PHASE

1. **General:** Depending on how project is to be delivered, additional BIM requirements for model sharing may or may not be required on a project by project basis. Document any specific BIM deliverables for this phase in the BEP.

4.6 – CONSTRUCTION PHASE

1. **BIM Execution Plan (BEP) Review:** The BIM Team and UGA shall review the BEP and make necessary changes and updates to insure the smooth continual coordination of BIM modeling information and data collection and integration. The BEP shall be updated to include Commissioning into the BIM and COBie process.
2. **Design Intent Model:** The BIM Team shall continuously maintain and update the design intent model(s) with changes from Construction Change Orders and as-built mark-ups provided by the Contractor(s) during construction. Updated models shall be provided in .RVT format per the BEP for frequency and location.
3. **Construction Models:** A BIM construction model(s) shall be developed and maintained by the Contractor in .RVT format. The Contractor shall be provided a copy of the Design Professional's BIM Models(s), the Contractor shall then utilize that model to develop a concurrent construction model that he will develop for Construction Phase needs. The Construction phase model may be developed and modified as required to inform: materials, quantities, sequencing, phasing, clash detection, etc. as required by the Contractor and his Sub-Contractors. Additional construction models shall also be developed for fabrication, coordination and shop drawings. These additional construction models may be in other formats other than BIM, if they are in other formats other than .RVT then the Contractor shall review and consolidate those models utilizing Navisworks, and providing a coordinated Navisworks model as a deliverable in .NWD format, during the construction phase at a frequency to be documented in the BEP. As-Built modeling and documentation in the Construction .RVT and .NWD models by the Contractor shall be concurrent with updates to the Design Intent model(s) by the design professional team. It is not the intent of UGA to require additional, un-necessary, or duplicative modeling efforts, and UGA recognizes that different models may be generated or not depending on each BIM Team entities abilities or normal work processes. UGA in any event would like a consolidated As-Built Model in Navisworks (.NWD) that will consolidate all differing modeling methods into one reference. Discussion among all BIM Team parties is expected in determining final BIM deliverables, and all final deliverables shall be documented in the BEP and agreed to by all parties.
4. **COBie Data:** At the beginning of the Construction Phase the Contractor shall take over responsibility for the COBie Data for elements and component data. The Design Professional will maintain responsibility for the COBie Data for spatial data (Rooms and Areas) and other general information. The purpose and intent is for the Contractor to provide the additional data that will come from the shop drawing and product submittal process, delegated design elements, and redesigned systems that are the responsibility of the Contractor and Sub-contractors. The following COBie worksheets (1-4) shall be the responsibility of the Design Professional Team and provided as part of the Construction Phase deliverables per the BEP:
 - A. **COBie Table 6-20 Worksheet 01:** Contact (People/Offices/Companies)
 - B. **COBie Table 6-21 Worksheet 02:** Facility (Identification of facility (ies))
 - C. **COBie Table 6-22 Worksheet 03:** Floor (description of vertical levels)
 - D. **COBie Table 6-23 Worksheet 04:** Space (Spaces within a floor)



The following COBie worksheets (5-7) shall be derived from the BIM model utilizing scheduled information from the BIM construction model and shall be provided by the Contractor per the BEP.

- E. **COBie Table 6-26 Worksheet 07:** Component (named components & equipment)

Coordinate actual data needed in each worksheet with UGA OUA and UGA FMD requirements. Document required data necessary in COBie worksheets and document the components which need to have data generated and captured in the BEP. It is not necessary to provide data on all model components only those required. Schedule planning meetings to determine the scope and extents of elements and components that will need to be captured in COBie worksheets, and provide a mapping scheme for migrating data fields in the BIM model to the data fields in the COBie spreadsheets as part of the BEP.

4.7 – PROJECT CLOSEOUT

1. **Record Model & Drawings:** The BIM Team shall provide the final update to the Design Intent BIM Model(s) thus producing the Record BIM Model. Record model to contain all changes from Construction Change Orders and as-built markups provided by the Contractor throughout the Construction Phase process. Final Record Model shall be provided in .RVT format and .IFC formats. Record drawings will be provided as updated 2D documentation of Contract Drawings in .PDF and .DWG format or as otherwise defined in the Contract and 01 77 00 Project Closeout.
2. **As-Built Model & Drawings:** The Contractor shall provide the final update to the Construction BIM Model(s) thus producing the As-Built BIM Model. As-Built BIM Model(s) to contain all changes from Construction Change Orders and As-built markups and documentation as recorded by the Contractor throughout the Construction Phase process. Final As-Built Model shall be provided in .RVT format, .IFC format, and .NWD format.
3. **COBie Data:** The following COBie worksheets (numbered 1-4) shall be the responsibility of the Design Professional Team and shall be provided as part of the Project Closeout Phase deliverables per the BEP:
 - A. **COBie Table 6-20 Worksheet 01:** Contact (People/Offices/Companies)
 - B. **COBie Table 6-21 Worksheet 02:** Facility (Identification of facility (ies))
 - C. **COBie Table 6-22 Worksheet 03:** Floor (description of vertical levels)
 - D. **COBie Table 6-23 Worksheet 04:** Space (Spaces within a floor)

The following COBie worksheets (numbered 5-11) shall be derived from the BIM model utilizing scheduled information from the BIM Construction Model(s) and shall be provided by the Contractor as part of the Project Closeout Phase deliverables per the BEP.

- E. **COBie Table 6-24 Worksheet 07:** Component (named equipment)

Coordinate actual data needed in each worksheet with OUA and FMD requirements. Document required data necessary in COBie worksheets and document the components which need to have data generated and captured in the BEP. It is not necessary to provide data on all model components only those required. Schedule planning meetings to determine the scope and extents of elements and components that will need to be captured in COBie worksheets, and provide a mapping scheme for migrating data fields in the BIM model to the data fields in the COBie spreadsheets as part of the BEP



5.0 – COMPONENT WORKSHEET

Use the following Component Worksheet for determining which components will be tracked and assigned COBie data. This is a general list that may need to be expanded depending on the project and its components, adjust as needed and include as part of the BEP documentation and as the starting point for determining the extent of COBie data modeling required for each project.

Components to have COBie Data		
SITE		
Area Wells / Grating		N
Equipment Curbs		N
Building Pads		N
Planting		N
Sidewalks		N
Parking Stripes		N
Roads		N
Property lines		N
Topography		N
General		
Exterior		
Walls		N
Wall system		N
Windows		N
Glazing		N
Mullions		N
Header / Sill Height		N
Doors		N
Jambs		N
Door Type		N
Hardware		N
Steps		N
Ramps		N
Interior		
Walls		N
Walls to Deck		N
Walls above ceiling		N
Walls – Partial height		N
Wall Types		N
Doors		N
Door types		N
Door jambs		N
Door header height		N
Door Schedule		N

Windows		
Window Types		N
Glazing		N
Mullions		N
Header / Sill Height		N
Circulation		
Floor Type		N
Floor Finish		N
Handrails		N
Raised Floor System		N
Stairs		N
Ramps		N
Elevator		Y
Escalators		N
Restrooms		
Toilet partitions		N
Toilets		N
Grab bars		N
Sinks		N
Fixtures & Accessories		N
Misc.		
Wall Protection / Corner Guards		N
Fixed millwork		N
Fire Extinguishers		N
Mechanical Chases		N
Vertical penetrations		N
Floor penetrations		N
Columns - Architectural		N
Room Numbers		Y
Personnel assignment / occupant		N
Kitchen Equipment		
Stove		N



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Grill	N
Vent hood	N
Prep table	N
Mixer	N
Walk-in cooler/freezer	N
Reach-in cooler/freezer	N
Fryer	N
Fire suppression equipment	N
Steam table	N
Cold food table	N
Ice machine	N
Soda fountain	N
Rooftop	
Roof type	N
Roof construction	N
Vent pipes	N
Exhaust fans	N
Roof drains	N
Gutters	N
RTU curbing	N
Roof railings	N
Parapet walls	N
Roof top mechanical equipment	Y
Skylights	N
Reflected Ceiling Plans	
Ceiling Type	N
Skylights	N
Signage	N
Electrical fixtures	N
Electrical devices	N
Specialty Equipment	
Cold rooms	N
Emergency drench hose	N
Emergency eye wash	Y
Emergency shower	Y
Emergency shower/eyewash	Y
Eyewash shower	N
Exhaust fumehood	Y
Furniture	
Desk	N

Chair	N
Table	N
Side chair	N
Bookshelf	N
File cabinet	N
Credenza	N
Desktop computer	N
Laptop computer	N
Monitor	N
Printer	N
Copier	N
Plotter	N
UPS	N
Phone - handset	N
Phone - mobile	N
Fax machine	N
Artwork	N
Casework - fixed	N
Structural	
Beams	N
Columns	N
Connections	N
Gusset plates	N
Bolts	N
Flange widths	N
Joists	N
Anchor bolts	N
Base plates	N
Misc. steel	N
Mechanical	
HVAC equipment	Y
HVAC registers/returns	N
Sprinklers	N
Air terminals – supply/returns	Y
HVAC flex ducts	N
HVAC trunks	N
HVAC ducts	N
Sprinkler trunk	N
Mechanical equipment	Y
Sprinkler heads	N
Sprinkler lines	N
Fire hoses	N
AHU 100 + tons	Y



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AHU 25/99 ton	Y
AHU 3/24 ton	Y
Air compressor	Y
Air drier	Y
Computer AC unit	Y
Condensing unit	Y
Constant velocity	N
Cooling tower	N
Custodial chemical dispenser	N
CW pump	N
DDTU	N
Dehumidifier	N
Domestic water filters	N
Dryer	N
Energy recovery unit	Y
Exhaust fan	Y
Exhaust fan/fumehood	Y
Fan coil unit	Y
Fresh air supply fan	N
Fumehood	Y
HVAC vents	N
Pack AC	N
Residential furnace	N
Return air fans	N
Roof top AC unit	N
SAC	N
Steam humidifier	Y
Steam boiler	Y
Terminal reheat unit	Y
Terminal unit	Y
UHBE	N
UHBG	N
UHBS	N
UHBW	N
Unit heater electric	N
Unit heater water	Y
VAV	Y
Window AC	N
Hot water pumps	Y
Domestic booster pumps	Y
Process chilled water pumps	Y
Solar panel (water)	Y
Electrical	
Switches	N

Receptacles	N
Data/CATV outlets	N
Alarm devices	N
Thermostats	N
Sconces	N
Fire cabinets	N
Electrical panels	Y
Wiring troughs in slabs	N
Floor receptacles	N
Light fixtures	Y
Speakers	N
Exit lights	Y
Emergency exit lights	Y
Cameras	N
Exhaust fans	Y
Emergency strobes	N
Electrical conduits $\geq \frac{3}{4}$ "	Y
Electrical conduits $< \frac{3}{4}$ "	N
Data lines	N
Fire dampers	N
Hangers	N
Cable trays	N
Data port ID	N
Circuit ID	N
Transformers	Y
Transformer switches	Y
Emergency generator	Y
Switchboard	Y
Switchgear	Y
High voltage switches	Y
Plumbing	
Plumbing fixtures	N
Major plumbing trunk lines	N
Minor plumbing supply lines	N
Plumbing drain lines	N
Disconnects and shut off valves	N
Hose bibbs	N
Fire connections	N
Acid dilution tanks	Y
CD pump	N
Chiller	N
Chiller process	Y
Coalescing filters	N
Faucets	N



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Floor drains	N
Roof drains	N
Grease traps	N
Heat pump	N
Heater	N
Hot water strainer	N
HW pump	N
Inlet vane	N
Liebert unit	Y
Outdoor fountain	N
PIU	N
Processed chilled water	N
Processed chilled water filter	N
Water fountains	Y
Domestic hot water	Y
Hot water boiler	Y
VAC pump	Y
Main chilled water valves	Y
Main domestic water valves	Y
Back flow prevention	Y
FM 200	Y
Main line sewer system	Y
Cisterns	Y



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BIM EXECUTION PLAN (BEP)
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1.0 – BIM EXECUTION PLAN (BEP) AGREEMENT

By signature below, this BIM Execution Plan, dated _____ is herewith approved and will be incorporated as an amendment to the Design Professional Agreement, as a change order to the Contractor Agreement, and as an amendment to other separate consulting and commissioning agent agreements as they may apply to the list of parties co-signing this document.

The BEP shall be updated and amended at each major project phase deliverable, as new key parties or entities are brought on board the project and incorporated into the BIM Execution Plan.

Owner Representatives:

UGA OUA		
	Name	Date
UGA FMD		
	Name	Date

Design Team:

Design Professional		
	Name	Date
Structural Engineer		
	Name	Date
Mechanical/Electrical/Plumbing/FP Engineer		
	Name	Date
Civil Engineer		
	Name	Date
Other		
	Name	Date

Construction Team:

General Contractor		
	Name	Date
Mechanical Contractor		
	Name	Date
Electrical Contractor		
	Name	Date
Plumbing Contractor		
	Name	Date
Structural Contractor		
	Name	Date
Other		
	Name	Date

Other Consultants:

Commissioning Agent:		
	Name	Date



2.0 – OVERVIEW

The intent of this BIM Execution plan is to provide a framework that will let the Owner, Design Professional, engineers, and Contractor deploy building information modeling (BIM) technology and best practices on this project. This plan delineates roles and responsibilities of each party at each phase, the scope and level of detail of information to be developed, data to be managed and shared, processes defined, and software to be utilized.

3.0 – PROJECT INITIATION

This section defines the Core Collaboration Team, the project objectives, project phases, and overall communication plan throughout the project’s phases.

3.1 – PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name:	Project Name
Project Number:	Project Number
Project Address:	Project Address
Project Description:	Project Description

3.2 – PROJECT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Project Goal(s)	Achieved if	Project Timeframe
Provide UGA OUA with a useful BIM model that can assist in future renovations, additions and space management.	Model is accurate and contains all major components and systems in Revit format, updated to reflect as-built	Completion of Project
Provide UGA FMD with useful COBie data for the facilities management of the building.	All required data is determined early in the project and accurately setup, managed, accumulated and exported into complete COBie worksheets that can be imported into UGA’s FM program.	Completion of Project



3.3 – TEAM INFORMATION

Contact	Role/Title	Company	Email	Phone
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
Name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555
name	title	company	email	p. 555-555-555 c.555-555-5555



3.4 – PROJECT PHASES / MILESTONES

Project Phase / Milestone	Estimated Start Date	Estimated Completion Date	Project Stakeholders Involved
Programming/ Pre-Design Phase	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers
Schematic Design Phase	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers, Contractor
Preliminary Design Phase	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers, Contractor, Commissioning agent
Construction Documents Phase (Refer to schedule for early bid packages)	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers, Contractor, Commissioning agent
Agency Review & Bidding Phase (Contractor)	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers, Contractor, Commissioning agent
Close-Out (Design Team)	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Design Professional, Consulting engineers,
Close-Out (Contractor)	MM/DD/YEAR	MM/DD/YEAR	Owner, Contractor, Commissioning agent



4.0 – MODEL PLANNING

Identify BIM Models that will be created (ie. Design Professional, Structural, MEP, etc), who the model managers will be from each party responsible, naming convention of BIM files that will be used for final model deliverables, and level of detail utilized at each phase.

4.1 – MODEL MANAGERS

Each party—such as the owner, Design Professional, Contractor, or sub-consultants—that is responsible for contributing modeling content should assign a model manager to the project. The model manager from each party has a number of responsibilities. They include, but are not limited to:

1. Transferring modeling content from one party to another
2. Validating the level of detail and controls as defined for each project phase
3. Validating modeling content during each phase
4. Combining or linking multiple models
5. Participating in design review and model coordination sessions
6. Communicating issues back to the internal and cross-company teams
7. Keeping file naming accurate
8. Managing version control
9. Properly storing the models in the collaborative project management system

Stakeholder	Model Manager	Email	Phone
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555
company name	name	name@name.com	p.555-555-5555



4.2 – PLANNED MODELS

In the table below, outline the models that will be created for the project. List the model name, model content, project phase when the model will be delivered, the model's authoring company, and the model-authoring tool that will be used. For models that will not be used or created in your project, just leave the row blank, and add rows for model types you anticipate needing that are not already listed.

Model Name	Model Content	Project Phase	Authoring Company	Authoring Tool
Design Professional Model	Design Professional building and component objects, code information, Room area information	SD,DD, CD, Construction, Close-out	Design Professional company name	Autodesk Revit Design Professional
Lab Furnishings Model	Design Professional Casework and Fixed Furnishings	DD, CD, Construction, Closeout	Consultant company name	Autodesk Revit Design Professional
Survey/Civil Model	Topography, site utilities to within 5 feet of perimeter, hard and soft surfaces, other site objects	SD, DD, CD Construction, Closeout	Survey Engineer company name	Autodesk Civil 3D
Structural Model	Structural column and beam members, bearing and shear walls, foundations, analytical structural model, lintels	DD, CD, Construction, Close-out	Structural Engineer company name	Autodesk Revit Structure
Mechanical Model	Mechanical systems, equipment, load information, utilities within 5 feet of building perimeter, Space/ Zone objects	DD, CD, Construction, Closeout	Mechanical Engineer company name	Autodesk Revit MEP
Electrical Model	Electrical systems, equipment, load information, utilities within 5 feet of building perimeter	DD, CD, Construction, Closeout	Electrical Engineer company name	Autodesk Revit MEP



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Model Name	Model Content	Project Phase	Authoring Company	Authoring Tool
Plumbing Model	Plumbing systems, equipment, load information, utilities within 5 feet of building perimeter	DD, CD, Construction, Closeout	Plumbing Engineer company name	Autodesk Revit MEP
Energy Model	Energy data, run iterations, life cycle costing, peak loads	DD, CD	Company name	??
Construction Model	Scheduling information, sequencing information Fabrication models	Construction, Closeout	Construction company name	Autodesk Revit, NavisWorks
Estimate Model	Costing data, quantity takeoffs to be derived from design professionals design intent model utilized and further developed by Contractor	SD, DD, CD	Construction company name	Quantity Takeoff and Onscreen Take off.
Coordination Model	Design Intent Models, Construction models, and Fabrication information	Construction	Design intent models by Design team. Construction and Fabrication models by Construction team	Autodesk NavisWorks / (Revit TBD)



4.3 – BIM FILE NAMES

File Names for Models Should Be Formatted as:	
<i>DISCIPLINE-Project Number-Building Number.rvt (example: ARCH-20090001-BL001.rvt).</i>	
Design Professional	ARCH-****-*****.rvt (final model name)
Lab Furnishings Model	LABF-****-*****.rvt
Survey/Civil Model	CIVL-****-*****.dwg (2010)
Structural Model	STRC-****-*****.rvt
Mechanical Model	MEP-****-*****.rvt (note all MEP models will be contained in a single model)
Electrical Model	MEP-****-*****.rvt (note all MEP models will be contained in a single model)
Plumbing Model	MEP-****-*****.rvt (note all MEP models will be contained in a single model)
Energy Model	ENRG-****-*****.pd2
Construction Model	CNST-****-*****.nwf / .dwg
Estimate Model	COST-****-*****.rvt
Coordination Model	COORD-***.*****.nwf/.nwd

4.4 – PRECISION AND DIMENSIONING

Models should include all appropriate dimensioning as needed for design intent, analysis, and construction. With the exception of the exclusions listed below, the model will be considered accurate and complete. In the table below, enter which items' placement will not be considered entirely accurate and should not be relied on for placement or assembly.

Items that Will Not Be Considered Accurate for Dimensioning or Placement
Design Professional –
Structural –
Civil –
MEP –
Lab Furnishings –
Construction –



4.5 – MODEL ATTRIBUTE DATA / COBIE DATA PLANNING

Specify model component COBie data. The team will be required to add information to the BIMs that will add value to UGA's facility management systems. In support of COBie, the Project Team is required to utilize and develop COBie schedules within the BIM model that captures data information from the model for export to COBie worksheets.

The team is expected to understand data requirement for all phases of the work, and should show how data capability requirements influence the planning and collaboration for this project. Diagramming and listing expected data requirements and processes, solving workflow dynamics for the collaborative team will address the intent of the BIM project.

Develop detailed component lists along with required data fields for each component to be captured and exported to COBie. Coordinate which parties on the Design and Construction teams are responsible for delivering data at each phase of the project and how data will be consolidated and delivered so that it meets the requirements for transfer into UGA's facilities management program.

4.6 – MODELING LEVEL OF DETAIL

Specify the level of detail in your models below. The level of detail can be defined by exclusions and/or by object size. The level of detail described here should reflect descriptions listed within the AIA E202.

Size: Any object smaller than 1" will not be included in the model. Unless otherwise required to meet requirements of describing design intent and construction documentation requirements.

4.7 – MODELING PLAN

AIA form E202 will be utilized as a basis for developing a detailed modeling plan. The following outlines model plan objectives at each phase. *Edit and further develop the following outline as required to communicate and coordinate model development to meet the requirements and objectives of the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines.*

4.7.1 – PRE-DESIGN / CONCEPTUALIZATION

Objectives & Responsibilities: Provide initial design based on conceptual parameters established by the owner; ensure that code and zoning requirements meet project objectives. Provide Program of Requirements and all space considerations for reference in the model. If a BIM model is established at this phase then establish a 3D reference point for future model coordination.

Model Roles: Describe what kind of model will be developed and by what program. The role of this model will be to depict the visual concept and general layout of the project along with space requirements, along with other requirements as described in the UGA BIM Standards.

4.7.2 – SCHEMATIC DESIGN PHASE

Objectives: Provide spatial design based on input from the Conceptualization / Program of Requirement phase; provide initial design for building system and attributes including Design Professional, structural,



and MEP; identify initial coordination issues between building systems and 3D reference point for model coordination; if Contractor has been selected, then Contractor to receive input from suppliers and fabricators regarding system cost, placement, fabrication and scheduling.

Model Role & Responsibilities: The Design Professional model will show the general design and layout of the building structure and act as the baseline for all other subsystem designs, such as MEP and Structural models. The subsystem designs are only required to be narratives at this phase. Additional information may be provided by subsystem consultants during this phase as they see fit. The Design Professional model will be used to inform the Energy Models at this phase. Address how model development will meet the requirements of the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines.

COBie Data: Establish schedules and project parameters in the BIM model that will become the basis for exporting model data to COBie worksheets. Submit initial COBie data worksheets as describing in the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines.

4.7.3 – PRELIMINARY DESIGN (DESIGN DEVELOPMENT)

Objectives: Provide developed design of building and building systems; resolve coordination issues between building systems; if a Contractor is on board at this phase of the project then a combined (Design Professional/Structure/ MEP) Design Intent Model(s) will be provided to the Contractor for use in his development of a Construction Model capable of analyzing schedule, cost, and constructability.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: The Design Professional model will continue to act as the baseline for all other subsystem designs. The subsystem designs will be modified accordingly to represent the enhanced design. Once the baseline conceptual structure has been created, the Design Professional's model manager will send the model to the sub-consultants so they can develop their designs. The consulting engineers' designated model managers will audit and deliver the completed models to the Design Professional's model manager. The Design Professional's model manager will review the models to ensure compliance with the phase requirements. Once the models meet the requirements, the Design Professional's model manager will link or combine cross-disciplinary models. The Design Professional's model manager should coordinate with the consulting engineers' model managers to eliminate duplicate or redundant objects. The consulting engineers' model managers will use the Design Professional model to revise and complete their designs. Once the models are complete, the consulting engineers' model managers will deliver their models to the Design Professional's model manager. The Design Professional's model manager will review the models to ensure compliance with the phase requirements. The Design Professional's model manager will provide the Contractor's model manager with the Design Professional model and the Consulting Engineers' models. Elements or Components that will need to be duplicated between models will be documented and coordinated and a system developed for controlling the display of duplicate elements will be established through the use of work sets or other mutually agreed upon process.

COBie Data: Submit updated and additional COBie data worksheets as describing in the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines.

4.7.4 – CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS (CONTRACT DOCUMENTS)



Objectives: Finalize design of the building and all building systems, prepare documentation for agency review, and provide Design Intent Models that are the basis for all Contract Document Drawings, including all plans, elevations, sections, schedules and details needed for use in the construction of the project. Provide the Contractor a combined (Design Professional/Structure/ MEP) Design Intent Model(s) that will be utilized in his development of a Construction Model capable of analyzing schedule, cost, phasing and constructability.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: All Design Intent Models will be used to reflect the design intent of the project and be the basis for all Contract Document Drawings, these models will become the basis for creating and updating the Record Models and Record Drawings. These models will then be used as the basis for generating the Construction Model(s). The Construction Model will be used for estimating, scheduling, phasing and constructability analysis. The Construction Model(s) will also become the basis for future development of element and component data needed for the development and gathering of COBie data for periodic export into COBie worksheets.

COBie Data: Submit updated and additional COBie data worksheets as describing in the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines. Establish a schedule for future periodic COBie data worksheet updates to occur during the construction phase, along with final worksheet delivery at closeout.

4.7.5 – BIDDING PHASE

Objective: Revise Design Intent models based on agency feedback on all models. Incorporate feedback into Addenda. Design team to update all Design Intent Models with Addenda as issued.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: The Design Intent Models will be adjusted to reflect agency feedback. The Construction Model will be enhanced and further used for estimating, scheduling, construction sequencing, trade coordination, and constructability analysis. The Design Professional's model manager will communicate agency comments back to the design team. The consulting engineers' model managers will revise their design models accordingly and submit them back to the Design Professional. The Design Professional's model manager will provide the Contractor's model manager with the Design Professional model and the Consulting Engineers' models.

COBie Data: No COBie data requirements at this phase.

4.7.6 – CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Objective: Update Design Professional and Consulting Engineers' models based on submittals, RFIs, or owner-directed changes; maintain the Construction Model based on construction activities. The construction team will submit RFIs and submittals through the collaborative project management system.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: The Design Professional and Consulting Engineers' Design intent Models will be revised throughout construction, based on owner directives and As Built comments. The models will always reflect the revised contract documents with the exception of those items listed as excluded in this BEP. The Construction Model will be used for scheduling analysis, construction sequencing, delegated design component development and trade coordination. Establish and document any departures from concurrent modeling between Design Intent and Construction Models, for example, it



may be desirable to maintain the original Design Intent Model as a record of the originally designed mechanical system as designed by the Mechanical Engineers as a reference point for evaluating and comparing any re-designed mechanical systems made by the Mechanical SubContractor as a result of delegated design responsibilities. The Design Professional's model manager will work with their consulting engineers to answer the RFIs and submittals and adjust the models accordingly. The Contractor's model manager will update the Construction model and will work with the Design Professional to develop the Design Professional and Consulting Engineers' models.

COBie Data: Submit updated and additional COBie data worksheets as describing in the UGA BIM Requirements and Guidelines. Establish a schedule for periodic COBie data worksheet updates to occur during the construction phase, along with final worksheet delivery at closeout. Establish a plan for consolidating COBie data that will be exported and generated by multiple models potentially, with multiple party responsibilities that will be acceptable and useable by the Owners end user parties.

4.7.7 – CLOSE-OUT (DESIGN TEAM)

Objective: Use the Design Professional and Consulting Engineers' Design Intent Models for facility management, with the possibility of use in ongoing operations for future additions, renovations, etc.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: The Design Professional and Consulting Engineers' models will be used to represent the actual assembly of the building from construction with the exception of those items listed as excluded in this BEP. If Construction Models are more representative than Design Intent models of actual As-Built components such as mechanical System, then formulate a plan for combining differing models. The Design Professional will deliver the Record Design Intent Model(s) and Record Drawings at the end of the project to the owner.

COBie Data: The Design Team will coordinate with the Construction team to deliver a coordinated and consolidated COBie worksheet deliverable at closeout.

4.7.8 – CLOSE-OUT (CONSTRUCTION TEAM)

Objective: Use the Contractors Construction Model(s) as the basis for all final component data derived from shop drawing submittal process needed for UGA Physical Plant operations and facilities management.

Model Roles & Responsibilities: The Contractor's models will be used to represent the actual assembly of the building from construction, and will be utilized in generating the final As-Built Model and Documents. It will also be used as the basis of COBie data associated with actual product selection as the result of the shop drawing and submittal processes. The Contractor will deliver the As-Built Construction Model(s) and As-Build Documents at the end of the project to the Owner.

COBie Data: The Design Team will coordinate with the Construction team to deliver a coordinated and consolidated COBie worksheet deliverable at closeout.



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00 00 11
AESTHETIC AUTHORITY

1. GENERAL

- A. Aesthetic opinions and evaluations by a Design Professional are advisory only – and not binding on UGA. OUA reserves the right for final aesthetic judgment.



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00 00 12

CLIENT & END USER INTERFACE

For Projects Administered by OUA or FMD

1. GENERAL

- A. The Design Professional and Contractor shall take directions that modify the scope of Work only from the Owner's Representative. The person or entity that will occupy the Project is not authorized to modify the scope of Work. For Projects administered by OUA, the FMD is not authorized to modify the scope of Work. For Projects administered by FMD, the OUA is not authorized to modify the scope of Work.



00 31 31.14
SEISMIC INVESTIGATIONS INFORMATION

*New Jan.
16, 2015*

1. GENERAL

- A. The University of Georgia commissioned GeoHydro Engineers for a study entitled “UGA Central Campus Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis” for the main campus in Athens-Clarke County. The entire report dated August 19, 2014 is available at www.architects.uga.edu/standards which also includes area maps that clarify the limits of the report.
- B. The results of the analysis provide site specific hazard parameters which can be utilized instead of the broad category parameters listed in the International Building Code and are as follows:

PARAMETER	2012 IBC WITH GA AMENDMENTS	PROBABILISTIC HAZARD ANALYSIS
S_s (%g)	0.210	0.193
S₁ (%g)	0.094	0.080



00 73 01
SOLE SOURCE / SOLE BRAND

New
Jan. 16,
2015

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 08 71 00 – Door Hardware
 - ii. 12 93 13 – Bicycle Racks
 - iii. 12 93 43.13 – Site Seating
 - iv. 23 09 23 – Building Automation and Temperature Control System (BAS)
 - v. 26 56 13 – Lighting Poles and Standards
 - vi. 27 00 00 – General Communications Requirements
 - vii. 27 41 00.01 – Audio-Visual Control System
 - viii. 28 13 00 – Access Control
 - ix. 28 31 00 – Fire Detection & Alarm
 - x. 32 14 16.13 – Brick Unit and Porous Paving – UngROUTED
 - xi. 32 39 13 – Manufactured Metal Bollards
 - xii. 32 84 00 – Planting Irrigation
- 2. **PRODUCTS** – These products have received sole brand or source approval and are on file with UGA Procurement:
 - A. Door Hardware Cylinder (see section 08 71 00)
 - i. Cylinders for locksets, latchsets, and deadbolts.
 - ii. Best Access Systems: 1-855-365-2407.
 - B. Door Hardware Exit Device (see section 08 71 00)
 - i. Von Duprin, 98, 35A Series
 - ii. Ingersoll Rand Security Technologies: 1-877-671-7011.
 - C. Door Hardware Power Operator (see section 08 71 00)
 - i. LCN 4642
 - ii. Ingersoll Rand Security Technologies: 1-877-671-7011.
 - D. Bicycle Racks (see section 12 93 13)
 - i. Ribbon Rack for 7 Bicycles; #RB07IG, length: 62.375”.
 - ii. AAA Ribbon Rack Company, Division of: Brandir International, Inc: 1-800-849-3488.
 - E. Exterior Bench (see section 12 93 43.13)
 - i. Renaissance Bench with Armrests and Back, Model Number: 2806-6, length: 6’
 - ii. Renaissance “Backless” Bench with Armrests, Model Number: 2802-6, length: 6’
 - iii. TimberForm by Columbia Cascade, Palmetto Recreation Equipment, LLC: 1-888-214-5253.
 - F. Building Automation and Temperature Control System (see section 23 09 23)
 - i. This is a sole source of equipment by Automated Logic Corporation: 770-429-3000 and procured through Automated Logic – Georgia: 770-421-3280. For renovation projects that utilize a different brand, the decision to change to Automated Logic Corporation or modify the existing system will be made on a case by case basis.
 - G. Exterior Lighting Pole (see section 26 56 13)
 - i. Amerlux Exterior Lighting Pittsburgh D93-12 Series, overall height: 11’-9”, Traditional style tapered and fluted case aluminum base (.259 min. wall) with



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- exterior mounting plate, 13" round base cover, black textured powdercoat finish.
- ii. Amerlux: 1-800-364-0098.
- H. Exterior Lighting Fixtures (see section 26 56 13)
- i. LUMEC L80 series street lighting fixture, custom without ball finial on top; black texture power coated paint finish. Metal Halide with RACE refractor optics; metal halide with SE optics; and LED with LES3 optics.
 - ii. Philips Lighting Products and Services. 1-855-486-2216
- I. Irrigation Water Management Controller (see section 32 84 00)
- i. ET2000E Enhanced Water Management Controller.
 - ii. Calsense: 1-800-572-8608.
- J. Inside Cabling Solution (see section 27 00 00)
- i. Includes all parts and components (and those by Siemon's Cable Partners). Including, but not limited to, patch cables, patch panels, cabling, telecommunication jacks, and face plates.
 - ii. Siemon Network Cabling Solutions: 1-860-945-4200.
- K. Outside Cabling Solution (see section 27 00 00)
- i. Includes all parts and components including but not limited to fiber optic patch cables, fiber optic cables, connectors, splice enclosures, rack mount cabinets, adaptor pants, and cable organizers.
 - ii. Corning Cable Systems: 1-828-901-5000.
- L. Audio-Visual Control System (see section 27 41 00.01)
- i. AMX by Harman
 - ii. AMX by Harman: 1-800-222-0193
- M. Fire Detection & Alarm (see section 28 31 00)
- i. Honeywell: 1-877-841-2840, Silent Knight, for new construction projects that are not facilities operated by UGA Housing. For renovation projects that utilize a different brand, the decision to change to Silent Knight or extend the existing system will be made on a case by case basis.
 - ii. Honeywell: 1-877-841-2840, Notifier for new construction projects that are facilities operated by UGA Housing. For renovation projects that utilize a different brand, the decision to change to Notifier or extend the existing system will be made on a case by case basis.
- N. Access Control System (see section 28 13 00)
- i. Andover Continuum System
 - ii. Andover Controls: 1-978-470-0555.
- O. Brick Pavers (see section 32 14 16.13)
- i. Pine Hall Brick Light Traffic Paving Brick; Pine Hall Brick Heavy Vehicular Traffic Paving Brick; Pine Hall Brick StormPave for Light Traffic; Pine Hall Brick StormPave for Heavy Vehicular Traffic; Pine Hall Brick Paving Brick with Truncated Domes. All brick pavers in color: Courtyard Red – Georgia Plant.
 - ii. Pine Hall Brick Company: 1-800-334-8689.
- P. Manufactured Metal Bollards (see section 32 39 13)
- i. Model #: VI-BO-14/30 – RB
 - ii. Visco, Inc: 1-800-341-1444.



00 73 39

MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

1. GENERAL

- A. It is the policy of the State of Georgia that minority business enterprises shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the State purchasing process. Therefore, the State of Georgia encourages all minority business enterprises to compete for, win and receive contracts for goods, services, and construction. Also, the State encourages all companies to sub-contract portions of any State contract to minority business enterprises.
- i. The Small and Minority Business Contact person for the University of Georgia is:
Ms. Annette M. Evans
Procurement Officer
University of Georgia, Procurement Office
301 Business Services Building
Athens, Georgia 30602
706-542-2361 FAX: 706-542-7035
 - ii. Contractor may contact the Procurement Office or any buyer for assistance with the preparation of Contractor bid or proposal, or to answer questions about the bid and award process. Specific questions about the bid specifications should be directed to the buyer that issued the bid request rather than to Procurement Officer.
 - iii. The State of Georgia has a law which provides for an income tax credit on the State Tax Return to any company which subcontracts with a minority owned firm to furnish goods, property or services to the State of Georgia. Vendors should direct specific questions about this law to the Small and Minority Business Coordinators, 200 Piedmont Avenue, S.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30334, telephone 404-656-6315.



01 14 00
WORK RESTRICTIONS

1. GENERAL

- A. Contractor shall schedule and control all work persons employed on the project. Contractor shall instruct all workers to prevent tracking dirt and debris into existing buildings. Profanity, inappropriate dress or inappropriate conduct shall not be permitted on any project. Owner reserves the right to have the Contractor remove from the project anyone who, in the sole opinion of the Owner, exhibits such behavior.
- B. UGA Football Games: For projects in Athens- Clarke county the Contractor shall stop all work commencing at 3:00 pm Friday before UGA home football games and shall not work the Saturday of home football games. The construction site shall be secured to prevent unauthorized persons from entering the site. See the UGA Athletic Association webpage, www.georgiadogs.com to obtain information concerning the current schedule.

*Revised
Jan. 16,
2015*



01 14 13

ACCESS TO SITE – RIGHT OF ENTRY

1. GENERAL

- A. The Owner retains the right to enter the construction limits to inspect and/or repair existing utilities, structures and property whenever necessary. Owner shall coordinate non-emergency access 24 hours in advance.
- B. For projects in Athens-Clarke County, Contractors shall fill out the temporary ID card request form below to receive security access to existing UGA buildings that require a UGA ID access card.
- C. The Contractor shall make the construction site available and accessible UGA FMD and any other Owner retained Contractors to complete work within the site to include repairs and renovation of existing buildings, utilities, hardscape and landscape. Contractor shall coordinate his schedule with other Contractors as approved by Owner to ensure a complete and usable facility.

*Revised
Jan. 16, 2015*



**REQUEST FOR
TEMPORARY ID CARD
CONTRACTOR**

Sponsor Name: _____
 Sponsor Department: _____
 Department Address: _____
 Sponsor Telephone: _____
 Sponsor MyID: _____@uga.edu

REQUIRED SPONSOR INFORMATION

RETURN TO: **UGACard Office**
309 Tate Student Center

FAX: 706 542-0070

Contractors for the University campus whose stay is for an extended but defined period of time, generally from one month to one year, and for a specific academic or administrative purpose, similar to work being performed by regular UGA faculty or staff, will be eligible for a sponsored Contractor ID badge.

Included in this category would be individuals whose work is based on campus but who are not part of the UGA master payroll/personnel data base. (Those excluded from this category would include students, conference participants, entertainers, law enforcement agencies, and most state and federal employees.) Individuals in this category are not eligible for University services (Contractors are not eligible for discounted athletic tickets). Contact the specific service provider if there are any questions concerning the use of this card. Some University services require a participation fee.

UGACard DATABASE INFORMATION

Full Name of Contractor: _____
Last First MI

Date of Birth _____ Gender _____ **Social Security Number:** _____

*Assigned Number: _____

For foreign contractors:
Country of citizenship _____ Has a social security number been applied for? _____

* The UGACard Office will assign special identification numbers to foreign visitors who do not apply for social security numbers.

Purpose of work on UGA Campus: _____

Job title or position: _____ Contractor Company Name _____

Dates Contractor Will Be On Campus: Beginning Date _____ Ending Date _____

Individuals in the Contractor Database may be renewed annually from July 1 through June 30.

UGA Campus Address _____ Campus Phone # _____

Department Head Approval: _____ Phone: _____ Date _____

Dean or Vice President Approval: _____ Phone: _____ Date _____

>>>Submit this request at least five days prior to coming to UGACard Office to have card made<<<

>>>Application will NOT be accepted without Sponsor MyID and Approving Signatures<<<

UGACard Office Use Only

Reviewed and Approved by: _____

Date: _____ Photo Date: _____

Entered in Database by: _____

Date: _____

Revised 06/12



01 29 00
PAYMENT PROCEDURES

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 01 29 73 – Schedule of Values
 - ii. 01 74 19 – Construction Waste Management & Disposal
 - iii. 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements
- B. Prior to being able to receive compensation for services, Design Professionals and Contractors, who have not previously contracted with UGA, must complete the UGA new vendor form and be current in the UGA system. The new vendor form is available at <https://webapps.ais.uga.edu/UVDB-VP/home.seam>.
- C. Prior to the Design Professional receiving full compensation for Schematic Design and Design Development/Preliminary Design the requirements of 01 81 00 shall be met and the 01 81 00 Facility Performance Requirements Checklist submitted.
- D. Application for Payment Procedure for Construction Manager, Design-Build, and Design-Bid-Build project delivery methods:
 - i. Contractor shall submit a draft version of the Exhibit K Application for Payment (either electronically or in hard copy), and all associated back-up documentation as required by the Contract to the Design Professional and to the Project Manager for review/approval. In addition to Exhibit K Application for Payment form in the Contract, the Contractor shall provide an Application and Certificate of Payment in the America Institute of Architects (AIA) format with corresponding schedule of values breakdown. Exhibit K Application for Payment must be executed as per the Contract; however, the additional Application and Certificate for Payment in an AIA format is not required to be signed and notarized as it is provided as reference information to assist the Design Professional and Project Manager in reviewing Application for Payment back-up documentation.
 - ii. Within three days of receipt of the draft version of the Application for Payment, the Design Professional and the Project Manager will either approve the Application for Payment or will provide comments to be addressed by the Contractor.
 - iii. Once all comments are addressed to the satisfaction of the Design Professional and Project Manager, three originals of the approval copy of the Application for Payment will be sent by the Contractor to the Design Professional for signature. The Design Professional will retain one copy and forward two originals to the Project Manager. (Note: For Construction Manager or Design-Builder projects, the approval version of the Application for Payment only needs to include the Exhibit K coversheet and schedule of values in addition to the AIA Application and Certification of Payment form. The detailed back-up and copies of the invoices and subcontractor pay requests do not need to be re-submitted with the final Application for Payment forms.) The Design Professional will then sign and forward two originals of the Application for Payment to the Project Manager for processing and payment.
 - iv. Complete 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management & Disposal Report and include with monthly Application for Payment.

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- E. Application for Payment Documentation for Construction Manager and Design-Builder projects:
- i. For the draft version of the Application for Payment, the Contractor shall include with it copies of all invoices, labor billings, subcontractor applications for payment and executed subcontractor's interim lien releases.
 - ii. The Contractor shall maintain a Contingency Log that is updated and submitted with each Application for Payment that shows any costs that have been transferred from the contingency line item into all other line items with an explanation of each transfer.
 - iii. Upon approval of a Component Change Order or Change Order, the Contractor shall distribute all Component Change Order or Change Order costs among the respective line items against which the actual costs will be charged. Although Component Change Orders and Change Orders are frequently approved on a lump sum basis so as to be incorporated into the GMP, billing for the associated work is on a cost-plus basis with a maximum price and if the total value of the change order funds is not spent, the remaining value of the Component Change Order and / or Change Order will be returned to contingency funds.



01 29 73
SCHEDULE OF VALUES

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 01 29 00 – Payment Procedures
- B. The Contractor shall submit a draft of the Schedule of Values (SOV) to the Project Manager and Design Professional for approval prior to the first pay request being submitted.
- C. The SOV shall include the following column headings at a minimum: original scheduled value, change orders, revised schedule of values, previous billings, current billings, stored materials, total completed and stored to date, and retainage.
- D. Contractor Construction Overhead Costs (General Conditions) shall be listed as a separate line item within the SOV.
- E. Insurance shall be listed as a separate line item within the SOV.
- F. Performance and payment bonds shall be listed as a separate line item within the SOV.
- G. For projects implementing Building Information Modeling (BIM), there shall be a separate line item within the SOV for BIM related costs.
- H. The following items, specific to Construction Manager and Design-Builder project delivery methods, shall be listed as separate line items within the SOV:
 - i. Pre-construction Overhead Costs and Expenses (General Conditions)
 - ii. Pre-construction Fee
 - iii. Construction Fee
 - iv. Contractor Contingency
- I. For Construction Manager and Design-Builder projects, each line of the SOV shall correspond to the subcontract amount for only one subcontractor so that the required back-up subcontractor payment applications matches a specific SOV line item. In the event that there is more than one subcontract representing a scope of work (for example steel could possibly be subdivided into steel erection, steel fabrication and miscellaneous metals), the SOV should be subdivided accordingly.
- J. For Construction Manager or Design-Build projects, the change order amounts shall be distributed among each of the separate line items as appropriate to allow for the billings to be tracked against each corresponding subcontractor's pay request.
- K. For projects awarded on a lump sum basis, the change orders can be added as lump sums on a new line added below the total line for the original base contract amount.
- L. For projects awarded on a lump sum basis, the Fee shall be allocated on a percentage basis among each of the line items.
- M. For projects awarded on a lump sum basis, the SOV should be detailed enough to allow for proper review and analysis of percentages of work complete. For example, electrical should be subdivided into such categories as exterior power, exterior lighting, interior lighting, switchgear and panels, devices, conduit and wiring, telecommunications, fire alarm system, etc.



01 31 19.13

PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETINGS

1. GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall schedule at the convenience of the Owner a Pre-Construction Meeting at least fourteen calendar days prior to beginning any construction. The meeting shall include as a minimum the Contractor's authorized representative, the Design Professional and the Owner's authorized representatives. The Contractor shall invite the User, University utilities and infrastructure representatives as suggested by the Owner, Contractor, Contractor's Sub-contractors and the Owner's Testing Agency representatives. For projects with a Land Disturbance Activities permit and /or a NPDES permit, the University of Georgia Environmental Safety Division shall be invited to the pre-construction meeting. The conference shall be held at a time convenient to the Owner and held at the construction site. The conference agenda shall include introduction of key personnel and responsibilities; review of project schedule; job site logistics; contract specifications; contract administration; and University policies and procedures.



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01 31 19.23
PROGRESS MEETINGS

1. GENERAL

- A. After every design meeting the Design Professional shall issue a meeting summary within seven calendar days after the meeting date. The meeting summary shall include a list of attendees, the meeting date, topic, and all action items and decisions. The meeting summary shall be emailed to the Project Manager as well as to others requested by the Project Manager.
- B. After every construction meeting the Contractor shall issue a meeting summary within seven calendar days after the meeting date. The meeting summary shall include a list of attendees, the meeting date, topic, and all action items and decisions. The meeting summary shall be emailed to the Project Manager as well as to others requested by the Project Manager.



01 31 23
PROJECT WEBSITE

1. GENERAL

- A. For Construction Manager and Design-Build project delivery methods:
 - i. The Contractor shall provide a secure website or File Transfer Protocol (FTP) system to allow transfer of electronic files between the Design Professional, Contractor, and UGA.
 - ii. The Contractor shall provide login and password information to UGA personnel as requested by the Project Manager.
- B. For Design-Bid-Build project delivery methods:
 - i. The Design Professional shall provide a secure website or File Transfer Protocol (FTP) system to allow transfer of electronic files between the Design Professional, Contractor, and UGA.
 - ii. The Design Professional shall provide login and password information to UGA personnel as requested by the Project Manager.
- C. The secure website or FTP system shall be maintained from project inception through Final Completion.
- D. As a minimum the Design Professional shall make available for download drawings and specifications at each review milestone and as requested by the Project Manager.
- E. After construction documents are issued for construction, the Design Professional shall make available for download any revisions including supplementary sketches and documents.
 - i. The drawings shall be both in a CAD file format “.dwg” and a portable document format “.pdf”. CAD files must have x-refs bound into the file.
 - ii. The specifications shall be able to be read with Microsoft Word and allow for a global search.



01 32 16

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 01 35 46 – Indoor Air Quality – During Construction
- B. Schedules shall include timeframes required to insure that off-gassing is substantially complete prior to occupancy. Refer to 01 35 46 Indoor Air Quality – During Construction.
- C. Schedule shall include delivery and installation of furniture (regardless of whether it is Owner provided or Contractor provided) per direction of Project Manager.
- D. Schedule shall include final in place mock ups of interior paint samples with final light fixture and lamps in place.
- E. Schedule shall include date of required activation of data connections for the digital controls system.
- F. Schedule shall include adequate time for the completion of testing, adjusting, and balancing for HVAC prior to Material Completion. The Contractor shall take the time for resolution of these issues by the responsible party into account in the schedule. A ‘contingency’ of an additional week or two should be incorporated into the balancing plan schedule to accommodate additional time required for the responsible party to correct any minor issues preventing design performance of the building.
- G. The schedule shall include 80% and 100% fire marshal inspections.
- H. The schedule shall include training which shall be completed prior to Material Completion.
- I. The schedule shall include preparation and review of closeout submittals. Closeout submittals shall be submitted at or prior to Material Completion.



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01 33 00
SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 03 Modifications to General Requirements for BOR Contracts
 - ii. 01 77 00 Project Closeout
- B. Any costs associated with submittals shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid.

01 35 13.01

SPECIAL PROJECT PROCEDURES – UTILITY & SYSTEMS OUTAGES

1. GENERAL

A. **Connections To Existing Utilities:** All utility work involving connections to existing utility systems (including but not limited to: electrical, communications, water, gas, steam, chill water, storm water & sanitary systems) shall be coordinated with the Owner. Contractor shall inform the Owner prior to any proposed shutdown, outage or work of any nature which will interrupt or disturb any building utility system or equipment served by that system. A minimum of 72-hours notice is required for the Owner to make all necessary arrangements for this work, and such shutdowns shall be scheduled at the convenience of the Owner.

B. **Fire Alarm And Fire Sprinkler Deactivation (Less Than 4 Hours At One Time):** If the project has an existing fire alarm system and or fire sprinkler system that will be encountered during the Work that will from time to time require temporary deactivation (for less than 4 hours), the Contractor shall contact the Owner's Representative a minimum of 72 hours in advance to coordinate deactivation request. The Contractor shall also make the following notifications for projects in Athens-Clarke County:

Revised Jan. 16, 2015

- i. University of Georgia Environmental Safety Division, Fire Safety (706) 369-5706
- ii. University of Georgia Police Department (706) 542-5813
- iii. University of Georgia Fire Alarm Monitoring Company, Fire Protection Associates (706) 548-8659
- iv. University of Georgia specific facility affected

C. **Fire Alarm And Fire Sprinkler Deactivation (More Than 4 Hours At One Time):** If a sprinkler or fire alarm system on the campus of the University of Georgia is out of service for more than four hours, a fire watch must be implemented according to the following procedures.

Revised Jan. 16, 2015

i. **Notifications for projects in Athens-Clark County:**

- a. University of Georgia Environmental Safety Division, Fire Safety (706) 369-5706
- b. University of Georgia Police Department (706) 542-5813
- c. University of Georgia Fire Alarm Monitoring Company, Fire Protection Associates (706) 548-8659
- d. University of Georgia specific facility affected

ii. **Fire Watch Duties**

- a. Person(s) on fire watch duty should not have any other responsibility during the time the fire watch is in effect and must keep a cell phone in his/her possession at all times during the fire watch.
- b. Patrol the entire area affected by the service outage every 30 minutes and look for any signs of fire, smoke and any activities that could create a fire.
- c. Keep a log of all fire watch patrols.
- d. Maintain fire watch for one hour beyond the last time that welding operations occurred.
- e. If a fire is discovered:
 - 1) Activate the building alarm system if in service.



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- 2) Call 911 to report the fire
 - 3) If the building fire alarm system is out of service, ask the campus police to assist in the evacuation of the building.
 - 4) Notify others on the floor of the fire.
 - 5) Do not attempt to fight the fire unless you have been trained on the use of portable fire extinguishers.
- f. Once the need for a temporary fire watch has passed and the fire protection system has been fully restored, the person on fire watch duty will cancel the fire watch by contacting the UGA Environmental Safety Department, the UGA Police Department, the UGA Fire Alarm monitoring company and the UGA specific facility that is affected by the fire watch.
- iii. All costs associated with the fire watch shall be included in the Cost of the Work or Base Bid.



01 35 13.02

SPECIAL PROJECT PROCEDURES – ROOFING & HOT WORK

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 03 – Modifications to General Requirement of BOR Contracts
- B. Roofing & Hot Work for Additions & Renovations: To complement the requirements of previously cited NFPA-241, regarding Contractor's duties during the execution of work under this contract, the Owner requires that the Contractor comply with the following guidelines for all roofing projects, additions and renovations, and all other projects which require hot work. Hot work includes any construction activity that presents a source of ignition, such as welding, burning/cutting, heating, brazing and soldering. Contractor shall, prior to the start of work at the site, develop a documented fire safety plan for all areas included under this contract. Such plan shall be the result of a complete assessment by the Contractor to minimize the potential for damage as a result of an uncontrolled fire and must be submitted to the Owner's designated fire safety representative for review and approval. The fire safety plan must include, but need not be limited to, the description and documentation of each of the following elements:
 - i. Control Of Combustibles
 - a. Contractor shall visually inspect entire project location to identify combustible and non-combustible construction. Contractor shall identify sealed, inaccessible combustible spaces.
 - b. Contractor shall identify and relocate all movable combustibles at least 35 feet horizontally from the work site. Where not possible, Contractor shall protect such combustibles with flame-proof covers or otherwise shield them with metal fire resistant guards or curtains.
 - ii. Control Of Combustibles
 - a. Contractor shall comply with the Owner's documented hot work permit system, including the following minimum requirements:
 - 1) Contractor shall identify names and locations of fire watches for all hot work operations.
 - 2) Contractor shall identify timing and duration of all proposed hot work. Permits shall be valid for time specified on permit, as appropriate for the project needs.
 - 3) Contractor shall employ dedicated fire watches, which shall be located in direct visual contact of all areas of hot work operations including the underside of combustible attic spaces. If area of proposed work is not accessible from beneath, Contractor shall not under any circumstances use torches or direct flame.
 - 4) Contractor shall maintain a daily log of activities, including accurate project records of all fire watch activities.
 - 5) Contractor shall assign responsibility for overseeing fire watches to specific individual(s) whose only duty is to watch for and to prevent fires occurring due to hot work. This individual(s) shall be listed on permit as responsible.



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- 6) Each Contractor's fire watcher shall employ an operable cellular phone for immediate notification of fire department in the event of a fire.
 - 7) Contractor shall be responsible for immediate fire department notification in case of fire.
 - 8) Contractor shall continue fire watches for at least one hour after any hot work operations are completed.
 - 9) Notify building occupants of fire or expected fire.
- b. Contractor shall comply with the following minimum suppression requirements
- 1) Contractor shall provide 10 lb. multi-purpose dry chemical fire extinguishers within 20 feet of the operation.
 - 2) Where hot work, if approved by the Owner's designated fire safety representative, is necessary near combustible attic spaces, Contractor shall provide a charged hose line from building standpipe or hydrant. This requirement shall be coordinated with the Owner's fire safety coordinator to insure standpipe or hydrant are available and that person(s) operating the charged hose line is properly trained and qualified to operate the hose.
 - 3) Contractor's fire watchers shall have fire extinguishing equipment readily available, and shall be trained in the proper use of all such equipment; proof of such training shall be included in fire safety plan.
- iii. Fire Watch: If fire watches are required to be employed, the Contractor shall retain an independent consultant to provide a system of documented audits of compliance with fire watch provisions and NFPA 241. Contractor shall select the consultant from a list of approved firms furnished by the Owner at the pre-construction meeting. The cost for fire watch provisions, if applicable, shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid. Contractor shall note that the approval of the Contractor's fire safety plan by the Owner's fire safety representative does not relieve the Contractor from any duty to protect the Owner's property during the execution of work under this Contract. The Owner shall make available to the Contractor, upon written request, all documented information in the Owner's possession concerning the construction of the building or buildings included under this contract. The Contractor is ultimately responsible for minimizing the potential for fire damage while performing all work under this contract. If fire watch is approved, Contractor shall provide the fire watch contact information to University of Georgia Police Department 24 hours in advance of the fire watch.



01 35 23

OWNER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS – SAFETY BARRIERS

1. GENERAL

- A. Contractor shall provide barriers and warning signs to delineate the construction area and to designate the “Danger” area. This danger area shall be the area immediately surrounding the location where the Work is being completed. The exact location of the barriers shall be determined by the Contractor and coordinated with the Owner prior to beginning construction. The barriers shall be placed by the Contractor to warn and protect persons from any hazards, which may occur during the course of construction. The Contractor may elect to erect a fence to protect the limits of construction and to secure materials kept on site. Associated costs shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid.



01 35 46

INDOOR AIR QUALITY PROCEDURES – DURING CONSTRUCTION

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 01 32 16 – Construction Progress Schedule:
- ii. 06 00 00 – General Wood, Plastics, and Composites Requirements
- iii. 09 00 00 – General Finishes Requirements
- iv. 09 20 00 – Plaster and Gypsum Board
- v. 09 60 00 – Flooring
- vi. 09 68 00 – Carpeting
- vii. 09 91 23 – Interior Painting
- viii. 12 00 00 – General Furnishings Requirements

B. Tobacco Free

- i. In accordance with the Tobacco and Smoke-Free Campus Policy of the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia, the use of all forms of tobacco products is prohibited on property owned, leased, rented, in the possession of, or in any way used by the University. “Tobacco Products” is defined as cigarettes, cigars, pipes, all forms of smokeless tobacco, clove cigarettes and any other smoking devices that use tobacco such as hookahs or simulate the use of tobacco such as electronic cigarettes. Further, this policy prohibits any advertising, sale, or free sampling of tobacco products on University property unless specifically stated for research purposes. This prohibition includes but is not limited to all areas indoors and outdoors, buildings and parking lots owned, leased, rented or otherwise by the University. The use of tobacco products is prohibited in all vehicles—private or public—located on University property. Additionally, all events hosted by the University or by outside groups on behalf of the University shall be tobacco-free. Failure to comply with this policy by contractor or its subcontractors shall constitute a material breach of these terms.

*Revised Jan. 16,
2015*

2. PRODUCTS

- A. Low volatile organic compound (VOC) materials shall be used within the interior weatherproofing of the facility; zero when available. Provide documentation to the Project Manager as requested. If there is a conflict between the VOC identified listed in the documents listed below, the one that allows the least VOCs shall apply.
 - i. Architectural coatings shall not exceed VOC limits established by the South Coast Air Quality Management (SCAQMD) Rule 1113, in effect January 1, 2004.
 - ii. Adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers, and any other primers shall not exceed VOC limits established by the South Coast Air Quality Management (SCAQMD) Rule 1168, in effect January 1, 2004.
 - iii. Paints and coatings shall not exceed VOC limits established in the Green Seal Standard GS-11 Paints and Coatings, Third Edition, August 17, 2011.
 - iv. Anti-corrosive paints and coatings shall not exceed VOC limits established in the Green Seal Standard GC-3 Environmental Criteria for Anti-Corrosive Paints, Second Edition, January 7, 1997.



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- v. Hard surface flooring products shall be FloorScore certified (current as of the date of this Standard).
- vi. Carpeting, including pad or backing, shall meet or exceed the requirements of Green Label Plus, set by the Carpet and Rug Institute.
- vii. Composite wood and agrifiber products that are part of the base building elements (not furniture or seating) shall not contain any added urea-formaldehyde resins.
- viii. New furniture and seating shall be certified by GREENGUARD Environment Institute.

3. EXECUTION

- A. Maintain minimum MERV 8 air filters during construction.
- B. Fumes
 - i. During the performance of work under this Contract, the Contractor may elect to engage in activities, or to use methods and materials, that result in fumes being generated and dispersed in occupied areas. In addition to complying with all codes and ordinances having jurisdiction, Contractor shall perform his work in a manner that shall minimize or completely eliminate the probability of such an occurrence. However, if fumes of any nature are generated or released by the Contractor to occupied portions of the building, such fumes shall be contained and exhausted from the spaces in accordance with previously cited codes and ordinances. If any Contractor-generated or Contractor-released fumes spread to occupied spaces, Contractor shall:
 - a. Stop work causing fume generation or release.
 - b. Contact the Owner's Representative (for information only).
 - c. Determine the nature and extent of fume release.
 - d. Purge all areas of these fumes; clean up areas if fumes deposited dirt or particulate matter.
 - e. Change work methods to eliminate fumes.
 - f. Continue working after steps 1 to 5 have been accomplished.
- C. For facilities that will have portions remain occupied during construction, the Contractor shall develop an indoor air quality management plan in compliance with Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractor's National Association (SMACNA) Indoor Air Quality Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction, 2007.
- D. For projects over 10,000 square feet, per the requirements of this section, either building flush-out or demonstration of compliance with indoor air quality air testing requirements is required prior to occupancy. All interior finishes shall be installed. It is preferable for moveable furnishings and partitions, desk systems and workstations to be in place, however, this is not required.
 - i. Building flush out:
 - a. Building flush out is required prior to occupancy. If End-Users will begin inhabiting the renovated areas or new facility at Material Completion than building-flush out shall be complete prior to Material Completion. If End-Users will not begin inhabiting the renovated areas or new facility prior to Final Completion, then building flush out shall be complete prior to Final Completion.
 - b. Building flush out shall be performed after all interior finishes are installed.



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- c. Following the U. S. Green Building Council guidelines, perform a building flush out that provides 14,000 cubic feet of outdoor air per square foot while maintaining a minimum interior temperature of 60 degrees with a relative humidity of less than 60%.
- d. The Design Professional shall calculate how much outside air will be required for flush out and include in the specifications the number of days required for the project mechanical system to flush out the facility and the Contractor shall include the required days in the construction progress schedule.
- e. Prior to building flush install all new filtration media.
- ii. Air testing:
 - a. Use protocols consistent with the EPA Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Air Pollutants in Indoor Air.
 - b. Documented compliance with the following indoor air quality requirement is required prior to occupancy. If End-Users will begin inhabiting the renovated areas or new facility at Material Completion than air testing compliance shall be complete prior to Material Completion. If End-Users will not begin inhabiting the renovated areas or new facility prior to Final Completion, then air testing compliance shall be complete prior to Final Completion.
 - c. Air testing shall demonstrate that the following maximum concentrations are not exceeded:
 - 1) Formaldehyde 27 parts per billion
 - 2) Particulates (PM 10) 50 micrograms per cubic meter
 - 3) Total VOCs 500 micrograms per cubic meter
 - 4) 4-Phenylcyclohexine 6.5 micrograms per cubic meter
 - 5) Carbon monoxide 9 parts per million



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01 41 00

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Contractor shall comply with all applicable provisions of National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Section 241, Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration and Demolition Operations, latest edition.



01 41 26.01

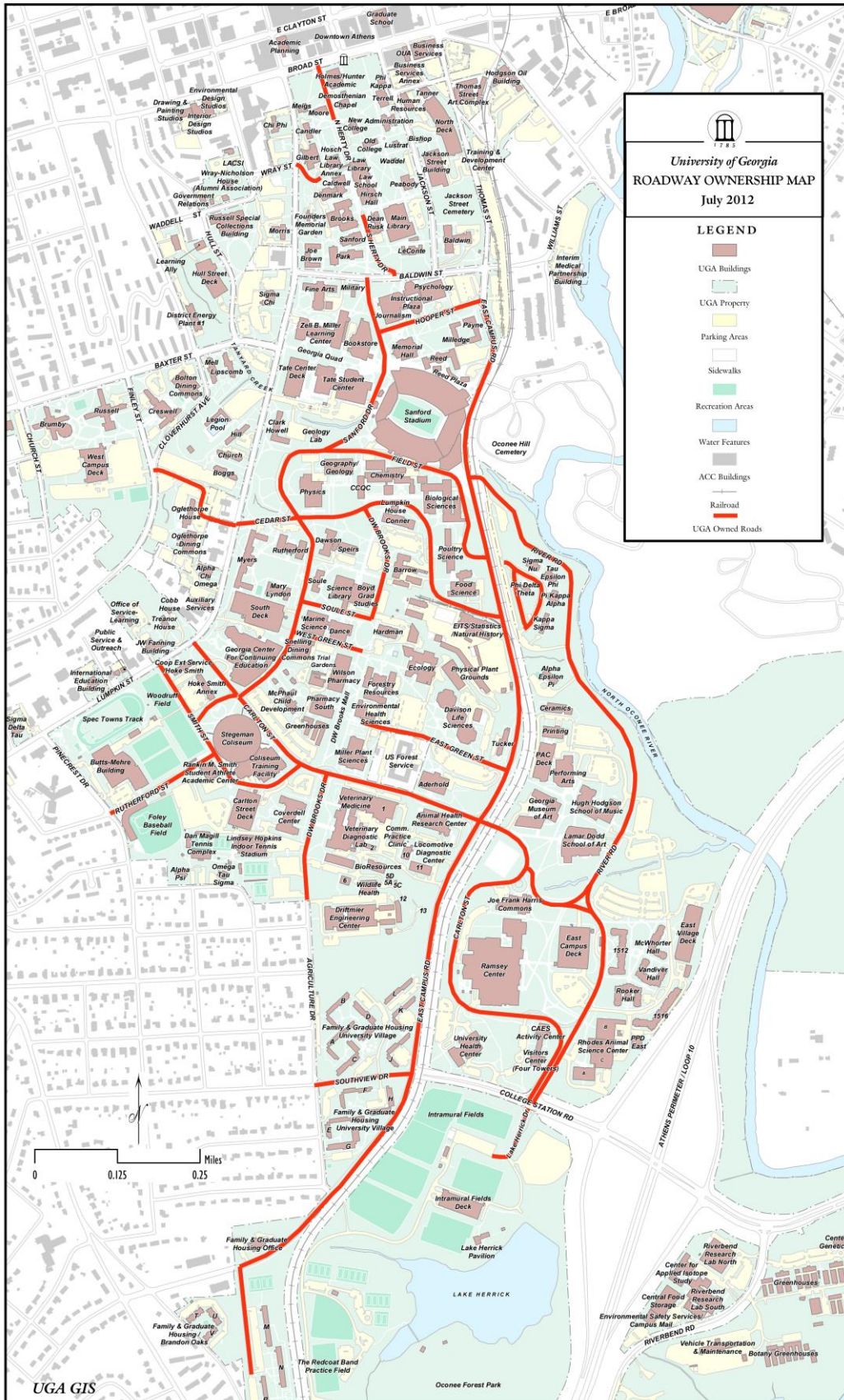
RIGHT OF WAY ENCROACHMENT / ROADWAY OWNERSHIP

1. GENERAL

- A. Right of way (ROW) Encroachment / Driveway Permit
 - i. The Design Professional is responsible for verifying the sidewalk, driveway, and roadway ownership in the location of the project. Work in or adjacent to a road that is not owned by the BOR may require a ROW Encroachment permit and / or a Driveway permit. The Design Professional is cautioned that many BOR campuses and other groups of areas that appear to be large masses of land owned by BOR, often have roadways with associated right of ways through those land masses that are not owned by the BOR.
- B. Roadway Ownership – UGA Athens Only
 - i. The Design Professional can review the map of which roads at the UGA main campus in Athens, Georgia are owned by Athens-Clarke County. The map is located at the end of this section.



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01 41 26.02

LOCAL UTILITY INFORMATION & LOCATE

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 33 00 00 – General Utilities Requirements
- ii. 33 10 00 – Water Supply Backflow Preventer Assemblies
- iii. 33 30 00 – Sanitary Sewerage Utilities – Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems

B. The Design Professional is responsible for identifying which various reviews and permits related to utility permits are required and meeting the design requirements of the entity having jurisdiction for the location of the project. The Design Professional shall apply for and submit documents for all applicable permits and make design revisions as required until the permits can be obtained.

C. Utility Owner's at The UGA, Athens, Georgia Campus

Water	ACC Public Utilities or University of Georgia
Sanitary Sewer	ACC Public Utilities or University of Georgia
Septic Sanitary System	University of Georgia
Storm Sewer	University of Georgia
Electric Power	Georgia Power Company or University of Georgia
Natural Gas	Atlanta Gas Light Company or University of Georgia
Steam	University of Georgia
Chilled Water	University of Georgia
Data Communications	University of Georgia Enterprise Information Technology Services (EITS)
Voice Communications	AT&T or EITS
Television Cable	Charter Communications or EITS
Fire Alarm Systems	University of Georgia (maintenance contract with Fire Protection Associates)
Security & Access Systems	University of Georgia Public Safety Division
Irrigation	University of Georgia Facilities Management Division Grounds Department

D. Locator Notification

- i. The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that there are active utilities within the work area. Utilities are owned by the University of Georgia and other public utility companies. 72 hours in advance of digging, the Contractor shall contact:
 - 1. Public Underground Utility Locator Service at 1-800-282-7411 or 811 as required by Georgia State Law.
 - 2. For projects on the University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia campus, University of Georgia Facilities Management Division Grounds Department at (706) 542-7450 to locate irrigation lines.
- ii. The Contractor shall be liable for all repair costs if he fails to properly notify utility locators as described above. Any utility line damaged by the Contractor which was marked or identified by the Owner of the utility shall be repaired by the Contractor at his own expense. In the event the Owner of the utility elects



to make the repairs with his own work force, the Contractor shall reimburse the Owner of the utility for the cost of repairs.

- E. Utilities Furnished
 - i. Certain utilities, if owned and operated by the University of Georgia, required for work to be performed under this contract shall be furnished by the Owner at the Contractor's expense. However, these utilities shall be furnished at the point and in the capacity that they are available adjacent to the construction site. Any utility of different pressure, capacity, type, etc. required by the Contractor that is not available within the area shall be arranged for by the Construction Manager at his own expense. Any expense involved to the Contractor in extending the utilities from the present location to the point required shall be at the Contractor's expense and included in the Cost of the Work or the Base Bid.
- F. Water Utilities – Public Water Distribution System
 - i. Any work on the public water distribution system must be approved and inspected by applicable local government offices and must be performed in accordance with the local governmental regulations. In Athens-Clarke County, most water mains, fire hydrants and water meters are under the jurisdiction of The Unified Government of Athens-Clarke County (ACC). All connections to the ACC water distribution system shall be approved and inspected by ACC Public Utilities. The current version of the construction specifications published by ACC Public Utilities (available at www.athensclarkecounty.com) regarding water main construction are incorporated into this contract. The Contractor subcontractor constructing the water distribution system improvements described in this contract shall be on the ACC list of approved contractors. Final approval, acceptance and payment for work completed on the water distribution system will be contingent on acceptance of the improvements by the ACC Public Utilities. All costs associated with compliance of the water main construction requirements shall be included in the Cost of the Work or Base Bid.
- G. Water Supply Backflow Preventer Assemblies
 - i. Any work on backflow preventers must be approved and inspected by applicable local government offices and must be performed in accordance with the local governmental regulations. In Athens-Clarke County the Double-Check Backflow Preventer for the fire main connection and Reduced Pressure Zone (RPZ) Backflow Preventers for the domestic water connections are under the jurisdiction of The Unified Government of Athens-Clarke County (ACC). The current version of the construction specifications published by ACC (available at www.athensclarkecounty.com) regarding cross-connection / back flow are incorporated into the standards. All costs associated with compliance of the cross-connection / back flow construction requirements shall be included in the Cost of the Work or Base Bid.
- H. Sanitary Sewerage Utilities – Sanitary Sewer Collection System
 - i. Any work on the public sanitary sewer collection system must be approved and inspected by applicable local government offices and must be performed in accordance with the local governmental regulations. In Athens-Clarke County, most sanitary sewer mains and man-holes are under the jurisdiction of The Unified Government of Athens-Clarke County (ACC). All connections to the ACC



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wastewater system shall be approved and inspected by ACC Public Utilities. The current version of the construction specifications published by ACC Public Utilities (available at www.athensclarkecounty.com) regarding wastewater system construction are incorporated into the standards. For work within ACC, the Contractor subcontractor constructing the wastewater system improvements described in the standards shall be on the ACC list of approved contractors. Final approval, acceptance and payment for work completed on the water distribution system will be contingent on acceptance of the improvements by the ACC Public Utilities. All costs associated with compliance of the water main construction requirements shall be included in the Cost of the Work or Base Bid.



01 41 26.03

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS – CONSTRUCTION PERMITS

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
 - ii. 01 41 26.04 – Fire Marshal Construction Inspection Requirements
- B. The state of Georgia Office of the Insurance and Safety Fire Commissioner (Georgia State Fire Marshal) has jurisdiction on Board of Regents Property located in the state of Georgia, unless noted otherwise. Design Professionals should not contact the local building authority, unless guided otherwise. For state owned property, the State Fire Marshal has jurisdiction related to construction permits, 80% and 100% inspections, certificate of occupancy, etc. Note: Local site development and utility work may require permits through the local city / county authority.
- C. Leased property: When the BOR leases property outside state owned property the construction permit will be obtained from the local city/county authority having jurisdiction.
- D. Variance: In the instance that modifications need to be made, which, therefore, deviates from the approved permit by the Georgia State Fire Marshal, the Design Professional can only request for a Georgia State Fire Marshal variance with the written approval by the Associate Vice President of OUA and Office of Fire Safety.
- E. UGA Office of Fire Safety: For renovation projects where the cost of the renovation is up to 50% of the assessed value of the structure as determined by the insured value by the records of the State Department of Administrative Services, the University of Georgia shall provide the following services on all University owned and operated or occupied buildings and structures on behalf of the Office of the Insurance and Safety Fire Commissioner and the Safety Fire Division:
 - i. Conduct plan reviews, provide comments and approvals, and issue building permits for renovation project.
 - a. One copy of the “UGA Fire Safety Form 354” and two sets of drawings and specifications shall be submitted to the Project Manager to forward to the UGA Office of Fire Safety. The form is included at the end of this section for reference and posted for download on the “Standards” website at:
www.architects.uga.edu/standards.
 - b. The transmittal form and drawings and specifications shall be submitted at minimum of four weeks prior to the date of commencement of the scheduled date of construction.
 - ii. Plan reviews and inspections are of small renovations that involve life safety code features including (but not limited to) egress and exiting, fire alarm systems, incidental changes to sprinkler systems, occupancy changes for incidental use areas, egress lighting, emergency lighting and other relevant life safety and building code features. This also includes adding or eliminating doors and walls, egress corridors or exit discharge.
 - iii. Conduct field inspections when a project has reached 80% completion and 100% completion and conduct site consultative inspections.



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 www.esd.uga.edu	UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA OFFICE OF FIRE SAFETY Environmental Safety Division Annex 148 Will Hunter Road, Athens, Georgia 30602 Phone: 706-369-5706	 UGA FIRE SAFETY UGA-354
	UGA-354 PLANS TRANSMITTAL FORM	

Date: _____

Please provide all information requested below. **ALL INFORMATION IS REQUIRED** and incomplete submittals as subject to immediate rejection. Everything submitted to the UGA Office of Fire Safety for review (drawings, revisions, addenda, specifications, etc.) must include a completed UGA-354 Transmittal Form.

SUBMITTAL: Full Set Addendum Revision TYPE: Prints Specification

PURPOSE of SUBMISSION: Permit Resubmission Preliminary Information Only

TYPE of SUBMISSION: New Construction Existing Renovation Fire Alarm Plans Sprinkler System

REVIEW FEE: No review fees will be required for University of Georgia owned, operated or related projects.

ADDRESS FOR ALL PLAN SUBMISSIONS: UGA Office of Fire Safety, ESD Annex, 148 Will Hunter Road, Athens, Georgia 30602; Telephone (706) 369-5706; FAX (706) 369-5866 Please Provide Two (2) Sets of All Submissions

FACILITY NAME: _____ UGA Bldg. # _____

Project Name: _____ Project/Contract # _____

Street Address (Physical Location) _____

City: _____ Zip _____ County _____

OWNER/Division/Department: _____ Representative Name: _____

Address: _____ E-Mail _____ Phone: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

UGA PROJECT MANAGER: _____ Phone: _____

Division: OUA: PPD: Other: Cell. Phone _____

Projected Construction Dates: Begin: _____ Completion: _____ E-Mail: _____

ARCHITECT/ENGINEER of RECORD _____ GA Reg. No. _____

Firm Name _____

Address: _____ E-Mail: _____

City: _____ State _____ Zip _____

Contact Person: _____ Phone: _____

TYPE of OCCUPANCY (per LSC) Assembly Ambulatory Health Business Day Care Detention/Jail
 Education Health Care Industrial Mercantile Nursing Home
 Personal Care Home Residential Storage

CONSTRUCTION TYPE (circle one group):

NFPA: 2,2,0 I(4,4,3) I(3,3,2) II(2,2,2) II(1,1,1) II(0,0,0) III(2,1,1) III(2,0,0) IV(2,H,H) V(1,1,1) V(0,0,0)
 IBC: IA IB IIA IIB IIIA IIIB IV VA VB

Square Feet _____ Estimated Cost: _____ Total Number of Stories _____ Basement: Yes ___ No ___

RETURN PLANS TO: (Must be a Street Address – No Post Office Box Address)

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____



01 41 26.04

FIRE MARSHAL CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 03 – Modifications to General Requirements for BOR Contracts
 - ii. 01 41 26.03 – Permit Requirements – Construction Permits
- B. Contractor shall prepare paperwork in advance of inspections and organize in a tabbed three ringer binder that will be given to UGA Office of Fire Safety.
- C. The requirements contained in this section are the minimum requirements and additional requirements per the Authority Having Jurisdiction may be requested.
- D. All requested signatures shall be signed in blue ink and letters shall be on company letterhead.
- E. In addition to 80% and 100% inspection, the Contractor shall contact Project Manager and request inspection / visual witness of tests by UGA Fire Safety, a minimum of 24 hours in advance, for the following as applicable to Project:
 - i. Visual confirmation of ball drip valve prior to cover up.
 - ii. On site visual observation of all Fire Pump tests.
 - iii. On site visual observation of flushing of underground waterlines of fire sprinklers system.
 - iv. On site visual observation of flushing of aboveground waterlines of fire sprinkler system.
 - v. On site visual observation of light leak test for cooking hood exhaust systems, light bulb being run through duct work (during non-daylight hours).
- F. Contractor shall provide documentation as applicable to Project:
 - i. Fire sealant test data and installation data sheet for specific products used.
 - ii. Building structural member spray-on fireproofing with third party testing certification.
 - iii. Certification of purchase of gypsum board and / or CMU fire resistive material for structural or fire barrier purposes.
 - iv. Clean agent system: provide installer certification and completion in accordance with applicable codes, license to practice in the State of Georgia, special hazard certification as required for interconnection into other building equipment, blue tag on equipment.
 - v. Commercial hood fire suppression system: provide installer certification and completion in accordance with applicable codes, license to practice in the State of Georgia, special hazard certification as required for interconnection into other building equipment, blue tag on equipment.
 - vi. Fire Sprinkler:
 - 1) Below ground sprinkler test certificate.
 - 2) Above ground sprinkler test certificate.
 - 3) Site supervision form signed by certificate of competency holder.
 - 4) For welded sprinkler piping on-site, provide the fire sprinkler piping welding certification(s), welders marks, and the fire sprinkler piping welder letter of certification for disc or coupon retrieval (these are the plugs that are burned/cut out when a branch line is welded to a main line).



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- 5) For fire pump, installation acceptance testing data and flow graph.
 - 6) Fire sprinkler certification for any specialized interconnection to pre-action systems or deluge systems.
 - 7) Copy of Sprinkler contractor's license to practice work in the State of Georgia.
 - 8) Certificate of completion of work in accordance with NFPA 13 (or other applicable codes).
- vii. Plumbing / Site Utility (from each contractor if there are separate plumbing and site utility contractors):
- 1) Certificate of completion of work in accordance with the International Plumbing Code edition applicable to the Project (or other applicable codes).
 - 2) Copy of Plumbing Contractor's license to practice work in the State of Georgia.
 - 3) Installation data for boiler equipment.
 - 4) Backflow preventer test certificates.
- viii. HVAC/Mechanical Items:
- 1) Certificate of completion of work in accordance with the International Mechanical Code edition applicable to the Project (or other applicable codes).
 - 2) Copy of HVAC/Mechanical Contractor's license to practice work in the State of Georgia.
 - 3) If there is a smoke shutdown system, provide a letter of certification indicting the proper operation of this system.
- ix. Electrical
- 1) Certificate of completion of work in accordance with the National Electrical Code 2010 and NFPA 72 (or other applicable codes).
 - 2) Copy of Electrical Contractor's license to practice work in the State of Georgia.
 - 3) Fire alarm system battery calculations indicating the minimum amps per hour required to run the system in accordance with NFPA 72.
 - 4) Fire alarm system record of completion and certification.
 - 5) Copy of Fire Alarm Contractor's license to practice work in the State of Georgia (required if fire alarm contractor is not the same as the electrical contractor).
 - 6) Fire alarm certification for interconnection to auxiliary systems such as kitchen hood suppression system, air handling duct detectors, smoke removal systems, exhaust fume hoods, chemical fume hoods, elevator recall systems, fire exit door releases.
 - 7) If there is a generator, provide electrical generator acceptance test.



01 41 26.05

ROCK REMOVAL – ROCK BLASTING

1. GENERAL

- A. If the concept to use explosives to remove rock is approved by the Project Manager, then the Contractor, a minimum of seven calendar days prior to commencing blasting activities shall provide the Project Manager with:
 - i. The proposed blasting schedule.
 - ii. A complete and executed 'UGA Blasting Checklist' which is located at the end of this section.
- B. The Project Manager will forward the blasting schedule and 'UGA Blasting Checklist' to UGA Office of Fire Safety who will in turn coordinate with the State Fire Marshal. The Project Manager and Contractor must receive written authorization of approval from UGA Office of Fire Safety prior to authorizing the commencement of blasting.



UGA Blasting Checklist

**** This form is to be submitted and approved prior to all blasting activities ****

Project Name: _____

Contractor Responsible: _____

Trade Contractor Responsible: _____

Blasting Company Responsible: _____

Scheduled Date / Time of Blasting: _____

Notifications (one week in advance):

- 1. UGA Office of Fire Safety (call 706-369-5706)

Date/Time Notified _____ Contact Person _____

- 2. UGA Police (call

Date/Time Notified _____ Contact Person _____

- 3. Local Police/Fire Department (For Athens-Clarke County call 706-542-2200)

Date/Time Notified _____ Contact Person _____

Day of Blast: _____

- 2. Local Utilities Department (For Athens-Clarke County call 706-613-3470 Admin)

Date/Time Notified _____ Contact Person _____

- 3. Department Notifications
(Coordinate list and Contact with Owner's Representative)

Department Name: _____ Date/Time Notified _____

Checklist

- 1. Blaster certification card on file / Georgia license #:

- 2. Pre-blast seismic survey completed prior to blast _____

Surveying Company _____ Survey Date _____

- 3. 6' of earth cover confirmed on site _____

- 4. Blast mats in place _____

- 5. Crushed stone used to fill boring holes _____

- 6. Perimeter verified & staffed by blaster and WT with radio communication – 200' from blast zone _____

- 7. Verify no charges are within 10' of existing utilities _____

- 8. Immediately prior to blasting administer 3 quick sirens and 1 long siren with air horn _____



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UGA Blasting Checklist (Continued)

9. Seismograph in place and functional _____
10. Post-blast seismograph reading _____ Time of Reading _____
11. Blaster checks detonation tail cap to verify all explosives have discharged before anyone can re-enter site _____

Trade Company Responsible Signature _____ Date: _____

Trade Company Responsible Printed Name _____

Contractor Signature _____ Date: _____

Contractor Printed Name _____

Approval to Proceed Signature by UGA Office of Fire Safety Prior is required prior to Blasting. This will insure that State Fire Marshal is appropriately contacted.

Authorization to Proceed with Blasting by UGA Office of Fire Safety:

Signature _____

Printed Title: _____

Date: _____



01 41 26.06
FOOD SERVICE

| *New Jan. 16, 2015*

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
- B. The UGA Environmental Safety Division shall be involved in the design development and reviews, permitting, and inspections for all new or renovated food service areas where food is being prepared in UGA owned or leased facilities. The Design Professional shall work through the Project Manager to coordinate meetings as required.
 - i. Catering kitchens are exempt from this requirement.
- C. Programming: As soon as a food service operations is identified within a project program, a meeting should be coordinated with the Design Professional, Project Manager, ESD, and UGA Food Services to further discuss the scope and refine the program.
- D. Schematic Design and Design Development: As part of these milestone design reviews, the Project Manager will coordinate meetings with the Design Professional, ESD, and UGA Food Services to review the documents to date and provide input and guidance.
 - i. ESD will review the drawings and ESD will forward preliminary concept drawings to the authority having jurisdiction for food safety permitting and share any review comments with the Project Manager.
- E. Construction Documents: The Project Manager will coordinate meetings with the Design Professional, ESD, and UGA Food Services to review the documents to date and provide input and guidance.
- F. Submission to Health Department for Permit
 - i. The Design Professional shall not submit any documents directly to the authority having jurisdiction for the project.
 - ii. ESD will coordinate with the appropriate entity (UGA Food Services, Stadium Concessionaire, etc.) to complete the application and the entity responsible for preparing the food will submit the application.
 - iii. The Design Professional shall supply all necessary information to complete the forms as part of the contract Basic Services.
 - iv. Reference resource: <http://dph.georgia.gov/food-rules-and-regulations> and <http://dph.georgia.gov/food-service-design-installation-and-construction-manual>.
 - v. The documents that will be submitted as part of the food service application shall include as a minimum (may vary per jurisdiction having authority):
 - 1. Physical address of the building
 - 2. Location of building onsite showing access roads, alleys, and streets.
 - 3. Location of outside equipment as applicable:
 - a. Dumpsters and compactors
 - b. Well
 - c. Septic System
 - 4. Plan drawn to scale showing location of kitchen equipment.
 - 5. Detail drawings of any walk-in refrigerators / freezers, if applicable.
 - 6. Square footage for eatery including dimensions.
 - 7. Cubic footage of dry storage, if applicable.



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8. Manufacturer specification sheet for each piece of equipment shown on the plan.
9. Manufacturer specification sheet for water heater.
10. Manufacturer specification sheet for grease trap.
11. Plan drawing(s) for plumbing.
12. Plan drawings(s) for electrical.
13. Plan(s) for mechanical ventilation including:
 - a. Mechanical hood ventilation detail drawing if applicable with:
 - i. Filters and / or extraction devices.
 - ii. Square footage.
 - iii. Fire protection.
 - iv. Air capacity in cubic feet per minute.
 - v. Air makeup in cubic feet per minute.
14. Finish schedule. Refer to the already approved finishes listed in Section L of the Rules and Regulations Food Service – Chapter 290-5-14 Manual for Design, Installation and Construction: <http://dph.georgia.gov/food-service-design-installation-and-construction-manual>.
15. Plumbing connections. Refer to Section N of the Rules and Regulations Food Service – Chapter 290-5-14 Manual for Design, Installation and Construction: The plumbing connection for each item in the table below is required.

	Air Gap	Air Break	Integral Trap	P Trap	Vacuum Breaker	Condensate Pump
Toilet						
Urinals						
Dishwasher						
Garbage Grinder						
Ice Machine						
Ice Storage Bin						
Sinks <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Mop▪ Janitor▪ Handwash▪ 3 Comp.▪ 2 Comp.▪ 1 Comp.▪ Water▪ Station						
Steam Table						



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Dipper Well						
Refrigeration Condensate Drain Lines						
Hose Connection						
Potato Peeler						
Beverage Dispenser w/ Carbonator						
Other						

G. Inspections

- i. The Contractor shall not submit requests for inspections directly to the authority having jurisdiction for the project.
- ii. ESD or Food Services will notify the Project Manager of proposed food service area inspection dates, will coordinate the inspection and will typically have personnel on site during all inspections.



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01 45 33
SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

1. GENERAL

- A. The Owner will contract directly with the Owner's Testing Agency.
- B. Design Professional to prepare schedule of special inspections for the Project.
- C. Testing
 - i. The Owner reserves the right to employ the services of a testing agency ("Owner's Testing Agency"). Owner's Testing Agency shall perform tests as mandated by the Owner and the Contract Documents. For testing identified in the Contract Documents, the Contractor is responsible for notifying Owner's Testing Agency 24 hours in advance of time and date testing is required. If the CM/GC requests the Owner's Testing Agency on site and is not ready for the Owner's Testing Agency's services, the Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for the Owner's Testing Agency's complete cost for the site trip including mileage, travel time, and time spent on site waiting for the Contractor to be ready for the Owner's Testing Agency's services. The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for any re-test due to failure of initial testing.



01 52 19

SANITARY FACILITIES – TOILET FACILITIES

1. GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall provide from the beginning of work washing and temporary enclosed toilet facilities for use of workers on the job. Such facilities shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition meeting all local and state health standards throughout their use. The Contractor shall not permit any sanitary nuisance in or about the work. Toilet facilities for the Contractor's workers shall be provided by the Contractor as part of the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid. University toilet facilities shall NOT be made available to the Contractor's workforce.



01 55 00.01

ROADWAY, SIDEWALK, AND PARKING LOT CLOSURES

1. GENERAL

- A. Roadway, sidewalk, and parking lot use, blocking and closing shall be subject to approval by the Owner. The Contractor shall coordinate through the Project Manager. A minimum of 72-hour notice is required for the Owner to make all necessary arrangements for this work, and such work shall be scheduled at the convenience of the Owner. Roadways, sidewalks, and parking lots shall not be blocked for extended periods of time.



01 55 19

TEMPORARY PARKING AREAS

1. GENERAL

- A. This work is being performed on the Owner’s property and parking is restricted and regulated. Contractor and workers shall park only in areas designated by the Owner.
- B. For projects in Athens-Clarke County only: The Contractor is required to purchase “Contractor Parking Permits” from University of Georgia Parking Services (706-542-PARK). Contractor shall include the cost of parking permits in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid. Any costs associated with parking permits shall be included in the Cost of the Work by each subcontractor as applicable. Designated ‘laydown’ area taken from an existing permitted parking area shall not be used as a ‘free parking’ area. However, the Contractor may park some (around 10) vehicles within the designated construction site that do not require permits. Abuse of this free parking allowance may result in the UGA Parking Services requiring the purchase of permits or immediate reduction of parked vehicles. Parking spaces directly adjacent to the project site are not guaranteed. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate parking availability outside of the project fence with University of Georgia Parking Services. The Contractor is responsible for paying for all fines related to parking violations at Contractor sole cost and the Contractor shall not be allowed to pay for fines from the Contractor Contingency or as part of the Cost of the Work or as a Change Order.
- C. A permit is not required for parking construction related vehicles and/or personal vehicles driven by those working on the construction site within the staging area. It is ultimately up to the Contractor to decide how to utilize available space within their staging area.

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01 55 26
TRAFFIC CONTROL

1. GENERAL

- A. Contractor shall provide adequate traffic warning methods and devices in accordance with Georgia Department of Transportation standards to warn motorists and pedestrians of any obstructions within the Right-of-Way of the roadway. Contractor shall coordinate with the Project Manager and obtain land and road closure permits as required by the Owner and the local Public Works Department. The cost of all traffic control and associated permits shall be included in the Base Bid or Overhead Cost.



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01 55 29

STAGING AREAS – STORAGE

1. GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall coordinate and use only the area(s) designated by the Owner for job site office, storage of materials and equipment, parking and staging operations. These areas and grounds shall be left clean and shall be restored to the same condition as when accepted by the Contractor. Construction and staging are limited to the designated areas.



01 56 39

TEMPORARY TREE & PLANT PROTECTION

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 32 01 90.23 – Pruning
- ii. 32 90 00 – Planting
- iii. 32 91 00 – Planting Preparation
- iv. 32 91 13.16 – Mulching
- v. 32 92 00 – Turf and Grasses
- vi. 32 93 00 – Plants
- vii. 32 94 13 – Landscape Edging

B. Scope

- i. All existing trees and shrubs in or near an area to be planted shall be protected from soil compaction, equipment damage and stockpiling of materials such as sand, gravel and topsoil. This includes any adjoining areas in which planting materials or equipment (including vehicles) will be stored. In order to prevent damage to trees and tree root systems, protective barriers shall be installed before bed preparation.
- ii. The tree canopy/tree root zones of trees designated to be preserved shall be protected during the entire construction process.
- iii. Tree trunks and branches shall not be damaged by equipment or workers. Tree roots shall be protected from soil compaction, damage by trenching or excessive grade changes, and hazardous materials or waste products.
- iv. Any anticipated or required pruning shall be performed by the UGA Grounds Department.
- v. A Tree and Plant Protection Map, shall be prepared by the design professional, which identifies all areas affected by the project. The Tree and Plant Protection Map must show the location, species and size of all existing trees and landscape that may be negatively impacted by the project. The map must indicate which trees and shrubs are to be removed, and which ones are to remain. The plan shall include protection measures for all tree and landscape impacts, including all utility connections for the project or new facility. Plants scheduled to be removed shall be evaluated for relocation as approved by the UGA FMD Grounds Department.

C. Tree Canopy/Tree Root Protection Zones

- i. Prior to the start of any site work the Contractor will erect fencing around trees which are to be preserved and sensitive root zones which are to be protected within the construction site.
- ii. The Contractor shall meet with the UGA Grounds Department representative and Project Manager prior to beginning any site work to review and verify all Work procedures, trailer location, stockpiling and staging areas, access and haul routes, and equipment operation methods with respect to the required tree canopy/tree root protection measures.
- iii. Trees indicated on the plan to remain shall be protected from injury to their branches, trunks, and root zones during the entire construction period.



Protection of tree canopy/tree root zones shall be by the placement of temporary fencing as outlined.

- iv. No removal or encroachment into tree protection enclosures shall be permitted unless coordinated with the Project Manager.
 - v. The Contractor shall be responsible for installation and maintenance of all tree protection fencing. Protective fencing shall remain undisturbed until all site work has been completed. The Contractor shall remove fencing at completion of project.
 - vi. If protective fencing is damaged, the Contractor shall immediately execute the necessary repairs to re-establish the protective fencing to the original configurations.
 - vii. The Contractor shall be held liable for any damages to protected trees and root zones caused by unauthorized intrusions into the protected areas during construction activity.
 - viii. Any pruning of protected trees that may be required during the course of construction shall be performed by the UGA Grounds Department. Coordinate pruning requests with the Project Manager.
 - ix. Erosion control devices shall be installed as per contract drawings with particular emphasis on preventing siltation and/or erosion from occurring within the tree root protection zone.
- D. Tree Canopy and Tree Root Zones Allowed Disturbance
- i. In situations where the Design Professional has received written approval from the Project Manager to allow work that will compromise tree root zones, the Contractor will be responsible for the follow up and shall be included in the Cost of Work or Bid:
 - a. Watering affected tree as prescribed by the Design Professional or UGA Grounds Department.
 - b. Air spading by certified arborist.

2. PRODUCTS

A. Protective Fencing

- i. Protective fencing shall be 6' high chain link fencing. Support posts for chain link fencing shall be metal posts with a minimum of 2" diameter and full height of fencing. Use 9 gauge top and bottom wires between posts to support chain link fencing. Attach fencing to posts and top and bottom wires with 9 gauge wire ties.

B. Geotextile Fabric

- i. Filter fabric shall meet the requirements for GADOT Type 3 engineering fabric, Class A.

C. Mulch

- i. Coarse chipped or ground wood mulch shall be approved prior to application by the Project Manager.

3. EXECUTION

A. General

- i. The Contractor shall locate utilities prior to installing chain link fence support posts into the ground.
- ii. Trees to be removed that have branches extending into the canopy of trees to be preserved shall be removed by a certified arborist and not by the



- Contractor or a demolition sub-contractor. The certified arborist shall remove the tree in a manner that causes no damage to the protected trees and landscape to remain after construction is completed.
- iii. Trees to be removed shall be felled so as to fall away from protective zones and to avoid pulling and breaking of tree roots indicated on the plan to remain.
 - iv. Any brush clearing required within or around the tree canopy protection zone shall be accomplished with hand operated equipment.
 - v. The Contractor shall be held liable for damages incurred to any tree branches that extend over protective fencing and to any trees or other plant material located on the site and indicated on the plan to remain. The Contractor shall notify the Project Manager when any overhanging branches or other plant material is interfering with or risks damage due to construction activity.
 - vi. If work causes an existing tree to be removed that is not shown on plans as planned demolition, the UGA Grounds Department shall be consulted with to evaluate and determine future viability of the existing tree(s) located within the area(s) of proposed construction excavation.
 - vii. Final evaluations shall be coordinated with the Project Manager to determine if tree should remain, be relocated, or be removed if unable to survive encroachment of new revised design and construction.
- B. Scope of Work Within or Around Tree Root Protection Zone
- i. Any grading, construction, demolition, remedial measures or other work that is expected to encounter tree roots shall be made in consultation with the Project Manager.
 - ii. No machine digging shall take place within a radius of one and one-half foot for each 1 inch diameter at breast height (DBH) of the tree. DBH is defined as the diameter of the trunk measured at 54 inches above grade.
 - iii. Any roots 2 inches in diameter or less that sustain damage during construction shall be exposed to sound tissue and cleanly pruned close to the tree side of the trench. Clean cuts shall be made at all times.
 - iv. For construction projects requiring access or haul roads that must pass over the root area of trees to be retained, a roadbed shall be installed using 4 inches (minimum) of mulch or wood chips covered with approved logging mats. Approval shall be given by the Project Manager. The roadbed shall be replenished and maintained as necessary to provide desired root zone protection. For projects requiring materials storage within the root area of trees to be retained or protected, this area shall be constructed using an approved geotextile base covered with 4 inches (minimum) of coarse wood mulch or chips. The area shall be replenished as necessary to maintain a 4 inch (minimum) depth.
 - v. No material shall be stored or piled within a radius of 2 feet for each 1 inch DBH (minimum) of the designated tree root zone or as directed by the Project Manager. No gasoline, fuel oil, harmful chemicals, etc., or other deleterious materials shall be stored, spilled or deposited on the ground within this limit.
 - vi. There shall be no vehicular traffic or parking permitted under the drip line/canopy of any tree to be retained or protected within the construction site unless approved tree root protection measures have been installed.



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- vii. Foot traffic shall be kept to a minimum under the drip line/canopy. If temporary foot traffic must be directed over the root zone of trees to be retained or protected, a pathway shall be installed using an approved geotextile base covered with 3 inches (minimum) or mulch or wood chips. The pathway material shall be replenished as necessary to maintain a 3 inch (minimum) depth.
- viii. Installation of curbs and sidewalks shall be completed in a manner least damaging to trees and tree root systems. An approved geotextile fabric shall be considered a viable alternative to the specified sub-base in sensitive root zones. When unique site conditions not addressed in the contract drawings result in the opportunity for an alternative solution or a potential modification to the plan, the Contractor may present a proposal to the Project Manager.
- ix. For an existing landscape with an irrigation system that requires protection, the Contractor shall either maintain operation of the irrigation system at all times or hand water at rate and schedule approved by the Project Manager.

C. Liability

- i. The Contractor shall be held liable for any damage to protected trees. A dollar value shall be determined by following criteria contained in A Guide for Plant Appraisal. (Council of Tree and Landscape Appraisal, Latest Edition).
- ii. The Contractor shall be held liable for all remedial measures required to treat broken limbs, or damaged trees and roots, or for unauthorized removal of existing trees or plant material, etc. All tree surgery and remedial treatments will be accomplished by a certified arborist.
- iii. Contractor will protect all trees, shrubs and grass in the project site that will not be removed as part of the scope of Work. Any damages to these live plants will be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's sole cost before final payment will be issued by the Owner.
- iv. The actual damages are difficult to ascertain. Therefore, in addition to the above, the Contractor shall pay the Owner as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, \$500 per day for each day that the Owner and /or Design Professional documents violation(s) of the requirements within this section UGA Design & Construction Special Conditions 01 56 39 Temporary Tree & Plant Protection. Such liquidated damages shall be paid to the Owner through a unilateral deductive change order to the Contractor's Contract.



01 58 13

TEMPORARY PROJECT SIGNAGE

1. GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall install an official Project Construction Sign at a location agreed upon with the Owner. The sign shall be installed prior to beginning construction on site. The cost shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid. The sign shall be a 4'x8' sheet of plywood with black lettering and white background. The Owner may elect to include a full color rendering of the project and will provide the approved artwork to the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide a proof to the Owner for review and approval prior to fabrication. The official Project Construction Sign shall include the following information:

THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA
The Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
Project Name
(Project Number)
Name of Contractor or Logo
Name of Design Professional or Logo
Administered by the Office of University Architects for Facilities Planning

- i. Note: in the case of projects administered by FMD, the bottom line of the Project Construction Sign shall state: "Administered by the Facilities Management Division" as directed by Project Manager.
- ii. For Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission (GSFIC) funded projects, include GSFIC logo.
- B. The Contractor may provide and install signage as required to direct deliveries. No additional Contractor, subcontractors or supplier signs may be installed on site without prior authorization. It is the intent of the Owner to not allow signs that advertise for the Contractor, design professional, subcontractors, or suppliers.

*New
Jan.
16,
2015*



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01 60 00
PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Under no circumstances shall any asbestos, formaldehyde or lead containing material be installed under this Contract. New materials shall not contain asbestos, formaldehyde or lead in any form or quantity (i.e. zero asbestos, formaldehyde or lead). Manufacturers shall submit certification to the Owner of zero-asbestos, formaldehyde or lead for all materials used on this project prior to request for final payment.



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01 65 00

PRODUCT DELIVERY REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. The Owner can NOT accept delivery of any materials. Contractor shall unload his equipment and materials and move them to the site of the Work.



01 74 19

CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT & DISPOSAL

New Jan.
16, 2015

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 01 29 00 – Payment Procedures
 - ii. 01 77 00 – Project Closeout
 - iii. 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements
- B. The University of Georgia has implemented recycling and waste management policies for all waste materials removed from its campus as a result of construction and demolition activity. The materials that should be recycled include:
 - i. Asphalt
 - ii. Concrete, concrete block, concrete masonry units (CMU), slump stone (decorative concrete block), and rocks
 - iii. Brick
 - iv. Paper, including bond, newsprint, cardboard, mixed paper, packing materials, and packaging
 - v. Glass
 - vi. Plastics
 - vii. Fluorescent Light Tubes, per EPA regulations
 - viii. Green materials (i.e. tree trimmings and land clearing debris)
 - ix. Metals (ferrous and non-ferrous) including, but not limited to, stud trim, ductwork, piping, reinforcing steel (rebar), roofing, other trim, steel, iron, galvanized sheet steel, stainless steel, aluminum, copper, zinc, lead, brass, and bronze.
 - x. Wood (non-pressure/chemically treated wood) including, clean dimensional wood, pallet wood, plywood, oriented strand board (OSB, particle board.
- C. The Contractor should make an attempt to recycle or provide for re-use the following additional materials to the extent practical (this includes contacting UGA's recycling coordinator to determine what materials can be re-purposed on campus):
 - i. Cement Fiber Products, including shingles, panels, siding
 - ii. Paint
 - iii. Carpet
 - iv. Gypsum Wallboard
 - v. Ceiling Tiles
 - vi. Porcelain Plumbing Fixtures
 - vii. Vinyl Composition Tile
- D. The Contractor is required to account for all waste materials removed from the project, and to recycle, salvage, or reuse, to the maximum extent practical, all of the materials listed above if this can be done within 20 miles of the construction site. If there is a cost premium associated with recycling (i.e., if a comingled dumpster must be used due to insufficient space on site for separate dumpsters), the Contractor should identify this cost premium to allow the Project Manager to assist making a decision regarding the best course of action to take for each project. Upon request, the Project Manager will provide assistance to the Contractor in identifying markets for recyclable materials. The Contractor shall make provision as practical for the Project Manager to utilize any recycled materials and processed waste materials on campus. If the Contractor believes



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that recycling, salvage, or reuse of any of these materials is impractical, the Contractor should inform the Project Manager before commencement of construction.

- E. The Contractor will be required to supply to the Project Manager during the Pre-Construction Meeting a Waste Management Plan which documents procedures to recycle, salvage, or reuse the materials listed above, including 1) separation, hauling and recycling procedures, 2) material recovery facilities and their distance from job site; and 3) markets for each material recovered. This plan must also address training and communications, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements to assure that all waste materials are accounted for properly. At Material Completion, the Plan shall be updated and submitted to the Project Manager with the total quantities of each waste material that was reused, salvaged, recycled, or disposed of, and the markets to which these materials were directed, so that it provides documentation in a single source of waste management performance on the project.
 - F. During construction, the Contractor shall maintain records of a) each type of material removed from the job site (including materials that are not recycled), b) the name(s) of specific end destinations for all materials removed (whether recycled or disposed of), and c) weights or measures of all types of materials removed. Every load of waste material that leaves the site must be documented (including receipts, pictures or tickets from material hauler or recovery facility) and reported to the Project Manager on a monthly basis by including with monthly invoice. See 01 29 00.
 - G. UGA retains the right to inspect, and subsequently approve or disapprove any and all recycling end markets, reuse or salvage outlets, and/or waste disposal facilities that are involved in the receipt of recyclables and/or waste materials generated from the project. Disapproval of such a market or outlet may be based on past or current violations of federal or state environmental, health, or safety laws, improper disposal activities, risk or liability exposure, excessive distance from the job site, or any other reason deemed sufficient by UGA.
 - H. The Contractor shall include administrative and recordkeeping costs associated with Construction and Waste Management in the Contractor Overhead Cost and Base Bid. All other associated costs shall be included in the appropriate line item cost of the General Conditions for the Guaranteed Maximum Price.
2. **PRODUCTS** – Not used
3. **EXECUTION**
- A. The Contract shall complete and submit the Waste and Recycling Report located at the end of this section. This report is intended to assist UGA with tracking completion of sustainable design and facility performance requirements. Each project is required to address all aspects of the Standards whether included in this report or not.



01 74 19

**CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT & DISPOSAL
MONTHLY WASTE AND RECYCLING REPORT**

Date:
WASTE AND RECYCLING:
A Construction Waste Management Plan documenting procedures to recycle, salvage, or reuse materials was submitted by the Contractor and is dated _____.
Attach list of: a) Each type of material removed from the job site (including materials that are not recycled) <input type="checkbox"/> b) The name(s) of specific end destinations for all materials removed (whether recycled or disposed of), and <input type="checkbox"/> c) Weights or measures of all types of materials removed during this reporting period. <input type="checkbox"/> Every load of waste material that leaves the site must be documented (including receipts, pictures or tickets from material hauler or recovery facility) and reported to Owner's Representative on a monthly basis.
Total amount of materials sent to landfills to date:
Total amount of materials reused, salvaged, or recycled to date:



01 75 00
STARTING & ADJUSTING

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 01 77 00 – Project Closeout
- ii. 11 53 13 – Laboratory Fume Hoods
- iii. 11 82 26 – Facility Waste Compactors
- iv. 14 20 00 – Elevators
- v. 21 00 00 – General Fire Suppression Requirements
- vi. 23 05 14 – Variable Frequency Drive
- vii. 23 09 23 – Building Automation & Temperature Control Systems (BAS)
- viii. 23 20 00 – HVAC Piping & Pumps
- ix. 23 21 23 – Hydronic Pumps
- x. 23 22 16 – Steam & Condensate Heating Piping Specialties
- xi. 23 25 00 – HVAC Water Treatment
- xii. 23 64 16.13 – Air-Cooled Chillers
- xiii. 23 64.16.16 – Water-Cooled Chillers
- xiv. 23 65 00 – Cooling Towers
- xv. 23 73 00 – Indoor Central –Station Air-Handling Units
- xvi. 23 81 29 – Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) HVAC Systems
- xvii. 26 09 43.19 – Addressable Fixture Lighting Control
- xviii. 26 24 19 – Motor – Control Centers
- xix. 26 32 00 – Packaged Generator Assemblies
- xx. 28 13 00 – Access Control
- xxi. 28 31 00 – Fire Detection & Alarm

B. All documentation required in this section shall also be provided in the closeout submittal.

C. The closeout manual shall include factory or authorized agent completed and signed start-up certification documentation.

D. Chillers, condensing units, cooling towers, boilers, pumps, VSDs, Variable-Frequency Motor Controllers, AHUs, humidifiers, heat exchangers and water heaters, PRVs, controllers and controlled elements, meters, pre- insulated underground piping, etc., shall be field inspected and tested by the manufacturer or a factory trained authorized representative for installation in compliance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions and recommendations prior to start-up. The manufacturer or a factory trained authorized representative shall perform, or be present at, the start-up. Start-up documentation certifying proper installation and start-up shall be promptly forwarded to the Design Professional and Project Manager after successful start-up.

E. Condenser, chilled water and heating hot water systems shall not be started until cleaning, flushing and pre-treatment has been done to the satisfaction of the water treatment contractor.

F. Heating hot water systems shall be cycled through heat up and cool down and checked for leaks prior to handover. Inspection for leaks shall be performed by the TAB agency at the seasonal TAB.



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- G. Base mounted pumps shall be properly grouted and aligned by, or to the written approval, of a factory certified representative. Contractor shall submit written certification to this effect.



01 77 00
PROJECT CLOSEOUT

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
- i. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
 - ii. 01 33 00 – Submittal Procedures
 - iii. 01 74 19 – Construction Waste Management & Disposal
 - iv. 01 75 00 – Starting and Adjusting
 - v. 09 00 00 – General Finishes Requirements
- B. At the end of this section is the sample Contractor & Project Manager Project Close-Out Checklist to be used as a reference for closing out the Project.
- C. Closeout Meeting: The Contractor shall coordinate a Project Closeout Meeting with the Project Manager.
- D. Operations and Maintenance Training:
- i. The Contractor shall coordinate with the Project Manager to schedule training of facility system.
 - ii. The Contractor shall submit O&M manuals for review simultaneously to the PM and to the Architect at least two weeks prior to O&M training dates. See below for more information regarding items in O&M manuals.
 - iii. There shall be at least a two week notice prior to the established training date(s).
 - iv. The Contractor shall prepare an agenda with times allocated for each training session.
 - v. All training sessions shall be videotaped.
- E. Closeout-Submittals Format Requirements:
- i. Both the hardcopies and electronic copies shall be organized using the Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) numbering system utilized in the Project Manual. The documentation shall be organized with labeled tabs, and consolidated into one three ring binder to the extent possible. If there are multiple binders, the volumes shall be labeled.
 - ii. Electronic Deliverables:
 - a. Electronic file names shall be no longer than 15 characters using only Microsoft acceptable file names and shall be delivered by CD-Rom (s), flash drive, file download, or other acceptable deliverable.
 - b. For projects that do not require BIM, AutoCAD files shall be version 2007 or later and be whole and complete with NO Xrefs to symbols or other drawings.
 - c. All drawings and specifications shall be submitted in AutoCAD (.dwg), Revit (.rvt) (depending on if BIM is utilized), Microsoft Word (.doc), and Adobe PDF (.pdf) formats. All PDF files shall be searchable.
 - d. Drawings and specifications shall each be submitted as one PDF binder set and as separate files for each drawing sheet/specification section.
- F. Prior to submitting the final closeout documents, the Contractor shall forward one set of closeout submittals to the Design Professional and one to the Project Manager for simultaneous review. The comments generated by the Design Professional and Project Manager shall be collected by the Design Professional and consolidated prior to

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- returning to the Contractor for any required revisions. Once all comments have been received, the Contractor shall pickup both copies, address comments, and distribute final sets per information below.
- G. The Contractor shall provide to the Project Manager the final closeout submittals including the following (see chart below for quantities and UGA distribution):
- i. Contractor Marked-up Construction Documents and Project Manual: For a Project not utilizing BIM, the Contractor shall provide the Project Manager and the Design Professional Marked-up documents (per quantities and formats in the tables later in this section) for both the drawings and specifications that incorporate all change orders, requests for information, and other as-built information per the Contract. For a Project that utilized BIM, the Design Professional and Contractor shall provide to the Project Manager Marked-up (per quantities and formats in the tables later in this section) for both the drawings and specifications that incorporate all change orders, requests for information, and other as-built information as agreed upon in the BIM Execution Plan.
 - ii. Shop Drawings and Submittals
 - iii. Operations and Maintenance Manual which includes as a minimum the following items. In addition, include all other items that are Project specific that may be necessary for the facility to be properly maintained.
 - a. All close out items
 - b. Contact List
 - c. Emergency Shut off Plan
 - d. Finish Schedule
 - e. Lamp Schedule
 - f. Schedule of all mesh sizes for all strainers used.
 - g. Test & Balance Report
 - h. Warranties and Affidavits
 - i. Contractor Training Videos
 - iv. Data / Telecommunications: In addition to above, break out separate sets of drawings, specifications, submittals, equipment list, specifically related to data / telecommunications as required in Section 27 00 00 General Communications Requirements.
 - v. Audio-Visual: In addition to above, break out separate sets of drawings, specifications, submittals, equipment list, specifically related to audio/ visual as required in Section 27 41 00.01 Audio-Visual Control System.
- H. Final Quantities and Distribution: Contractor shall deliver all copies of the closeout submittals to the Project Manager. Refer to charts below for 'Contractor Closeout Deliverables for OUA Project' and 'Contractor Closeout Deliverables for FMD Project' for quantities and types.



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		CONTRACTOR CLOSEOUT DELIVERABLES FOR OUA PROJECT			
		Full Size Printed Drawing Set	Half Size Printed Drawing Set	Digital Files	Other
CONTRACTOR	Contractor Marked-up Construction Documents	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 0 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Contractor Marked-up Project Manual & Specifications	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User		1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Shop Submittals & Construction Submittals	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User		1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Operations & Maintenance Manuals	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User		1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Fire Marshal Approved Permit Drawings (Originals)	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User			
	Test & Balance Report	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User		1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Contractor Training Videos			1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	For EITS (in addition to above) Refer to 27 00 00 - Communications	0 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For EITS		0 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For EITS	
	For CTL (in addition to above) Refer to 27 41 00.01 - Audio-Visual Control System	0 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For CTL		0 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 1 - For CTL	



CONTRACTOR CLOSEOUT DELIVERABLES FOR FMD PROJECT					
		Full Size Printed Drawing Set	Half Size Printed Drawing Set	Digital Files	Other
CONTRACTOR	Contractor Marked-up Construction Documents	1- For FMD 0 - For End-User		1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Contractor Marked-up Project Manual & Specifications	1- For FMD 0 - For End-User		1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Shop Submittals & Construction Submittals	1- For FMD 0 - For End-User		1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Operations & Maintenance Manuals	1- For FMD 0 - For End-User		1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Fire Marshal Approved Permit Drawings (Originals)	0 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User			
	Test & Balance Report	1- For FMD 0 - For End-User		1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	Contractor Training Videos			1- For FMD 1 - For End-User	
	For EITS (in addition to above) Refer to 27 00 00 - Communications	0 - For FMD 1 - For EITS		0 - For FMD 1 - For EITS	
	For CTL (in addition to above), Audio- Visual Control System Refer to 27 41 00.01 - Audio- Visual Control System	0 - For FMD 1 - For CTL		0 - For FMD 1 - For CTL	



DESIGN PROFESSIONAL DELIVERABLES FOR OUA AND FMD PROJECTS					
		Full Size Printed Drawing Set	Half Size Printed Drawing Set	Full Digital Files on CD, DVD, or Portable Hard Drive	Other
Design Professional	Design Professional Electronic Files Record Documents Construction Drawings and Project Manual	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 0 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 0 - For FMD 0 - For End-User	1 - For OUA 1 - For FMD 1 - For End-User	

Contractor & Project Manager Project Close-Out Checklist

No.	Description	Scheduled Completion	Actual Completion	Copy to be in Closeout	Comments
1	Obtain Certificate of Material Completion			✓	
2	Identify Start of Warranty Date				Date:
3	Verify Final Cleaning Satisfactory				
4	Obtain Operation & Maintenance Manuals (two weeks prior to date of training session)				
5	Obtain Certificate of Final Completion			✓	
6	Obtain Certificate of Occupancy from Fire Marshal			✓	
7	Obtain Attic Stock (if applicable)			✓	
8	Transfer of Utilities to UGA:				
	Electrical				
	Gas				



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	Water				
	Other:				
9	Transfer Insurance to UGA				
10	Sign off on Punch list Completion				
11	Establish Warranty Documentation Log/Procedure				
12	Signed Roof/Wall Bond			✓	
12a	Signed Roof Manufacturer's Warranties			✓	
13	Provide completed 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management Checklist			✓	
14	Obtain Keys/Key Cards from Contractor				
15	Identify Maintenance Agreements				
16	Acceptance of Final Test & Balance Report				
17	Acceptance of Final Commissioning Report				
18	Obtain As-built Documents;				
	Hard Copies				
	Electronic Copies				
19	Obtain Special Inspection Report				
20	NPDES: Obtain Notice of Termination (NOT)				
21	Training Complete				
22	Hold Close-out Meeting OUA/FMD for Transfer of Information/Documents				
23	Write Lessons Learned Memo and Modify Procedures Manual Accordingly				

New Jan. 16,
2015



01 78 46
EXTRA STOCK MATERIALS

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 09 00 00 – General Finishes Requirements
- B. UGA does not require extra stock materials (attic stock) unless space is designated in the completed building.
- C. Design Professionals shall coordinate any attic stock proposed by the Design Professional with the Project Manager and only provide the items required by the Project Manager.
- D. For new and large facilities, Contractor to assist with locating attic stock material in room designated by the Project Manager.
- E. Contractor shall label all attic stock with same nomenclature as in contract documents.
- F. All surplus materials stored by the Contractor (other than the Project Manager specified attic stock) shall be removed from UGA properties prior to project close-out.



01 81 00

FACILITY PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

A. Related sections:

- i. 00 00 07 – Design Professional Design Process Requirements
- ii. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
- iii. 01 29 00 – Payment Procedures
- iv. 01 74 19 – Construction Waste Management & Disposal
- v. 12 46 33 – Interior Waste Receptacles
- vi. 12 93 23 – Trash, Litter, and Recycling Receptacles
- vii. 23 05 19 – Meters & Gages

B. Introduction: The UGA requires and has been implementing efficient and sustainable designs for new construction and renovations for many years. Regardless of whether a project will utilize a third party green building certification system, the Design Professional shall present multiple scenarios with various levels of energy and water conservation options for the Project Manager's review.

- i. Not all Projects will have sufficient budgets to meet all of the requirements of this section 01 81 00 Facility Performance Requirements. It is the responsibility of the Design Professional and the Contractor (except for Design-Bid-Build delivery method) to provide cost estimates and detailed return on investment options during the Schematic Design and Design Development design phases for the Owner's evaluation. If at the end of the Design Development phase, as directed by the Project Manager, all of the requirements of this section will not be met, the Design Professional shall submit a variance for approval to document which aspects will not be met.
- ii. These Facility Performance Requirement evaluation and option services through Design Development shall be included in the Design Professional's Basic Services and the Contractor's Pre-Construction Overhead Costs and Pre-Construction Fee. The Owner may elect to fully follow this section or to only select portions of this section (due to budget constraints) for incorporation into Construction Documents, and the Owner will not incur any additional design services or Pre-Construction Overhead costs as long as the Facility Performance Requirements and associated systems selections are made and documented prior to the beginning of Construction Documents.

C. Green Building Rating Systems: No specific green building rating system certification is required by UGA; certification is pursued on a per project basis. Based on experience, capital improvement projects that meet the intent and requirements of UGA Design & Construction Standards generally achieve Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design (LEED) Gold level certification or equivalent, Silver or equivalent at a minimum.

D. The design and construction of a new building shall be for at least a fifty year life with emphasis on minimum life cycle costs rather than low first costs.

E. Energy Performance:

- i. The mechanical, electrical, and plumbing energy related design for all buildings shall comply with ASHRAE Standard 90.1 – 2010, with exception of programmable power receptacles.



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- a. Design Professional shall be held accountable for meeting the percentage energy savings targeting 20% or greater.
 - ii. Computerized energy budget analysis, forecasting consumption in BTU/GSF/Year is mandatory for all new construction projects over 10,000 square feet that have heating and cooling.
 - iii. Computerized energy budget analysis, forecasting consumption in BTU/GSF/Year is mandatory for all renovation projects that renovate an entire building (not a portion of a building).
 - iv. Life cycle cost comparisons with return on investment calculations of different proposed mechanical systems shall be presented at the end of schematic design.
 - a. Design Professional shall develop narrative of each system with diagrams of major equipment locations and review with Project Manager prior to coordinating costing information.
 - v. Metering of all utilities (electricity, natural gas, steam, and chilled water) shall be provided at the building level and sub-metering of building systems as needed to isolate, manage and optimize building energy use at the system level. See section 23 05 19 Meters & Gages.
- F. Renewable Energy
 - i. For new construction and major renovations, the Design Professional shall identify and evaluate opportunities for on-site renewable energy generation including life-cycle cost analysis and return on investment calculations with a target of meeting up to 10% of the project's energy demand.
 - ii. Design Professional shall evaluate feasibility of solar-thermal water heating to meet hot water demand.
- G. Water Conservation
 - i. For new construction and major renovations over \$5M, provide design and cost options for the project to conserve 10% and 20% more water, not including irrigation, than the code requirement for the state of Georgia.
- H. Storm Water and Condensate
 - i. Options for collection and reuse of storm water and condensate are required for all new construction projects with special attention given to uses other than irrigation. Storm water best management practices shall be incorporated to exceed the Project jurisdiction storm water quality standards, with a preference for visible and vegetative storm water controls.
 - ii. Design Professional shall evaluate feasibility of rain water and condensate water collection, distribution and reuse to serve non-consumptive uses including but not limited to cooling tower make-up, toilet flushing and landscape irrigation.
- I. Waste & Recycling
 - i. The University of Georgia is committed to drastically reducing waste and diverting 65% or more of the campus waste stream from landfills. For new construction and major renovations, the project shall provide convenient facilities for recycling for building occupants and facilities management staff to reduce waste and increase collection of recyclables. See section 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management & Disposal.
- J. **For UGA Athens Campus only:** Use the following outdoor design conditions:
 - i. Winter, design dry bulb 10 °F



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- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ii. Summer, design - cooling | 95 °F DB / 76 °F MCWB |
| iii. Summer, design - evaporation | 78 °F WB / 89 °F MCDB |
| iv. Summer, design - dehumidification | 75 °F DP / 135.3 HR / 82.3 MCDB |
| v. Degree days heating | 2,900 (base 65 °F) |
| vi. Degree days cooling | 1,700 (base 65 °F) |
| vii. Climate zone | Zone 3A |

K. Comfort Conditions:

- i. Indoor design conditions shall suit the process and user requirements.
- ii. For comfort conditions use 75 °F DB in summer and 70 °F DB in winter.
- iii. Cooling equipment shall be selected to achieve 50% RH at design cooling conditions and maximum space humidity shall not exceed 60% RH. Positive dehumidification control may be required for high outdoor air supply applications and/or specific process needs. The Design Professional shall determine and confirm in writing all indoor design conditions during Schematic Design.

L. Georgia Power Rebates:

- i. The Design Professional and Contractor shall meet with the Project Manager and Georgia Power and / or Georgia Power's delegated representatives to determine which, if any, Georgia Power rebates may apply to the Project. The Design Professional and Contractor shall supply all required documentation in a timely manner to assist the Owner with obtaining the rebates and any costs associated with the documentation shall be included in the Design Professional's Basic Services Fee and the Contractor's Base Bid or Overhead Costs.

2. **PRODUCTS** – Not used.

3. **EXECUTION**

- A. The Design Professional shall complete the Facility Performance Requirement Checklist located at the end of this section. This checklist is intended to assist UGA with tracking completion of sustainable design and facility performance requirements. Each project is required to address all aspects of the Standards whether included in this checklist or not. The Design Professional completes as much as possible as for the Schematic Design deliverable and shall fully complete for the Design Development deliverable. See 01 29 00.

*Revised
Jan. 16, 2015*



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01 81 00
FACILITY PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
CHECKLIST

PROJECT NAME:	DATE SUBMITTED:
DESIGN PROFESSIONAL:	MECHANICAL ENGINEER:
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER:	PLUMBING ENGINEER:
CONTRACTOR:	UGA PROJECT MANAGER:

EFFICIENT AND SUSTAINABLE DESIGN: <i>Check all that apply.</i>
<input type="checkbox"/> Contractor provided cost estimates and detailed return on investment options for energy and water conservation during the Schematic Design and Design Development design phases for the Owner's evaluation.
<input type="checkbox"/> All requirements of Section 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements were met.
<input type="checkbox"/> Not all Facility Performance Requirements in Section 01 81 00 were met, and the Design Professional submitted a variance for approval to document which aspects would not be met.
<input type="checkbox"/> The facility is designed and constructed for at least a fifty year life with emphasis on minimum life cycles costs rather than low first costs.

GREEN BUILDING RATING SYSTEMS: (See section 1C)
Which Green Building Rating System framework is the project designing to?
Is the project pursuing 3 rd party certification? (Yes/No)
If yes, which level of certification is anticipated? (Note: If pursuing LEED-certification and the project achieved lower than Gold, explain primary factors that led to Silver rating or lower as opposed to Gold.)

ENERGY PERFORMANCE: (See section 1E) <i>Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.</i>
<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical, electrical, and plumbing energy related design complies with ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2010, with exception of programmable power receptacles.
If not all requirements of ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2010 are met, list any requested and approved exceptions:



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<input type="checkbox"/> The project will achieve energy savings target of 20% or greater.
List anticipated energy savings (%):
<input type="checkbox"/> A computerized energy budget analysis, forecasting consumption in BTU/GSF/Year was completed. (Required for new construction projects over 10,000 square feet that have heating and cooling and renovation projects that renovate an entire building.
<input type="checkbox"/> Life cycle cost comparisons with return on investment calculations of different proposed mechanical systems were presented to Project Manager at the end of Schematic Design.
<input type="checkbox"/> Design Professional provided a narrative of each system with diagrams of major equipment locations and reviewed with Project Manager prior to coordinating costing information.
<input type="checkbox"/> Metering of all utilities (electricity, natural gas, steam, and chilled water) is provided at the building level.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sub-metering of building systems is provided to isolate, manage and optimize building energy use at the system level.
List all building systems that are not metered separately:

RENEWABLE ENERGY: (See section 1F) <i>Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.</i>
<input type="checkbox"/> The Design Professional identified and evaluated opportunities for on-site renewable energy generation including life-cycle cost analysis and return on investment calculations with a target of meeting up to 10% of the project's energy demand.
List renewable energy strategies evaluated and associated ROI of each:
List renewable energy strategies to be installed:
What percentage of the projects energy demand is being met by renewable energy?
Does the project incorporate solar-thermal water heating to meet hot water demand? (Yes/No) If not, explain why not:



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WATER CONSERVATION: (See section 1G)

Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.

- The Design Professional provided design and cost options for the project to conserve 10% and 20% or more water, not including irrigation, than the code requirement for the state of Georgia.

List water conservation features installed:

What percentage of water conservation above Georgia code requirement is anticipated during typical building operation?

STORM WATER AND CONDENSATE: (See section 1H)

Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.

- Storm water and condensate water collection and reuse are included in this project.

Describe the system installed and list the intended uses for the reclaim water:

What percentage of building water demand is met by the storm water and condensate water collection system?

- Storm water best management practices are incorporated to exceed the Project jurisdiction storm water quality standards, with a preference for visible and vegetative storm water controls.

List storm water BMP's installed:

OUTDOOR DESIGN CONDITIONS (For UGA Athens Campus only): (See section 1J)

Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.

- The following outdoor design conditions serve as basis of design:
- Winter, design dry bulb: 10°F
 - Summer, design – cooling: 95°F DB/76° MCWB
 - Summer, design – evaporation: 78°F WB/ 89° MCDB
 - Summer, design – dehumidification: 75° DP/ 135.3 HR/ 82.3 MCDB
 - Degree days heating: 2,900 (base 65°F)
 - Degree days cooling: 1,700 (base 65°F)
 - Climate zone: Zone 3A

If not all of these criteria are met, explain any variations:



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COMFORT CONDITIONS: (See section 1K)

Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.

The Design Professional determined and confirmed in writing all indoor design conditions during Schematic Design.

The design conditions suit the process and user requirements.

Comfort conditions are 75°F DB in summer and 70°F DB in winter.
If not, please list conditions used:

Cooling equipment is selected to achieve 50% RH at design cooling conditions and maximum space humidity will not exceed 60% RH.

Is positive dehumidification control needed? Is it provided?

GEORGIA POWER REBATES: (See section 1L)

Check all that apply and fill in the blank as needed.

The Design Professional and Contractor met with the Project Manager and Georgia Power representatives to determine which, if any, Georgia Power rebates apply to the Project.

List anticipated rebates:

The Design Professional and Contractor supplied all required documentation in a timely manner to assist the Owner with obtaining the rebates at no additional cost.



01 91 13

GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
- i. 00 00 07 – Design Professional Design Process Requirements
 - ii. 00 00 08 – Design Professional Documentation Requirements & Deliverables
 - iii. 01 75 00 – Starting and Adjusting
 - iv. 01 77 00 – Project Closeout
 - v. 01 81 00 – Facility Performance Requirements
 - vi. 02 22 00 – Existing Conditions Assessment
 - vii. 22 00 00 – General Plumbing Requirements
 - viii. 23 00 00 – General Mechanical Requirements (HVAC)
 - ix. 23 09 23 – Building Automation and Temperature Control System
 - x. 26 00 00 – General Electrical Requirements
 - xi. 28 31 00 – Fire Detection & Alarm
- B. Description of Commissioning: Commissioning (Cx) is the systematic process of insuring that building systems operate and perform according to the Owner’s Project requirements and operational needs. The Commissioning process oversees, verifies and documents that the facility and its system and assemblies are planned, designed, installed, tested, operated and maintained as required to meet the Owner’s functional intent and the Project Contract Documents. The Commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the Design Professional or Contractor to provide a finished and fully functioning product.
- C. Timeline of Commissioning: For most projects at UGA, the Commissioning process will begin at the beginning of the Design Development stage of the design phase and continue through and conclude at the end of the first year warranty period.
- D. Coordination:
- i. Commissioning Team. The members of the commissioning team consist of the Commissioning authority / agent (CxA), the Project Manager, the Contractor, the Design Professional and design consultants (particularly the mechanical engineer), the mechanical subcontractor, the electrical subcontractor, the TAB representative, the controls subcontractor and any other installing subcontractors or suppliers of equipment. The Owner’s building or plant operator/engineer shall be included in the commissioning process.
 - ii. Management. The CxA is hired by the Owner directly. The CxA directs and coordinates the commissioning activities and the reports to the Project Manager. All members of the commissioning team work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the Contract Documents. The CxA’s responsibilities are the same regardless of who hired the CxA.
 - iii. Scheduling: The CxA will work with the Contractor according to established protocols to schedule the commissioning activities. The CxA will provide sufficient notice to the Contractor for scheduling commissioning activities. The Contractor will integrate all commissioning activities into the master schedule. All parties will address scheduling problems and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the commissioning process. The CxA will provide the initial schedule of primary commissioning events at the



commissioning scoping meeting. The Commissioning Plan provides a format for this schedule. As construction progresses more detailed schedules are developed by the CxA. The Commissioning Plan also provides a format for detailed schedules.

- E. Commissioning scope of work may include the following phases as defined in ASHRAE 1.1:
- i. Pre-Design Phase: Outline the scope of design requirements and design intent, describe systems to be installed, outline the documentation requirements for each party involved in the commissioning process, define subsequent commissioning procedures and document the process. Interface with the design team to refine the construction phases and insure that the phasing of MEP systems is logical and appropriate. Develop commissioning specifications and functional testing requirements to be included in the bid documents.
 - ii. Design Phase: Continuation of Pre-Design and interface with the design team to refine the construction phases and insure that the phasing of MEP systems is logical and appropriate. Develop commissioning specifications and functional testing requirements to be included in the bid documents
 - iii. Construction Phase:
 - a. Early Construction: Complete commissioning plan at the beginning of the construction phase. Obtain project schedules and gather and review subcontractor submittals and operation and maintenance manuals. Work with subcontractors to develop detailed pre-functional check lists and performance test plans for each system and piece of equipment involved in the commissioning process.;
 - b. Construction: Conduct site visits to observe construction, noting details that might affect equipment and system performance or operation.
 - c. Pre-functional Start-up: Coordinate with various subcontractors start-up performance tests. Oversee all start-up tests and ensure that pre-functional performance and checklists are completed and all deficiencies resolved.
 - d. Field Verification/Inspection of Systems: Develop equipment and system functional performance test procedures. Observe and verify proper operation of equipment, systems, and controls based upon functional performance test plans. Verify that corrective measures are taken as needed
 - e. Operations and Maintenance Staff Training and Documentation: Reviews the O&M documentation and ensures the presence of complete operation and maintenance manuals. Determine the training needs of the building operation and maintenance staff. Reviews, pre-approve, and coordinate the training provided by subcontractors and verify that training was completed in accordance with training needs and project requirements. Refer to 01 77 00 Project Closeout.
 - f. Occupancy and Operations Phase: Warranty Review and Seasonal Testing: Coordinate and supervise seasonal or deferred testing and deficiency corrections and provide the final testing documentation for the commissioning record and O&M manuals.



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- F. CxA shall review design documentation for, inter alia, compliance with UGA Standards and shall clearly identify all deviations from the Standards
- G. Designs shall be reviewed critically for inclusion of design Intent, with metrics; shall be included in documents from the schematic design submittal. The design intent with metrics shall be included on the first construction drawing sheet of the associated service.
- H. The CxA shall verify that the HVAC design documents cover sheet contains at minimum the information listed in 01 00 05 Design Professional Design Process Requirements.
- I. General list of systems typically commissioned by the CxA may, depending on the project, include:
 - i. Building Envelope Systems (refer to 01 81 00 Facility Performance Requirements)
 - ii. Building Automation Systems (BAS), including links to remote monitoring and control sites and integration to other systems (refer to Building Automation and Temperature Control Systems 23 09 23.
 - iii. Laboratory Control Systems, including integration to the building automation system HVAC Equipment and Systems
 - iv. Energy Recovery Equipment and Systems
 - v. Smoke Evacuation Systems
 - vi. Water Reclaim Systems
 - vii. Utility Metering Systems
 - viii. Emergency Power Systems
 - ix. Depending upon the complexity of the specific project, other systems may be included within the CxA's
- J. The CxA shall verify that, at minimum, the HVAC design narratives is project specific, with metrics, shows major equipment locations, main duct and pipe routing, access paths for major equipment, HVAC system zoning and what provision is to be made for for 24/7 spaces.
- K. Metrics shall include system data in the form of sq-ft/ton; cfm/sq; steam lb/hr. gas cfh, lighting w/sq-ft, design temperature & humidity goals, etc. and various individual spaces metrics such as lighting w/sq-ft, number of people and cfm/person, cfm/sq-ft for zones, air change rates for lab and other specialized spaces, noise level goals, design temperature & humidity goals if different from overall building, Informative Annex K, ASHRAE Guideline 1 1.1-2007 provides example of metrics required. This shall be tailored to the specific project).



02 01 00

MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

1. GENERAL

A. Protection

- i. All existing hardscape and landscape to include but not limited to buildings, curb & gutter, stairs, sidewalks, retaining walls, bus shelter, roadway, parking lot, trees and shrubbery not noted for demolition or improvements shall be protected during the work to prevent damage and staining.

B. Repair

- i. All damaged and/or stained work, as described above, shall be repaired by the Contractor at his own expense. In the event the Owner of said structure or utility elects to make necessary repairs with his own workforce, the Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for the cost of repairs. Contractor shall repair or replace damage as required to return it to its original state before final payment shall be issued by the Owner.



02 22 00

EXISTING CONDITIONS ASSESSMENT

1. GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall document with photographs and/or video all existing conditions of the jobsite and submit a copy to the Owner's Representative prior to commencing work. This documentation will form the basis of the existing conditions and the Contractor will be responsible, at Contractor cost, for repair of any and or all new damages discovered within the jobsite. Any costs associated with this documentation shall be included in the Contractor Overhead Cost or Base Bid.
- B. The Contractor shall, at the start of the work, identify and check the condition and operation of all existing valves, circuit breakers and disconnects serving the new work that are to be reused for proper shut-off and isolation of the service. Any problems found shall be brought to Project Manager's attention for remedy.



02 40 00
DEMOLITION

1. GENERAL

- A. Related sections:
 - i. 01 74 19 – Construction Waste Management & Disposal
 - ii. 10 44 00 – Fire Protection Specialties
- B. All existing services and equipment that were active at the beginning of the project and that will no longer be in service at the end of the project shall be removed from the project and not be abandoned in place.
- C. Design Professional shall prioritize deconstruction and / or reuse of materials and equipment over demolition and landfilling, specifically noting in the design documents materials to be salvaged and reused on-site and / or off-site.
- D. Equipment and materials slated for demolition that are not deemed appropriate for reuse should be recycled per section 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management & Disposal.
- E. Fire extinguishers in buildings that are being demolished or in areas that are being renovated shall be removed and picked-up by the UGA Office of Fire Safety prior to the Contractor beginning Work. It is the Contractor's responsibility to contact UGA Fire Safety to request removal and pick-up of fire extinguishers. The existing fire extinguishers are inventoried and the Contractor shall not throw away any existing extinguishers in the Work area. The Contractor will be held responsible for replacing any UGA owned fire extinguishers that are lost or damaged.